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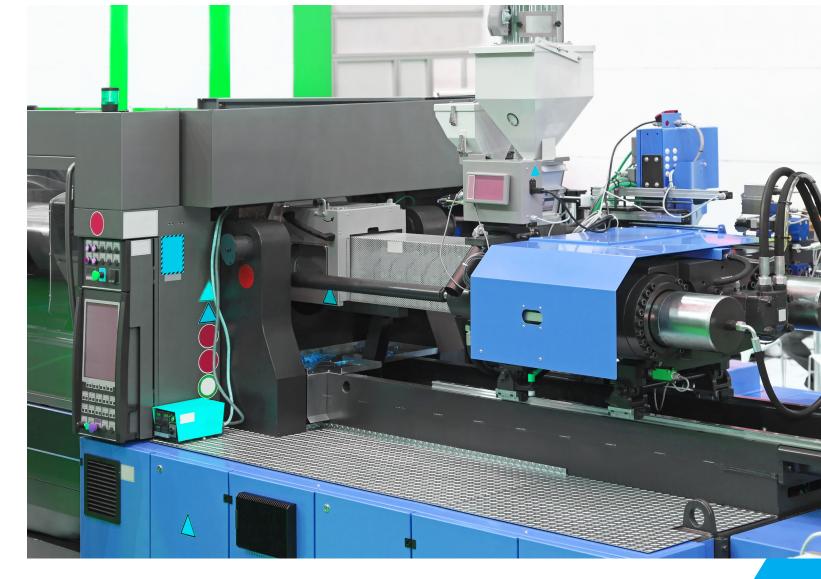
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DELTA_IA-MDS_VFD-VJ_UM_EN_20220301





VFD-VJ Series User Manual



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Preface

This manual is to be used for the installation, parameter setting, troubleshooting, and daily maintenance of the hybrid servo drive. To guarantee safe operation of the equipment, read the following safety guidelines before connecting power to the hybrid servo drive. Keep this operating manual at hand and distribute to all users for reference.

To ensure the safety of operators and equipment, only qualified personnel familiar with hybrid servo drive are to do installation, start-up and maintenance. Always read this manual thoroughly before using VFD-VJ series Hybrid Servo Drive, especially the WARNING, DANGER and CAUTION notes. Failure to comply may result in personal injury and equipment damage. If you have any questions, please contact your dealer.

Firmware version: V1.08

PLEASE READ PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR SAFETY.



- ☑ AC input power must be disconnected before any wiring to the hybrid servo drive is made.
- ☑ Even if the power has been turned off, a charge may remain in the DC-link capacitors with hazardous voltages before the POWER LED is OFF. Do not touch the internal circuit and components. For safe maintenance, use a multimeter to measure the voltage across the +1 and terminals. The measured value should be lower than 25V_{DC} for the system to operate normally.
- ☑ There are highly sensitive MOS components on the printed circuit boards. These components are especially sensitive to static electricity. Do not touch these components or the circuit boards before taking anti-static measures. Never reassemble internal components or wiring.
- ☑ Ground the hybrid servo drive using the ground terminal. The grounding method must comply with the laws of the region where the hybrid servo drive is to be installed.
- ☑ This series of products is used to control the permanent magnet synchronous motors. It cannot be used for single-phase motors or for other purposes.
- ☑ This series of products cannot be used on occasions that may endanger personal safety.
- ☑ Please prevent children or unauthorized personnel from approaching the hybrid servo drive.



- ☑ Never connect the output terminals U/T1, V/T2 and W/T3 of the hybrid servo drive directly to the AC mains circuit power supply.
- After finishing the wiring of the hybrid servo drive, check if U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 are short-circuited to ground with a multimeter. Do NOT power the drive if short circuits occur. Eliminate the short circuits before the drive is powered.
- ☑ DO NOT use Hi-pot test for internal components. The semi-conductor used in hybrid servo drive easily damage by high-voltage.
- ☑ Even if the permanent magnet synchronous motor stops, a charge may remain in the main circuit terminals of the hybrid servo drive with hazardous voltages.
- ☑ Only qualified persons are allowed to install, wire and maintain hybrid servo

- drives.
- When the hybrid servo drive uses an external terminal as its source of operation commands, the motor may start running immediately after the power is supplied. In this case, it may be dangerous to any on-site personnel.
- ☑ The oil tank adjusts the oil volume, and the oil volume must be enough for the hybrid servo drive to orun. It is absolutely prohibited to run the oil pump without oil.
- ☐ The oil temperature of the oil tank must be in control within the required range, and if necessary, install a cooler.
- ☑ Release completely the air inside the system before you add more pressure to the system.
- ☑ Do a no-load running of the oil pump under the jog mode to ensure sufficient lubrication of the oil pump.



- ☑ DO NOT install the hybrid servo drive in a place subjected to high temperature, direct sunlight, high humidity, excessive vibration, corrosive gases or liquids, or airborne dust or metallic particles.
- ☑ Only use hybrid servo drives within specification. Failure to comply may result in fire, explosion or electric shock.
- ☑ When the motor cable between hybrid servo drive and motor is too long, the layer insulation of the motor may be damaged. Please add an AC output reactor to prevent damage to the motor. Refer to Appendix A-4 Reactor for details.
- ☑ The rated voltage for hybrid servo drive must be \leq 240V (\leq 480V for 460V models) and the mains supply current capacity must be \leq 5000A RMS (\leq 10000A RMS for the \geq 40hp (30kW) models).
- ☑ Pay attention to the following when transporting and installing this package (including wooden crate, wood stave and carton box):
 - 1. If you need to sterilize, deworm the wooden crate or carton box, do not use steamed smoke sterilization or you will damage the product inside.
 - 2. Use other ways to sterilize or deworm.
 - 3. You may use high temperatures to sterilize or deworm. Leave the packaging materials in an environment of over 56°C for 30 minutes.
 - 4. It is strictly forbidden to use steamed smoking sterilization. The warranty does not cover the product damaged by steamed smoking sterilization

NOTE

- For a detailed explanation of the product specifications, the cover or the safety shields will be disassembled on some pictures or graphics. When the product is put to operation, please install the top cover and safety shield and ensure correct wiring. Refer to the manual to ensure safe operation.
- The figures in this manual are for reference only, they may be slightly different from your actual drive, but it will not affect your customer rights.
- The content of this manual may be revised without prior notice. Please consult our distributors or download the latest version at
 - https://downloadcenter.deltaww.com/en-US/downloadcenter

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Chapter 1 Description of Hybrid Servo Drives

- 1-1 Receiving and Inspection
- 1-2 Product Specifications
- 1-3 Overview of Hybrid Servo Systems
- 1-4 Product Installation
- 1-5 Product Dimensions

The hybrid servo drive should be kept in the shipping carton or crate before installation. To retain the warranty coverage, the hybrid servo drive should be stored properly if not used in a short time. Storage conditions are:



- ☑ Store in a well-ventilated, clean and dry location.
- ☑ Store in place with ambient temperature range of -20 °C to +60 °C.
- ☑ Store in place with a relative humidity range of 0% to 90% and non-condensing environment.
- ☑ Avoid storing the product in an environment containing corrosive gases and liquids.
- ☑ Place the product on an appropriate stand and DO NOT place it on the ground directly. Put exsiccator in the package if in a critical environment.
- ☑ Installing in location free from direct sunlight and vibration.
- ☑ DO NOT store in an area with rapid changes in temperature even though the humidity is within range. It may still cause condensation and frost.
- ☑ If the hybrid servo drive is unopened and stored for more than three months, the ambient temperature should not be above 30°C. Temperature above 30°C may affect the quality of electrolytic capacitors especially when they stored without power supply. It is always not recommended to store the product without supplying power for more than one year.
- ☑ If the hybrid servo drive was installed but not used for a certain period of time, especially in building sites or extremely humid and dusty places, it is always recommended to remove the hybrid servo drive to an environment that meets the above-mentioned requirements.

1-1 Receiving and Inspection

This VFD-VJ hybrid servo drive has gone through tough tests at the factory before shipping under quality control and strengthened the packaging method to secure it. Upon receiving the hybrid servo drive, please check the following items immediately:

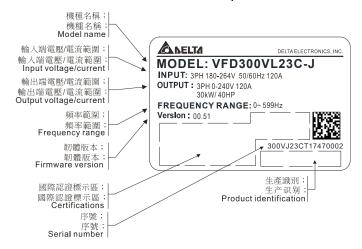
- ✓ Inspect the drive to assure it was not damaged during shipping.
- Make sure the model name on the nameplate corresponds to that of your registered information in the shipping carton.

If the registered information does not match your purchase order, or if there is any problem in the product, please contact the dealer or distributor.

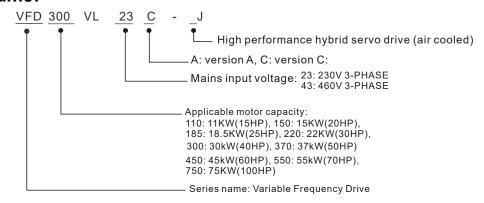
Air Cooled:

Nameplate:

Take the 30kW, 40HP, 230V_{AC} 3-Phase model as an example.

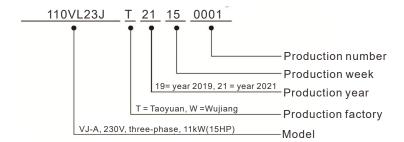


Model Name:

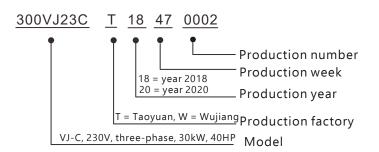


Serial Number:

VJ-A:



VJ-C:



1-2 Product Specifications

Air Cooled VFD-VJ-A 230V models

F	rame Size	С		D		
Model V	FD VL23A-J	110	150	185	220	
Р	ower (KW)	11	15	18.5	22	
Hors	se Power (HP)	15	20	25	30	
Rated 0	Output Current(A)	41.1	53	70	79	
Output	Continuous Output Current for 60 sec (A)	62	90	119	79	
Output	Continuous Output Current for 20 sec (A)	70	106	140	119	
	Rated Input Current(A)	47	56	73	90	
Power	Rated Input Voltage(V)	Three-Phase Power: 200~240V 50/60Hz				
supply	Mains Voltage Tolerance	±10% (180~264V)				
	Mains Frequency Tolerance	±5% (47~63Hz)				
V	Veight (kg)	10	13	13	13	

Air Cooled VFD-VJ-A 460V models

Frame Siz	е		D		E6		
Model VFI	DVL43J	300A	370A	450A	550A	750A	
Power (KV	V)	30	37	45	55	75	
Horse Pov	ver (HP)	40	50	60	75	100	
	Rated Output Current(A)	60	73	91	110	150	
Output	Continuous Output Current for 60 sec (A)	102	124	155	187	255	
Output	Continuous Output Current for 20 sec (A)	120	146	182	220	300	
	Carrier Frequency (Hz)	4k ~ 10k adjustable					
	Rated Input Current(A)	60	73	91	110	150	
Power	Rated Input Voltage(V)	Three-Phase Power: 380~480V · 50/60Hz					
supply	Mains Voltage Tolerance	±10% (342~528V)					
	Mains Frequency Tolerance	±5% (47~63Hz)					
V	Veight (kg)	12	12	39	39	39	
В	raking Unit	Built-in	Built-in	Built-in	Built-in	Built-in	

General Specifications: VJ-A

	Specifications:	
	ntrol Method	SVPWM
	eed Detector	Resolver
	Command Input	DC 0~10V, support 3-point calibration of analog input
Pressure Command Input		DC 0~10V, support 3-point calibration of analog input
Pressur	e Feedback Input	Support voltage type: DC 0 ~ 10V and current type: 4 ~ 20mA
	<u> </u>	(For detailed instruction and settings, see Pr03-12 for more information)
	nction Input Signal	6 ch DC24V
	ction Output Signal	2 ch DC48V 50mA(max), 1 ch Relay output
	g Output Voltage	1ch DC 0 ~ 10V and -10 ~ 10V, max. load: 2mA
	munication Port	RJ45 x2, USB x1
Commu	ınication Protocol	CANopen and Modbus (can be used at the same time)
	Speed Feedback PG Card	Built-In
Se	Multiple Drives Convergent Flow Card	Built-In
orié	Brake Resistor	Required
Accessories	Pressure Sensor	Required (Compatible with pressure sensor with output signal 0~10V or 4~ 20mA. Use Pr03-10 for maximum output voltage of pressure feedback, Pr03-11 for minimum output voltage of pressure feedback, Pr03-12 for output signal settings and Pr00-08 for maximum pressure setting.)Required (Compatible with pressure sensor with output signal 0~10V or 4~ 20mA. Use Pr03-10 for maximum output voltage of pressure feedback, Pr03-11 for minimum output voltage of pressure feedback, Pr03-12 for output signal settings and Pr00-08 for maximum pressure setting.)
ŀ	EMI filter	Optional (See appendix A-7 in the user manual.)
	Motor Protection	Real-time temperature monitoring and protection, electronic thermal relay protection
uo	Over-Current Protection	Output over-current protection
unct	Ground Leakage Current Protection	80% higher than drive's rated current
Ē	Voltage Protection	Over-voltage level: V _{DC} > 415/830V; Low-voltage Level: V _{DC} < 180/360V
Protection Function	Mains Input Over-voltage Protection	Varistor (MOV)
	Over- temperature Protection	Monitoring the temperature of Capacitor, IGBT, Braking Chopper and Motor.
	Protection Level	NEMA 1/IP20
	Operation Temperature	-10°C ~ 45°C (14°F ~ 113°F) (When the ambient temperature is around 45~60°C, you need to decrease the rated current by 3%.)
+	Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 60°C (-4°F ~ 140°F)
ien	Humidity	Below 90% RH (non-condensing)
L L	Vibration	Below 20Hz: 1.0G; between 20 and 60Hz: 0.6G
iro	Cooling Method	Fan Cooling
Environment		When the installation is between 0~1000m, do NOT expose the hybrid servo drive to poor
	Installation Altitude	environmental conditions, such as dust, direct sunlight, corrosive / inflammable gasses, humidity,
		liquid and vibration environment. The salt in the air must be less than 0.01mg/cm ² every year.
Certifications		((

Air Cooled VFD-VJ-C 230 models

	Frame Size		E4			
Мо	lel VFDVL23J 300 C		370 C			
	Power (KW)	30	37			
	Horse Power (HP)	40	50			
	Rated Output Current(A)	120	146			
	Continuous Output Current for 60 sec (A)	204	248			
Output	Continuous Output Current for 20 sec (A)	240	292			
	Carrier Frequency (Hz)	4k ~ 1	4k ~ 10k adjustable			
	Rated Input Current(A)	120	146			
Power	Rated Input Voltage(V)	Three-Phase Power:	200V~240V, 50Hz/ 60Hz			
Supply	Mains Voltage Tolerance	-15% ~ +10)% (170V~264V)			
	Mains Frequency Tolerance	±5%	(47~63Hz)			
	Weight (kg)		44			
	Brake Units	E	Built-In			

Air Cooled VFD-VJ-C 460V models

	Frame	Size	70 7 11100	. C				D		E4	
Model VFD- VL43 -J		110 C	150 C	185 C	220 C	300 C	370 C	450 C	550 C	750 C	
Wiode	Power (11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75
H	lorse Pow		15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100
	Rate	d Output rent((A)	21	27	34	41	60	73	91	110	150
Output	Current f	ous Output or 60 sec (A)	36	46	58	70	102	124	155	187	255
Output	Continu	ous Output or 20 sec (A)	42	54	68	82	120	146	182	220	300
		Frequency (Hz)	4k ~ 10k adjustable								
		ed Input rent(A)	24	30	37	47	60	73	91	110	150
Power		ed Input tage(V)	Three-Phase Power: 380V ~ 480V, 50Hz / 60Hz								
Supply		s Voltage erance	-15% ~ +10% (323V ~ 528V)								
		Frequency erance	±5% (47~63Hz)								
	Weight (kg)			9				13	36	46	6
	Brake Units						Built-l	n			

^{*}When the carrier frequency is 4~ 5kHz, the rated current reaches 100%. However, as the carrier frequency increases, the rated current decreases. Therefore, the overload capacity decreases. Refer to parameter Pr01-33 for more information.

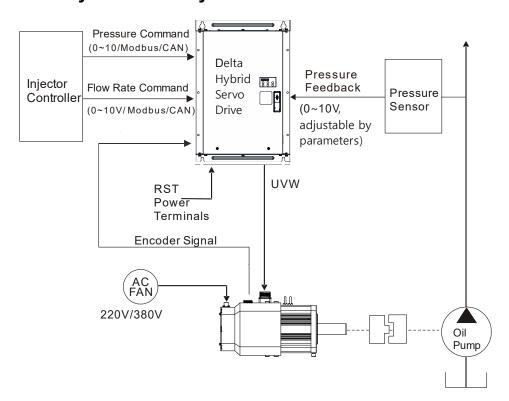
^{**}To continuously improve our products, we reserve the rights to change features and specifications without further notice.

General Specifications: VJ-C

	Specifications:	
	ontrol Method	SVPWM
	peed Detector	Resolver
	d Command Input	DC 0~10V, support 3-point calibration of analog input
Pressu	ire Command Input	DC 0~10V, support 3-point calibration of analog input
Pressu	ıre Feedback Input	Support voltage type: DC 0 ~ 10V and current type: 4 ~ 20mA
	<u> </u>	(For detailed instruction and settings, see Pr03-12 for more information)
	unction Input Signal	6 ch DC24V
	nction Output Signal	2 ch DC48V 50mA(max), 1 ch Relay output
	og Output Voltage	2 channels: 1ch DC 0 ~ 10V and 1ch DC -10 ~ 10V, max. load: 2mA
	nmunication Port	RJ45 x2, USB x1
Comm	nunication Protocol	CANopen and Modbus (can be used at the same time)
	Speed Feedback PG Card	Built-In
S	Multiple Drives	
Accessories	Convergent Flow Card	Built-In
ess	Brake Resistor	Required
Acc	Pressure Sensor	Required (Compatible with pressure sensor with output signal 0~10V or 4~ 20mA. Use Pr03-10 for maximum output voltage of pressure feedback, Pr03-11 for minimum output voltage of pressure feedback, Pr03-12 for output signal settings and Pr00-08 for maximum pressure setting.)
	EMI filter	Optional (See appendix A-7 in the user manual.)
	Motor Protection	Real-time temperature monitoring and protection, electronic thermal relay protection (supports
ū		KTY84-130/PTC/temperature protection switch)
Protection Function	Over-Current Protection	Output over-current protection and brake over-current protection
on Fu	Ground Leakage Current Protection	80% higher than drive's rated current
čţi	Voltage Protection	Over-voltage level: V _{DC} > 415/830V; Low-voltage Level: V _{DC} < 180/360V
Prote	Input Surge Protection	Varistor (MOV)
	Over- temperature Protection	Monitoring the temperature of Capacitor, IGBT, Braking Chopper and Motor.
	Brake Resistor Protection	Open circuited, low resistor value
	Protection Level	NEMA 1/IP20
	Operation Temperature	-10°C ~ 45°C (14°F ~ 113°F) (When the ambient temperature is around 45~60°C, you need to decrease the rated current by 3%.)
	Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 60°C (-4°F ~ 140°F)
ent	Humidity	Below 90% RH (non-condensing)
Щ	Vibration	Below 20Hz: 1.0G; between 20 and 60Hz: 0.6G
ror	Cooling Method	Model names end with J: Fan Cooling
Environment	5	When the installation is between 0~1000m, do NOT expose the hybrid servo drive to bad
	Installation Altitude	environmental conditions, such as dust, direct sunlight, corrosive/inflammable gasses, humidity,
	ocalidation in the detailed	liquid and vibration environment. The salt in the air must be less than 0.01mg/cm² every year.
(Certifications	CE
•		

^{*}We have applied for UL certification for 230V models and we plan to have 460V models certified for UL by Q4 2020.

1-3 Overview of Hybrid Servo Systems



1-3-1 Selection of Hybrid Servo Drives and Motors

Due to the differences in the hydraulic system in practical applications, the following choice of drives and motors is provided as a reference.

In the following example, a flow of 64L/min and maximum holding pressure of 175Bar are used.

1. Pump Displacement per Revolution

Based on the maximum flow of the system (L/min), the pump displacement per revolution (cc/rev) can be calculated.

Example: If the maximum flow of the system is 64L/min and the highest rotation speed of the motor is 2000rpm, the displacement per revolution would be 64/2000*1000 = 32 cc/rev.

2. Maximum Torque of the Motor

Based on the maximum pressure (Mpa) and pump displacement per revolution (cc/rev), the maximum torque can be calculated.

Example: If the required maximum pressure is 17.5 Mpa and pump displacement per revolution is 125cc/rev, the maximum torque would be 17.5 x 125 x 1.3/ (2*pi) = 452 N-m, where the factor 1.3 is used to compensate the total loss in the system.

3. Rated Torque and Rated Power of the Motor

When the packing is under maximum pressure, the required torque cannot exceed 1.5 times of the motor's rated torque (depending on the data provided by the motor's manufacturer) at most or the motor would be overheated.

Example: Take the factor 1.5 as an example. The rated torque is 452 / 1.5 = 310 N-m. Choose a motor with $55kW^*$ power and 1500 RPM rated speed.

*The power of the motor is calculated by using $P(W) = T(N-m) \times \omega(rpm \times 2\pi/60)$

4. Maximum Current of the Motor

Example: Check the parameter kt (Torque/A) in the motor's specifications fist. If kt = 3.37, the maximum current is approximately 116/3.37 = 34A at the maximum torque of 116 N-m.

5. Selection of Matched Hybrid Servo Drive

Example: Look up the heavy-duty capability for each hybrid servo drive in the product specifications.

If the holding pressure is under the maximum pressure of 17.5 Mpa by using with a pump of 32cc/rev, the required motor current would be approximately 188A.



If there is no suitable motor that meets the specifications, a motor with a higher rated powe
can be used instead.
☐ For any information about the hybrid servo drives or any assistance in detailed configuration
of your company's products, please contact the manufacturer.
Before running the hybrid servo drive, verify if there's enough cooling oil in the oil circulation You need to preheat the cooling medium such as cooling oil to prevent any condensation caused by temperature differences.
Make sure that the cooling medium stay liquidized to keep the heat dissipating system stays functional. So do follow the oil temperature limitation (10 \sim 50 °C), (50 °F \sim 122 °F) to prevent overheating on cooling oil.
Heat dissipating system: The maximum working pressure cannot go over 1.5 bar at the oi inlet. Do not exchange the positions of oil inlet and oil outlet. Verify the specification of connector's pope thread (1/2" PT) to prevent damaging the pipe thread. Wrap pipe threads with teflon tape (thread seal tape).
Use wall-mounting method and follow the space requirements during the installation
of the hybrid servo system

1-3-2 Selection of Pump for Hybrid Servo Motor

Select a pump with a suitable displacement based on the required flow rate and motor speed;

- If low noise is required, you can choose the screw pump or internal gear type. If a high volumetric efficiency is required, you can choose the piston pump or dual displacement piston pump.
- Comparison of Commonly Used Pump (This may vary for different pump manufacturers).

Type of Oil	Volumetric	Flow Dulgation	Rotation Speed	Noise	
Pump	Efficiency	Flow Pulsation	Rotation Speed	Noise	
Internal Gear	Low	Medium	Medium	Low	
Pump	LOW	Medium	Medium	LOW	
Piston Pump	High	Low	Low	High	
Screw Pump	Medium	High	High	Medium	

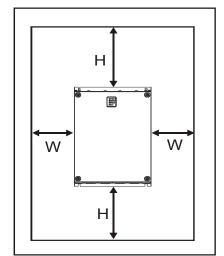
1-4 Product Installation

Please install the hybrid servo drive under the following environmental conditions to ensure safe use:

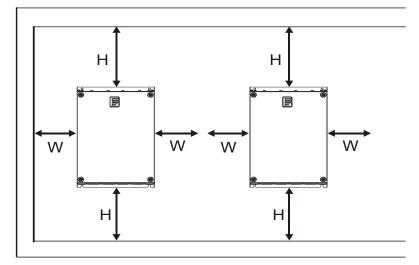
Environmental	Ambient temperature	-10°C~ 45°C (14°F~ 113°F)	
Condition for Relative Humidity		<90% (non-condensing)	
Operation	Pressure	86 ~ 106 kPa	
	Installation Altitude	<1000m	
	Vibration	<20Hz: 9.80 m/s² (1G) max; 20~50H:5.88 m/s²	
		(0.6G) max	
Environmental	Ambient temperature	-20°C~ 60°C (-4°F ~ 140°F)	
Condition for Storage	Relative Humidity	<90% (non-condensing)	
and Transportation	Pressure	86 ~ 106 kPa	
	Vibration	<20Hz: 9.80 m/s² (1G) max; 20 ~ 50Hz: 5.88 m/s²	
		(0.6G) max	
Contamination	Level 2: Applicable to factory environment with low-to-medium contaminati		
Protection Level			

Space for Installation

Single Drive Installation:



Multiple Drives: Side by Side Horizontal Installation

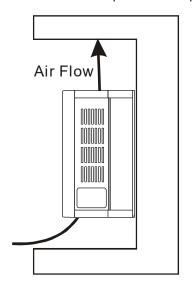


НР	W mm (inch)	H mm (inch)
7.5-20HP	75 (3)	175 (7)
25-75HP	75 (3)	200 (8)
100HP	75 (3)	250 (10)

- 1) Mount the hybrid servo drive vertically on a solid surface object by screws. Other directions are not allowed.
- 2) Because the hybrid servo drive generates heat during operation, there should be enough space for cooling airflow as shown in the figure above. Leave enough room for heat dissipation when installing. Do not install the drive beneath equipment that is not heat-resistant because the generated heat move upwards. If the drive can only be installed in a cabinet, its ambient temperature should be within regulated values. Installing the drive in a confined and insufficient cooling space would make it malfunctioned.
- 3) The temperature of heat sink in the drive varies with environmental temperature and its load capacity during its operation, reaching nearly the highest temperature of 90°C. Therefore, the material of the drive's backside should be able to bear such a high temperature.
- 4) If more than one drive are installed in one cabinet, it is recommended to install them horizontally and side by side to reduce heat generated from each other. If they can only be installed up and down, spacer plates should be put between them to decrease heat generated from lower side to upper side.
- 5) For information about air conditioning layout, please refer to the heat dissipation of hybrid servo drive (W) table below.



Prevent substances like fiber particles, scraps of paper, sawdust, metal particles, and so on from entering the hybrid servo drive. The hybrid servo drive should be installed in the cabinet made from non-combustible material such as metal to prevent from fire accident.



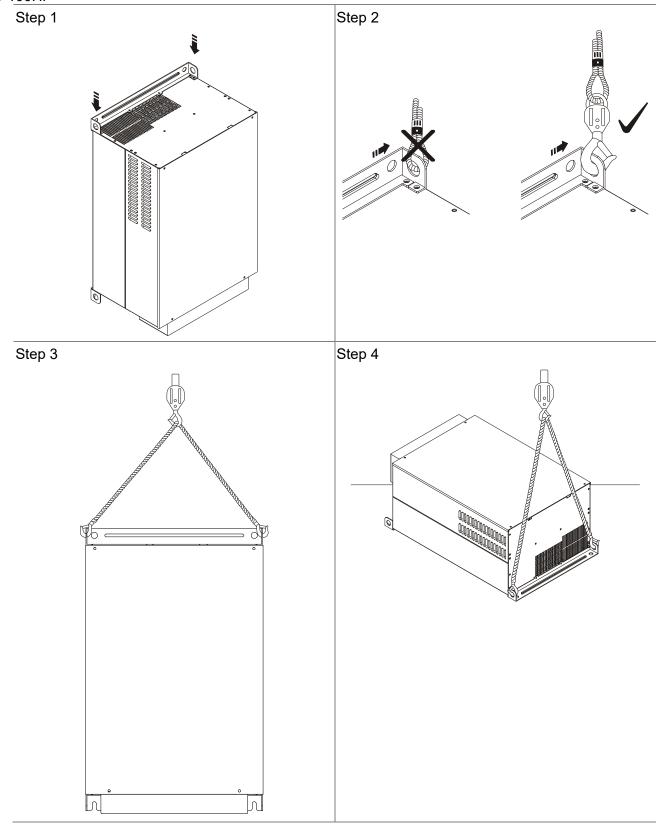
	Model	Heat Dissipation Rate (W)	Air Flow Dissipation Rate (CFM)
	VFD110VL43C-J	383.6	50
	VFD150VL43C-J	404.1	50
	VFD185VL43C-J	500.5	50
	VFD220VL43C-J	580.9	50
	VFD300VL43A-J	1037.8	133
460V Air	VFD300VL43C-J		
Cooled	VFD370VL43A-J	1078.7	133
	VFD370VL43C-J		
	VFD450VL43A-J,	1370.1	209
	VFD450VL43C-J		
	VFD550VL43A-J,	1536.5	209
	VFD550VL43C-J		

- ☑ The table above shows the required heat dissipation when installing a single drive in a confined space.
- ☑ When installing multiple drives, the required heat dissipation needs to be multiplied by the number of drives.
- ☑ The values of heat dissipation are calculated by rated voltage, rated current and default carrier wave.

Lifting

Carry only the fully assembled hybrid servo drives as shown in the following diagrams. Lift the hybrid servo drive by hooking the lift holes when driving a forklift or using a crane.

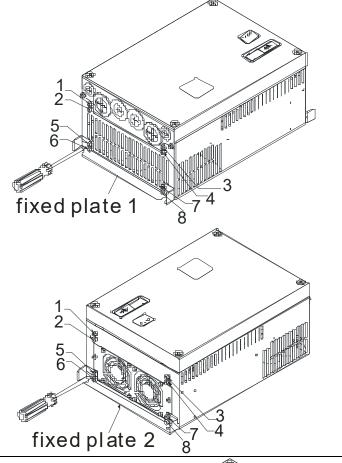
40-100HP



Flange Mounting

Step 1:

Please take out the 16 screws (8 screws for each top and bottom side of the drive) and remove the fixed plate 1 and fixed plate 2 as shown in the following figures.

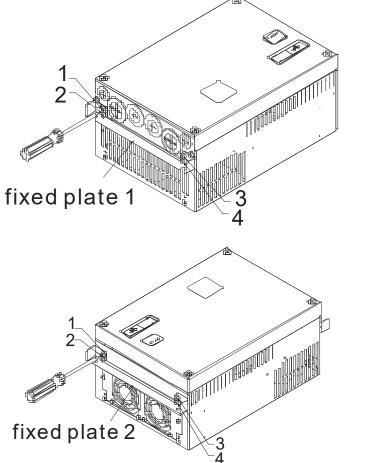


Step 2:

Place the 8 screws back in to secure the fixed plate 1 and fixed plate 2 (as shown in the following figures) with the following torque.

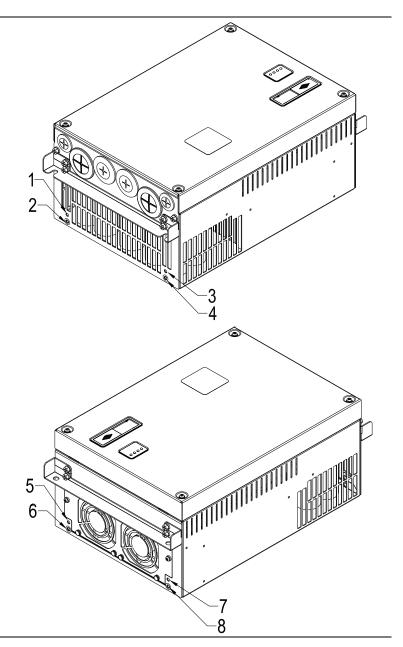
Frame C: 14-17kg-cm [12.2-14.8 lb-in]

Frame D: 20-25kg-cm [17.4-21.lb-in]



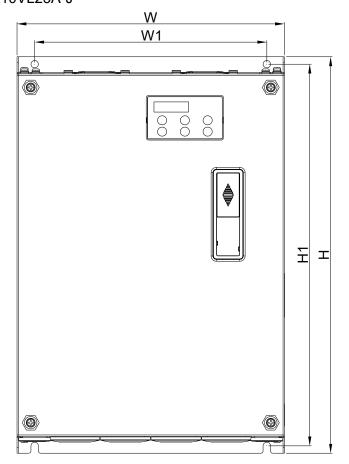
Step 3:

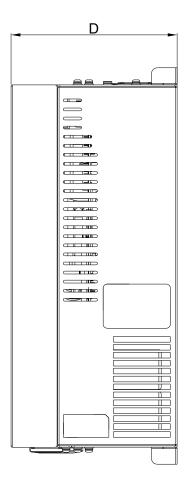
Note that it is not necessary to put back those 8 screws shown in the following figures to the drive. Moreover, make sure that these 2 different fixed plates are put in the correct side as shown in the figures.

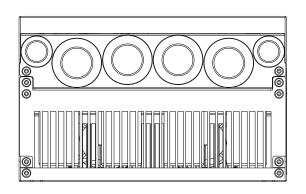


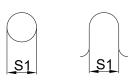
1-5 Product Dimensions

Frame C of VJ-A: VFD110VL23A-J



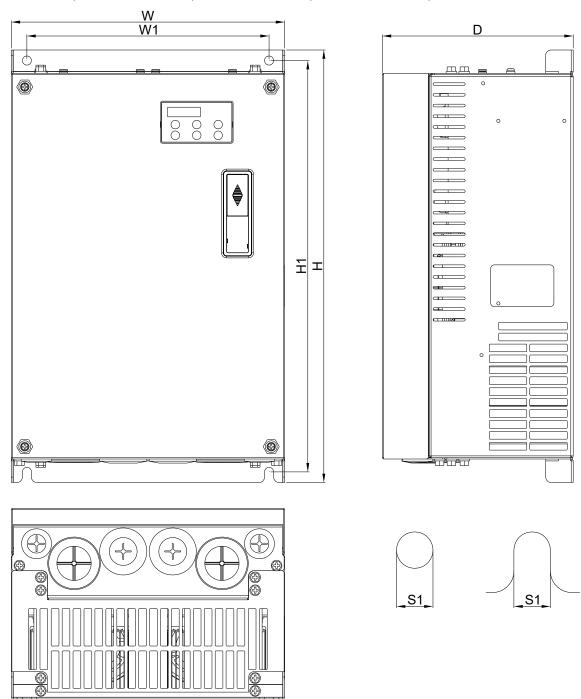






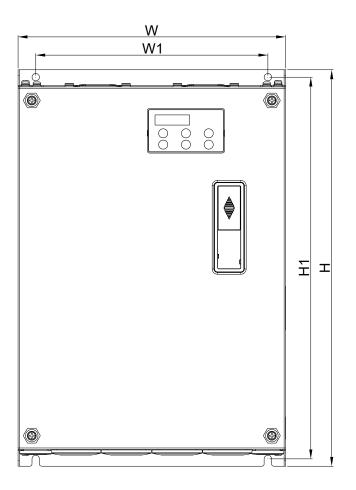
										Unit: m	ım [inch]
Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	H2	Н3	D	Ø	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3
_	235	204	350	337	320		146	6.5		34	22
	[9.25]	[8.03]	[13.78]	[13.27]	[12.60]	_	[5.75]	[0.26]	-	[1.34]	[0.87]

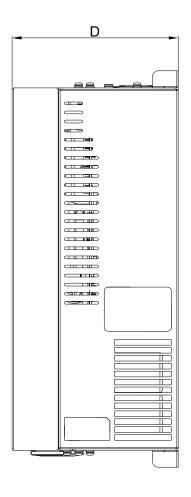
Frame D of VJ-A: VFD150VL23A-J, VFD185VL23A-J, VFD220VL23A-J, VFD300VL43A-J, VFD370VL43A-J

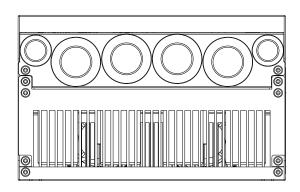


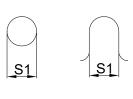
		Unit: mm [inch]				
Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	D	S1
D	255.0	226.0	403.8	384.0	178.0	8.5
_ U	[10.04]	[8.90]	[15.90]	[15.12]	[7.01]	[0.33]

Frame C of VJ-C: VFD110VL43C-J, VFD150VL43C-J, VFD185VL43C-J, VFD220VL43C-J



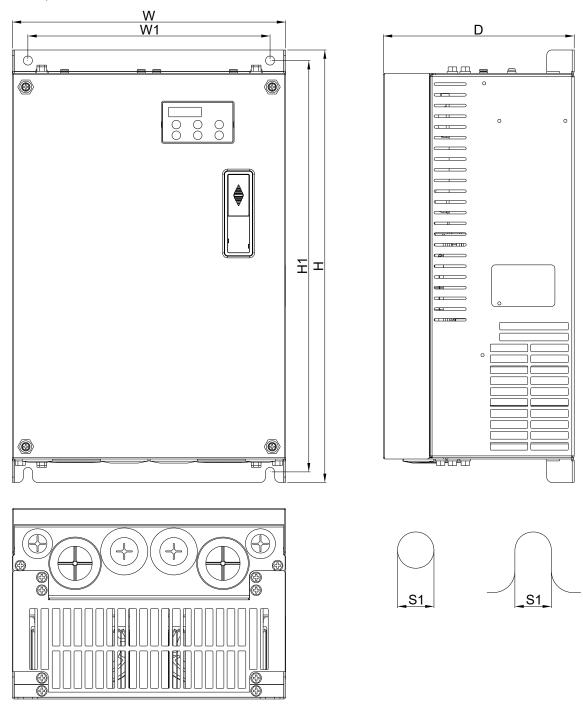






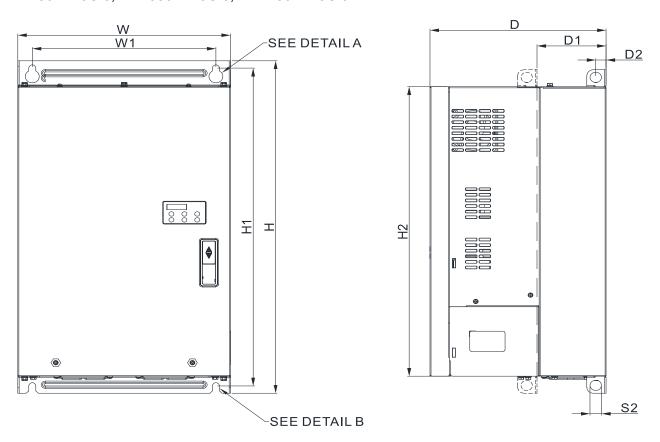
					Unit: m	m [inch]
Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	D	S1
С	235	204	350	337	146	6.5
	[9.25]	[8.03]	[13.78]	[13.27]	[5.75]	[0.26]

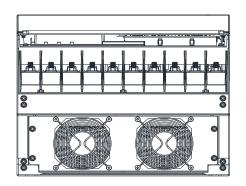
Frame D of VJ-C: VFD300VL43C-J, VFD370VL43C-J

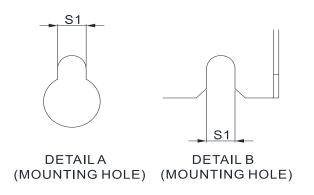


						Unit: m	m [inch]
F	rame	W	W1	Н	H1	D	S1
Γ	D	255.0	226.0	403.8	384.0	178.0	8.5
	ן ט	[10.04]	[8.90]	[15.90]	[15.12]	[7.01]	[0.33]

Frame E4 of VJ-C: VFD300VL23C-J, VFD370VL23C-J, VFD450VL43C-J, VFD550VL43C-J, VFD750VL43C-J

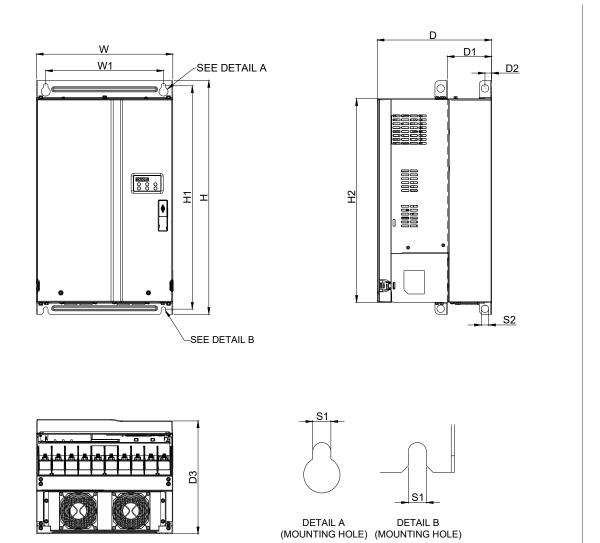






								Unit	: mm [i	ncnj
Frame		W1	Н	H1	H2					
E4	330.0	285.0	565.0	540.0	492.0	273.4	107.2	16.0	11.0	18.0
E4	[12.99]	[11.22]	[22.24]	540.0 [20.67]	[19.37]	[10.76]	[4.22]	[0.63]	[0.43]	[0.71]

Frame E6 of VJ-A: VFD450VL43A-J, VFD750VL43A-J



Unit: mm											t: mm	[inch]
	Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	H2	D	D1*	D2	D3	S1	S2
	E6	330.0	285.0	565.0	540.0	492.0	276.7	107.2	16.0	272.7	11.0	18.0
	E6	[12.99]	[11.22]	[22.24]	[20.67]	[19.37]	[10.89]	[4.22]	[0.63]	[10.74]	[0.43]	[0.71]

^{*}D1: This dimension is for flange mounting application reference.

Chapter 2 Wiring

- 1-1 Description of Wiring
- 1-2 Description of Terminals on Main Circuit
- 1-3 Description of Terminals on Control Circuit

After removing the front cover, check if the power and control terminals are clear. Be sure to observe the following precautions when wiring.

- ☑ Make sure that power is only applied to the R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3 terminals. Failure to comply may result in damage to the equipments. The voltage and current should lie within the range as indicated on the nameplate
- ☑ All the units must be grounded directly to a common ground terminal to prevent lightning strike or electric shock.
- ☑ Please make sure to fasten the screw of the main circuit terminals to prevent sparks which is made by the loose screws due to vibration



- ☑ It is crucial to turn off the hybrid servo drive power before any wiring installation are made. A charge may remain in the DC bus capacitors with hazardous voltages even if the power has been turned off therefore it is suggested for users to measure the remaining voltage before wiring. For your personnel safety, please do not perform any wiring before the voltage drops to a safe level < 25 V_{DC}. Wiring installation with remanding voltage condition may cause sparks and short circuit.
- ☑ Only qualified personnel familiar with hybrid servo drives is allowed to perform installation, wiring and commissioning. Make sure the power is turned off before wiring to prevent electric shock.

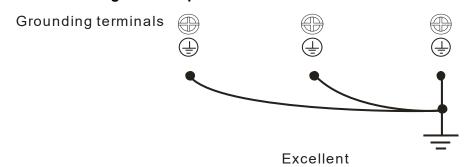


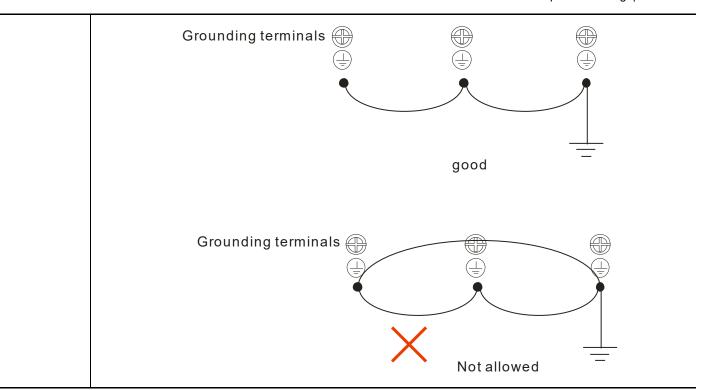
- Make sure that power is only applied to the R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3 terminals. Failure to comply may result in damage to the equipment. The voltage and current should lie within the range as indicated on the nameplate.
- ☑ Check following items after finishing the wiring:
 - 1. Are all connections correct?
 - 2. No loose wires?
 - 3. No short-circuits between terminals or to ground?
- The wiring of main circuit and control circuit should be separated to prevent erroneous actions.
- ☑ Please use shield wire for the control wiring and not to expose the peeled-off net in front.

of the terminal.

- ☑ Please use the shield wire or tube for the power wiring and ground the two ends of the shield wire or tube.
- ☑ Damaged insulation of wiring may cause personal injury or damage to circuits/equipment if it comes in contact with high voltage.
- ☑ The AC motor drive, motor and wiring may cause interference. To prevent the
 equipment damage, please take care of the erroneous actions of the surrounding
 sensors and the equipment.
- ☑ When the hybrid servo drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 are connected to the motor terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3, respectively. To permanently reverse the direction of motor rotation, switch over any of the two motor leads.
- ☑ With long motor cables, high capacitive switching current peaks can cause over-current, high leakage current or lower current readout accuracy. For longer motor cables, use an AC output reactor.
- ☑ VFD-VJ series doesn't have built-in brake resistors, but brake resistor can be installed for those occasions that use higher load inertia or frequent start/stop. Refer to Appendix A-1 for details.
- Make sure that the leads are connected correctly and the hybrid servo drive is properly grounded to reduce noise and for safety.
- ☑ To prevent lighting stroke and electric shock, use ground leads that comply with local regulations. Keep them as short and thick as possible and have them properly connected to the ground terminal on the hybrid servo drive.
- Connect the peripheral braid sleeve of the pressure sensor to the grounding terminal PE.
- Multiple VFD-VJ units can be installed in one location. All the units should be grounded directly to a common ground terminal, as shown in the figure below.

Ensure there are no ground loops.



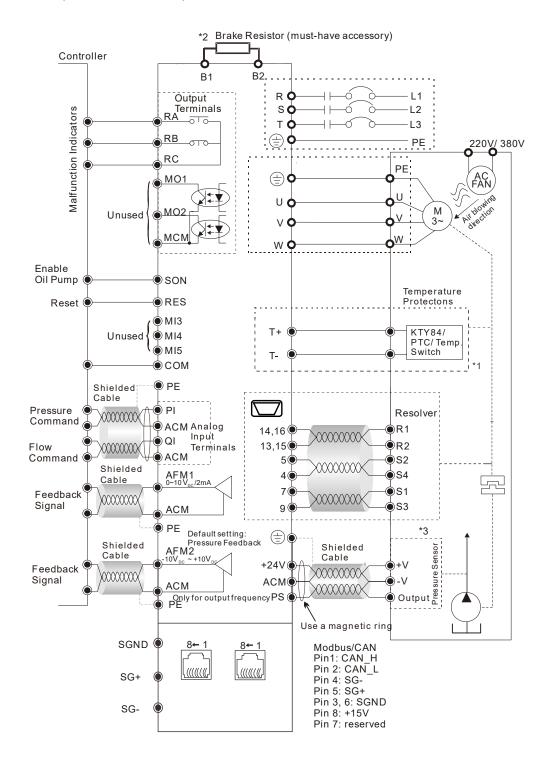


2-1 Description of Wiring

Users must connect wires according to the circuit diagrams on the following pages. Standard wiring diagram of the VFD-VJ hybrid servo drive in factory

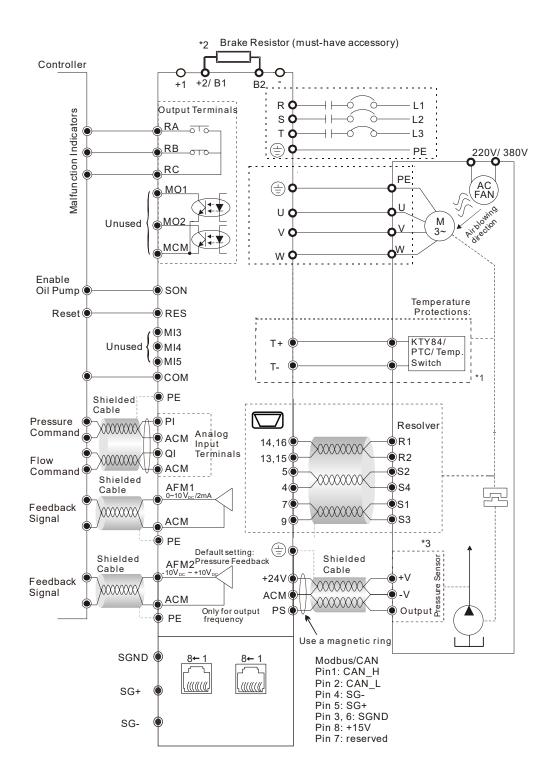
Wiring Diagram and Corresponding Models:

VFD450VL43A-J, VFD550VL43A-J, VFD750VL43A-J, VFD300VL23C-J, VFD370VL23C-J, VFD450VL43C-J, VFD550VL43C-J, VFD750VL43C-J



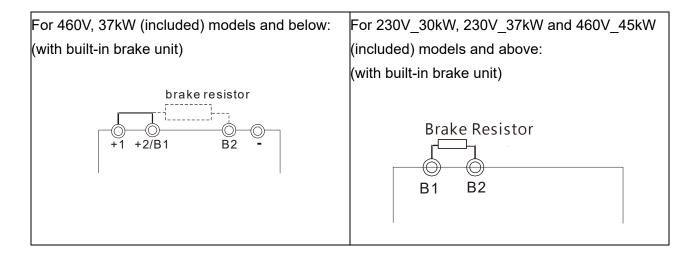
Wiring Diagram and Corresponding Models:

VFD110VL23A-J, VFD150VL23A-J, VFD185VL23A-J, VFD220VL23A-J, VFD-300VL43A-J, VFD370VL43A-J, VFD110VL43C-J, VFD150VL43C-J, VFD185VL43C-J, VFD220VL43C-J, VFD370VL43C-J



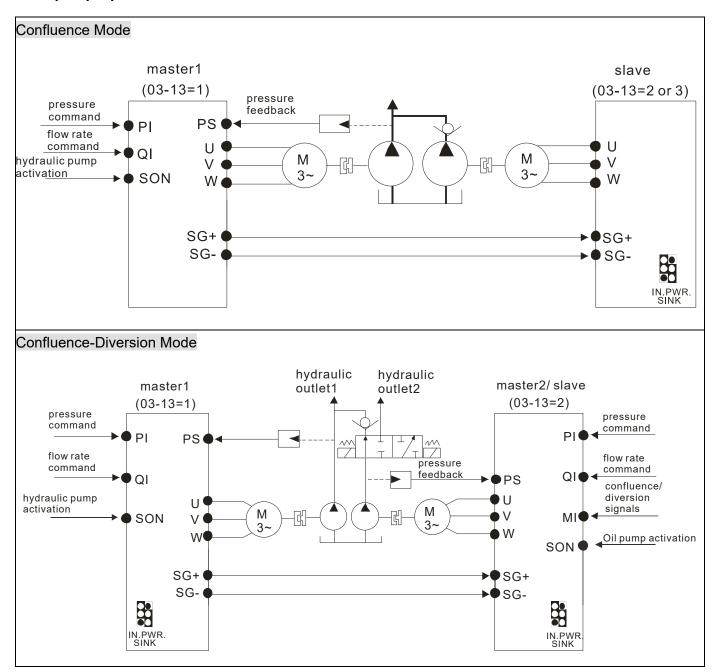
*1 Verify the polarity before using KTY84

*2



*3 The peripheral braid sleeve of the pressure sensors needs to shield completely the internal signal wires. Make the signal wires which are not shielded by the braid sleeve as short as possible. Also bring signal wires as close to the control terminals as possible. Connect the peripheral braid sleeve to PE grounding terminal. If the impulse noise or any other noise is too strong, connect the signal wire to the ACM terminal to eliminate noise.

Multi-pump Operation Mode

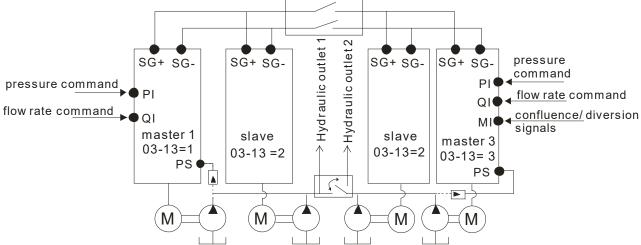


NOTE:

- 1) If you need to release the pressure by running reversely at the slave pump, you don't need to install a one-way valve at slave pump's oil outlet.
- 2) At the confluence, the slave runs under speed mode. The operation command and the speed command of the slave are sent from the master through RS485.
- 3) At the diversion, both hybrid servo drives run under pressure mode. The operation command, the pressure command and the flow command are all sent from the master.

When the signals are confluent, the communication will be a short circuit.

When the signals are diversional, the communication becomes an open circuit.



2-1-1 Grounding Short-Circuit Plate Description (RFI Switch)

RFI switch

The drive contains Varistors / MOVs that are connected from phase to phase and from phase to ground to protect the drive against mains surges or voltage spikes.

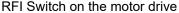
Because the Varistors/MOVs from phase to ground are connected to ground with the RFI switch, removing the RFI jumper disables the protection.

The RFI switch also connects the filter capacitors to ground from a return path for high frequency noise to isolate the noise from contaminating the mains power. Removing the RFI switch strongly reduces this protection.

Isolating main power from ground

When the power distribution system of the drive is a floating ground system (IT Systems) or a TT system (Terre-Terre en français, or earth-earth in English), you must remove the RFI switch. Removing the RFI switch disconnects the internal capacitors from ground to avoid damaging the internal circuits and to reduce the ground leakage current (in accordance with IEC61800-3 regulation). The RFI switch is shown in the images below.







Removable RFI Switch

NOTE:

- Do NOT remove the RFI switch while the power is on.
- Before you remove the RFI switch, make sure that the main power has been cut off.
- Removing the RFI switch will cut off the capacitor's electrical conductivity. Once the surge voltage is higher than 1,000V, there may be a gap discharge. Efficient galvanic isolation is no longer guaranteed if removing the RFI switch. Then all the input and output terminals are low voltage terminals which have basic isolation. Removing the RFI switch also reduces the compliance with the EMC specification.
- Do not remove the RFI switch while conducting high voltage tests. When conducting a high voltage test to the entire facility, you must disconnect the mains power and the motor if the leakage current is too high
- Do not switch off the RFI switch when the main power is a grounded power system. To prevent motor drive damage, the RFI switch shall be removed if the motor drive is installed on an ungrounded power system, a high resistance-grounded (over 30 ohms) power system, or a corner grounded TN system.

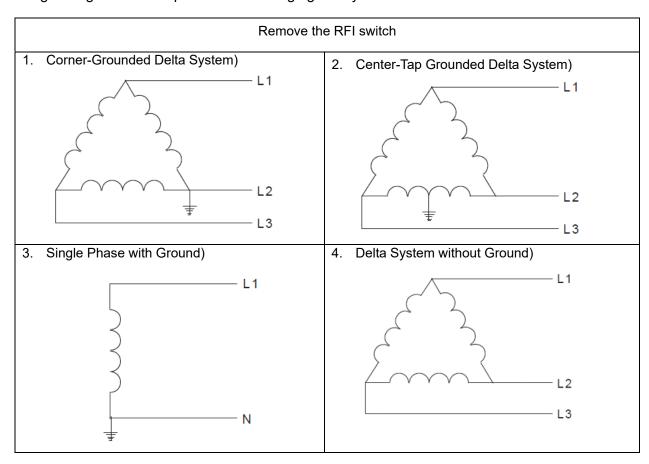
Floating Ground System (IT Systems)

A floating ground system is also called IT system, ungrounded system, or high impedance/resistance (greater than 30Ω) grounding system.

- Disconnect the ground cable from the internal EMC filter.
- In situations where EMC is required, check whether there is excess electromagnetic radiation affecting nearby low-voltage circuits. In some situations, the adapter and cable naturally provide enough suppression. If in doubt, install an extra electrostatic shielded cable on the power supply side between the main circuit and the control terminals to increase security.

Asymmetric Ground System (Corner Grounded TN Systems)

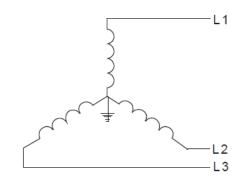
Caution: Do not remove the RFI switch while the input terminal of the hybrid servo drive carries power. In the following four situations, the RFI switch must be removed. This is to prevent the system from grounding through the RFI capacitor and damaging the hybrid servo drive



Keep the RFI switch

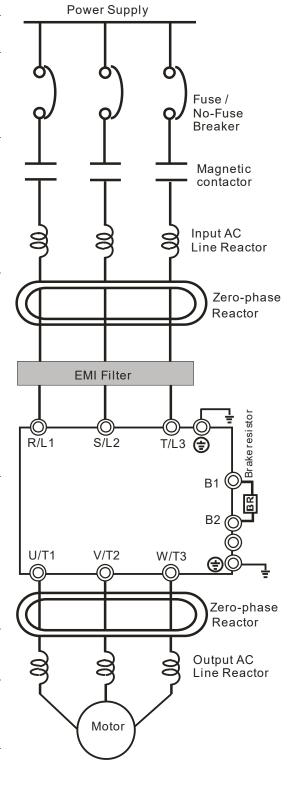
Internal grounding through RFI capacitor, which reduces electromagnetic radiation. In a situation with higher requirements for electromagnetic compatibility, and using a symmetrical grounding power system, an EMC filter can be installed. As a reference, the diagram on the right is a symmetrical grounding power system.

Y connection (Star Connection) with stable neutral grounding point.



2-2 Description of Terminals on Main Circuit

Items	Explanations
	Please follow the specific power supply
Power supply	requirements shown in Chapter 01.
Fuse/NFB	There may be an inrush current during power up. Please check the chart of Appendix A-2 and select the correct fuse with rated current. Use of a NFB is optional.
Magnetic contactor	Please do not use a Magnetic contactor as the I/O switch of the AC motor drive, as it will reduce the operating life cycle of the AC drive. If you still need to run / stop AC drives by switching ON/ OFF the magnetic contactor, you can do so only ONCE per hour.
Input AC Line Reactor	Used to improve the input power factor, to reduce harmonics and provide protection from AC line disturbances (surges, switching spikes, short interruptions, etc.). AC line reactor should be installed when the power supply capacity is 500kVA or more and exceeds 6 times the inverter capacity, or the mains wiring distance ≤ 10m. We suggest to install the input reactor close to the hybrid motor drive. See Appendix A for more details.
Zero-phase Reactor (Ferrite Core Common Choke)	Zero phase reactors are used to reduce radio noise especially when audio equipment is installed near the inverter. Effective for noise reduction on both the input and output sides. Attenuation quality is good for a wide range from AM band to 10MHz. Appendix A specifies the zero phase reactor. (RF220X00A)
EMI filter	To reduce electromagnetic interference, please refer to Appendix A for more details.
Brake Resistor	Used to reduce the deceleration time of the motor. Please refer to the chart in Appendix A for specific Brake Resistors.
Output AC Line Reactor	Motor surge voltage amplitude depends on motor cable length. For applications with long motor cable (>20m), it is necessary to install a reactor at the inverter output side.



Motor

Terminal Identification	Description
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	AC line input terminals 3-phase
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Output terminals of the hybrid servo drive that are connected to the motor
	Terminals to connect to DC reactor to improve the power factor. Remove the
+1, +2/B1	RFI switch before connecting a DC reactor to a hybrid servo drive.
	(DC reactor is built in for models ≧ 45KW)
+2/b1, B2	Terminals to connect to brake resistor (optional, see Appendix A-1 for more
72/01, D2	information)
<u></u>	Grounding Terminal, please comply with local regulations.



Power supply input terminals for the main circuit:

- ☑ Do not connect 3-phase model to one-phase power. R/L1, S/L2 and T/L3 has no phase-sequence requirement, it can be used upon random selection.
- ☑ Connect these terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) via a non-fuse breaker or an earth leakage breaker to the three-phase AC power for circuit protection. It is unnecessary to consider phase-sequence.
- ☑ It is recommend adding a magnetic contactor (MC) to the power input wiring to cut off power quickly and reduce malfunction when activating the protection function of the AC motor drive. Both ends of the MC should have an R-C surge absorber.
- ☑ Fasten the screws in the main circuit terminal to prevent sparks condition made by the loose screws due to vibration.
- ☑ Please use voltage and current within the specification. Please refer to Chapter 1 for the specifications.
- ☑ When using a general GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter), select a current sensor with sensitivity of 200mA or above and not less than 0.1-second operation time to avoid nuisance tripping.
- ☑ Please use the shield wire or tube for the power wiring and ground the two ends of the shield wire or tube.

Output terminals for the main circuit:

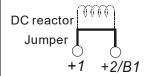
- ☑ When it needs to install the filter at the output side of terminals U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 on the hybrid servo drive. Please use inductance filter. Do not use phase-compensation capacitors or L-C (Inductance-Capacitance) or R-C (Resistance-Capacitance), unless approved by Delta.
- ☑ DO NOT connect phase-compensation capacitors or surge absorbers at the output terminals of hybrid servo drives.

The terminals of the DC reactor [+1, +2],

☑ This is the terminals used to connect the DC reactor to improve the power factor.

For the factory setting, it connects the short-circuit object. Please remove this

short-circuit object before connecting to the DC reactor.



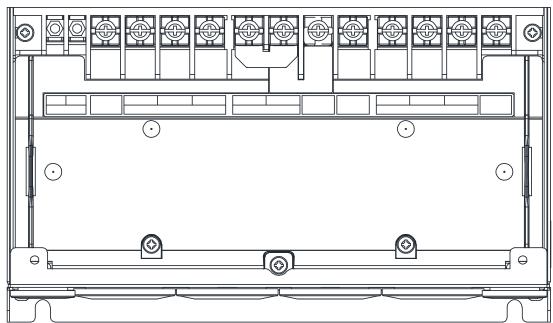
- ☑ For those models without built-in brake resistor, please connect external brake unit and brake resistor (both of them are optional) to increase brake torque.
- ☑ DO NOT connect [B2] or [-] to [+2/B1] directly to prevent drive damage.

Specifications of the Main Circuit Terminals

VJ-A and VJ-C Air Cooled

Frame C





	R/L1, S/L2, T/L	Grounding Terminal:				
Models	Max. Wire Gauge	Mini. Wire Gauge	Screw Size and Torque Force (± 10%)	Max. Wire Gauge	Mini. Wire Gauge	Screw Size and Torque Force (± 10%)
VFD-110VL23A-J		16 mm ² (6 AWG)		16 mm ² (6 AWG)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	
VFD110VL43C-J	402	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	M5	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	M5
VFD150VL43C-J	16 mm² (6 AWG)	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	30 kg-cm (26.0 lb-in)	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	30 kg-cm (26.0 lb-in.)
VFD185VL43C-J		16 mm² (6 AWG)	(2.94 Nm)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	(2.94 Nm)
VFD220VL43C-J		16 mm² (6 AWG)		16 mm ² (6 AWG)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	

NOTE

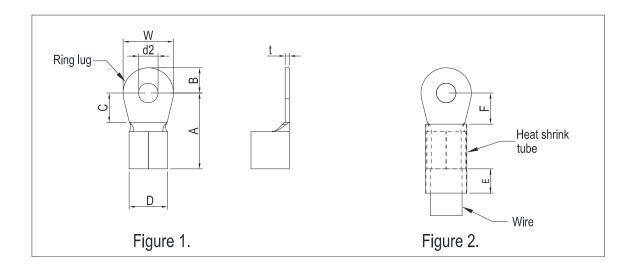
- 1. If you install at Ta 45°C environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600V and temperature resistance of 75°C or 90°C
- 2. If you install at Ta 45°C above environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600V and temperature resistance of 90°C or above.
- 3. For UL installation compliance, use copper wires when installing. The wire gauge is based on a temperature resistance of 75°C, in accordance with UL requirements and recommendations.
- 4. Do not reduce the wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.

Terminal Block Specification:

Unit: mm

Frame	AWG	VENDOR	P/N	Α	В	С	D	d2	Е	F	W	t			
Size	ξ.	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	F/IN	(max.)	(max.)	(min.)	(max.)	(min.)	(min.)	(min.)	(max.)	(max.)
)	8	K.S.T.	RNBS8-5	25.0	6.0	7.0	9.0	5.2	12.0	7.0	12.5	2.0			
C	6	K.S.T.	RNBS14-5	25.0	6.0	7.0	9.0	5.2	13.0	1.0	12.5	3.0			

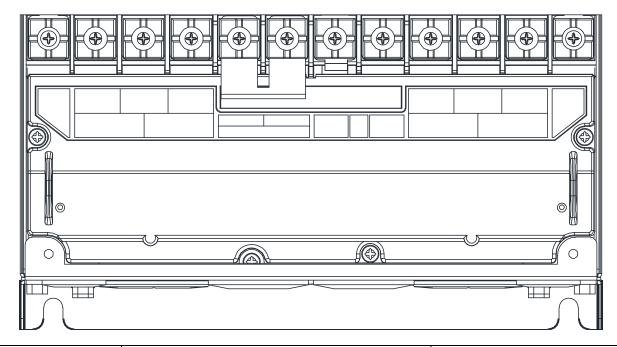
- The following additional terminals are required when wiring. The additional terminal dimension should comply with Figure 1 below.
- After crimping the wire to the ring lug (must be UL approved), UL and CSA approved R/C (YDPU2), and install heat shrink tubing rated at a minimum of 600 V_{AC} insulation over the live part. Refer to Figure 2 below.



VJ-A and VJ-C Air Cooled

Frame D





	Main Cir R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/ ⁻ I	Grounding Terminal:				
Models	Max. Wire Gauge	Mini. Wire Gauge	Screw Size and Torque Force (± 10%)	Max. Wire Gauge	Mini. Wire Gauge	Screw Size and Torque Force (± 10%)
VFD150VL23A-J		35 mm ² (2 AWG)		35 mm ² (2 AWG)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	
VFD185VL23A-J	25	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	M6	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	M6 50 kg-cm (43.4 lb-in.) (4.9 Nm)
VFD220VL23A-J	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	50 kg-cm (43.4 lb-in)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	
VFD300VL43A-J, VFD300VL43C-J		35 mm ² (2 AWG)	`(4.9 Nm´	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	
VFD370VL43A-J, VFD370VL43C-J		35 mm ² (2 AWG)		35 mm ² (2 AWG)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	

NOTE:

- 1. If you install at Ta 45°C environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600 V and temperature resistance of 75°C or 90°C
- 2. If you install at Ta 45°C above environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600 V and temperature resistance of 90°C or above.
- 3. For UL installation compliance, use copper wires when installing. The wire gauge is based on a temperature resistance of 75°C, in accordance with UL requirements and recommendations.
- 4. Do not reduce the wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.
- 5. For VFD220VL43A-J model, if you install it at Ta 30°C above environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600V and temperature resistance of 90°C or above.

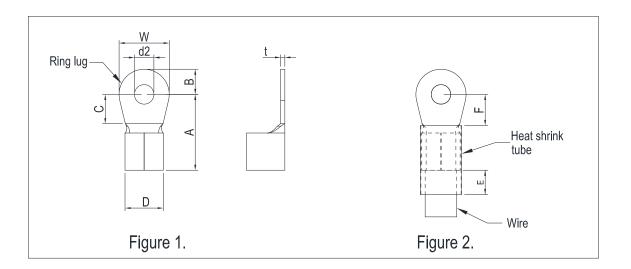
Terminal Block Specification:

Unit: mm

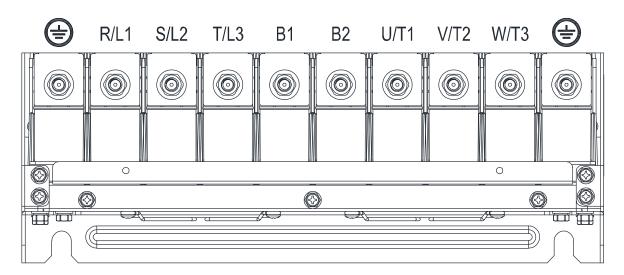
											٠.									
Frame	AWG	VENDOR	P/N	Α	В	С	D	d2	Е	F	W	t								
Size	AVVG		VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	VENDOR	F/IN	(max.)	(max.)	(min.)	(max.)	(min.)	(min.)	(min.)	(max.)
_	6	K.S.T.	RNBL14-6	20.0	10.0	0.5	1.1	6.0	12.0	0.5	10 5	2 (
l D	2	K.S.T.	RNBS38-6	30.0	10.0	9.5	14	6.2	13.0	9.5	18.5	3.0								

r

- The following additional terminals are required when wiring. The additional terminal dimension should comply with Figure 1 below.
- After crimping the wire to the ring lug (must be UL approved), UL and CSA approved R/C (YDPU2), install heat shrink tubing rated at a minimum of 600 V_{AC} insulation over the live part. Refer to Figure 2 below.



VJ-A Air Cooled Frame E6 and VJ-C Air Cooled Frame E4



		Main Circuit Termir , U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	nals: 3, DC+, DC-, B1, B2	Grounding Terminal:			
Models	Max. Wire Gauge	Mini. Wire Gauge	Screw Size and Torque Force (± 10%)	Max. Wire Gauge	Mini. Wire Gauge	Screw Size and Torque Force (± 10%)	
VFD300VL23C-J		70 mm ² (2/0 AWG)		70 mm ² (2/0 AWG)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)		
VFD370VL23C-J	120mm ²	120mm ² (4/0AWG)	M8	120 mm ² (4/0 AWG)	70 mm ² (2/0 AWG)	M8	
VFD450VL43A-J,	(4/0 AWG)	50 mm ²	180 kg-cm	50 mm ²	25 mm ²	180 kg-cm	
VFD450VL43C-J	(4/0 AVVG)	(1/0 AWG)	(156.2 lb-in)	(1/0 AWG)	(4 AWG)	(156.2 lb-in.)	
VFD550VL43A-J,		70 mm ²	(17.65 Nm)	70 mm ²	35 mm ²	(17.65 Nm)	
VFD550VL43C-J		(2/0 AWG)		(2/0 AWG)	(2 AWG)		
VFD750VL43A-J,		120 mm ²		120 mm ²	70 mm ²		
VFD750VL43C-J		(4/0 AWG)		(4/0 AWG)	(2/0 AWG)		

NOTE

- 1. If you install at Ta 45°C environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600 V and temperature resistance of 75°C or 90°C
- 2. If you install at Ta 45°C above environment, select copper wire with voltage rating of 600 V and temperature resistance of 90°C or above.
- 3. For UL installation compliance, use copper wires when installing. The wire gauge is based on a temperature resistance of 75°C, in accordance with UL requirements and recommendations.
- 4. Do not reduce the wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.

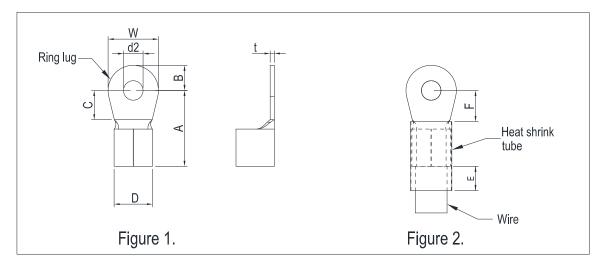
Terminal Block Specification:

nm

Frame Size	AWG	Vendor	P/N	A (MAX.)	B (MAX.)	C (MIN.)	D (MAX.)	d2 (MIN.)	E (MIN).	F (MIN.)	W (MAX.)	T (MAX.)
	4	K.S.T	RNB22-8									
	2	K.S.T	RNBS38-8									
E4,	1/0	K.S.T	RNB60-8	50.0	16.0	10.0	27.0	8.3	13.0	14.0	28.0	6.0
E6	2/0	K.S.T	RNB70-8		10.0						20.0	3.0
	3/0	K.S.T	RNB80-8									
	4/0	K.S.T	SQNBS100-8									

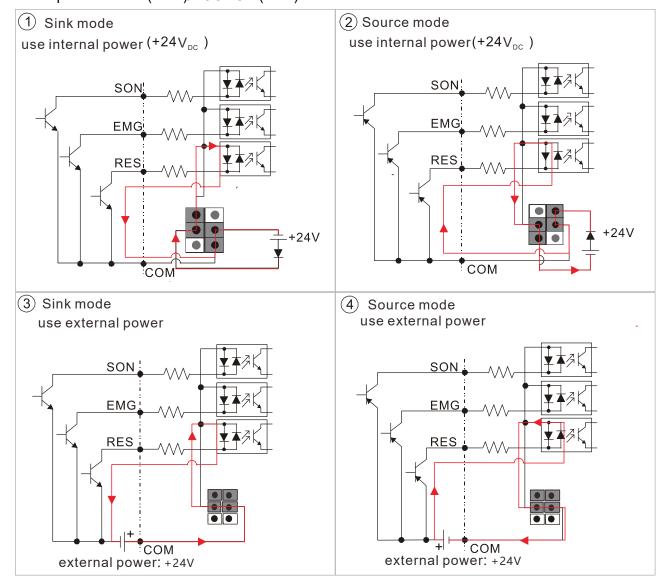
NOTE:

- The following additional terminals are needed when wiring. The additional terminal dimension should comply with Figure 1 below.
- After crimping the wire to the ring lug (must be UL approved), UL and CSA approved R/C (YDPU2), install heat shrink tubing rated at a minimum of 600 V_{AC} insulation over the live part. Refer to Figure 2 below.

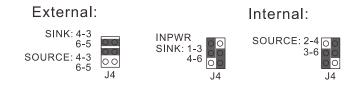


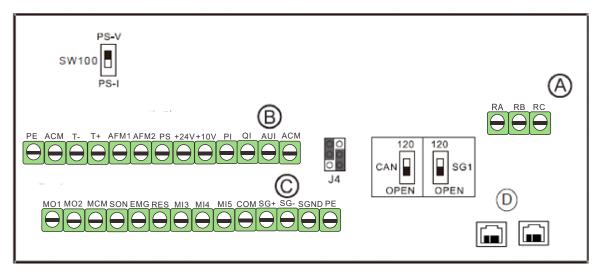
2-3 Description of Terminals on Control Circuit

Description of SINK (NPN)/SOURCE (PNP) Mode Selection Terminals



Pluggable Wiring Terminal Blocks:





Itom		Wire Gauge								
Item	Group	Conductor	Stripping length	Mini. Wire Gauge	Max. Wire Gauge	(±10%)				
Control		Solid				5kg-cm				
Terminal	Α	Stranded 6mm		0.2mm ² [24 AWG]	1.5mm ² [16 AWG]	[4.4 lb-in.] [0.5 Nm]]				
RJ-45	D									

		Torque				
	Group	Conductor	Stripping length	Mini. Wire Gauge	Max. Wire Gauge	(±10%)
	В	Solid			2.1mm ² [14 AWG]	2kg-cm
Item		Stranded	7-8mm	0.2mm ² [24 AWG]		[1.7 lb-in.]
Item						[0.2 Nm]]
		Solid	7-8mm	0.2mm ² [24 AWG]	2.1mm ² [14 AWG]	2kg-cm
	С	Stranded				[1.7 lb-in.]
		Strantided				[0.2 Nm]]

Wiring precautions:

For group A, B, C:

- 1. For group A: Tighten the wiring with a 3.5mm (wide) x 0.6mm (thick) slotted screwdriver
- 2. For group B, C . Tighten the wiring with a 2.5mm (wide) x 0.4mm (thick) slotted screwdriver
- 3. When wiring bare wires, make sure they are perfectly arranged to go through the wiring holes.

NOTE:

- 1. As we modify the fixed terminal block to the pluggable terminal blocks, the positions of the terminals are also changed. Please verify the differences between the original and new terminal blocks before wiring.
- 2. The RA, RB and RC terminals are still on a fixed terminal block as before.

			Difference
			between
Terminal	Features	Factory Setting (NPN Mode)	VJ-A and
			VJ-B
SON	Run-Stop	Terminal SON-COM: ON for Running; OFF for Stop	VOD
EMG	External error input	External error input	
RES	Reset from error	Reset from error	
REV	ТВА	ТВА	New terminal
MI3	Multi-function input selection 3	Configured as no function in factory	
MI4	Multi-function input selection 4	When it is ON, the input voltage is 24V _{DC} (Max:	
MI5	Multi-function input selection 5	$30V_{DC}$) and then input impedance is $3.75k\Omega$; when it is OFF, the tolerable leakage current is $10\mu A$.	
СОМ	Common ground (Sink) for digital control signals	Common ground for multi-function input terminals	
RA	Error terminal 1 (Relay N.O. a)	Resistive load 5A(N.O.)/3A(N.C.) 240VAC	
RB	Error terminal 1 (Relay N.C. b)	5A(N.O.)/3A(N.C.) 24VDC Inductive load	
RC	Command contact for multi-function output terminals (Relay)	1.5A(N.O.)/0.5A(N.C.) 240VAC 1.5A(N.O.)/0.5A(N.C.) 24VDC	
MO1	Multi-function output terminal 1 (photocoupler)	The hybrid servo drive sends various monitoring signals by means of open-collector configuration. Max: 48Vdc/50mA	
MO2	Multi-function output terminal 2 (photocoupler)	MO1 MO2 internal circuit MCM	
мсм	Common ground for Multi-function output terminal (photocoupler)	Max 48V _{DC} 50mA	

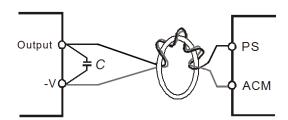
Terminal	Features	Factory Setting (NPN Mode)	Difference between VJ-A and VJ-B
PS	PS/PI/QI PS/PI/QI circuit	Pressure feedback Impedance: $200k\Omega$ Resolution: 12 bits Range: $0 \sim 10V$ or $4\sim 20mA = 0 \sim maximum$ pressure feedback value (Pr00-08). Use SW100 switch to input current, see Pr03-12 for more information.	Terminal PO
PI	ACM internal circuit	Pressure Command Impedance: $200k\Omega$ Resolution: 12 bits Range: $0 \sim 10V = 0 \sim$ the maximum pressure command value (Pr00-07)	
QI		Flow rate command Impedance: $200k\Omega$ Resolution: 12 bits Range: $0 \sim 10V = 0 \sim$ the maximum flow rate	
AUI	Analog Voltage +10V AUI circuit AUI -10V internal circuit	Impedance: $11.3k\Omega$ Resolution: 12 bits Range: -10 ~ +10V _{DC}	
+10V	Power supply for configuration	Power supply for analog configuration +10V _{DC} 20mA	
+24V	Power supply terminal for the pressure sensor	Power supply for the pressure sensor +24V _{DC} 100mA	
AFM1	AFM 1	Impedance: $19.2k\Omega$ (voltage output) Output current: $20mA$ max Resolution: $0 \sim 10V$ corresponding to the pressure feedback. Range: $0 \sim 10V$	Terminal AFM

Terminal	Features	Factory Setting (NPN Mode)	Difference between VJ-A and VJ-B
AFM2	AFM 2	Impedance: 33.8kΩ (voltage output) Output current: 20mA max Resolution: ±10V corresponding to the maximum frequency Range -10~10V	
ACM	Common ground for analog control signals	Common ground terminal for analog control signals	
T+/ T-	Motor's thermal protection terminals	Support KTY84-130, PTC130 thermal switch	New terminal
SG+, SG-, SGND	Modbus RS-485	See Communication Parameters in Ch04 for more information.	New terminal
PE	protective grounding terminal		New terminal

Analog Input Terminals (PS, PI, QI, AUI, ACM)

- Analog input signals are easily affected by external noise. Use shielded wiring and keep it as short as possible (<20m) with proper grounding. If the noise is inductive, connecting the shield to terminal ACM can bring improvement.
- ☑ If the analog input signals (pressure sensor) are affected by noise from the hybrid servo drive, please connect a capacitor and ferrite core closed to the hybrid servo drive as indicated in the following diagrams. The magnetic permeability of the ferrite core should be over 5000µ to ensure an efficient noise isolation.

Wind each wires 3 times or more around the core



Transistor Output Terminals (MO1, MO2, MCM)

- Make sure to connect the digital outputs to the right polarity.
- ☑ When connecting a relay to the digital outputs connect a surge absorber across the coil and check the polarity.

Chapter 3 Machine Adjustment Procedure

- 3-1 Description of Digital Keypad
- 3-2 System Setup and Machine Adjustment Flowcharts
- 3-3 Machine Adjustment Procedure
- 3-4 Confluence Machine Tuning Procedure
- 3-5 Confluence / Diversion Mode Adjustment Procedure



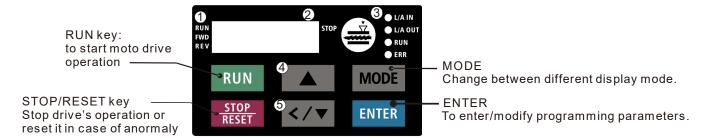
- Please re-check if the wiring is correct before start running the machine. Particularly, make sure that the output terminals of the hybrid servo drive, U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3, must not be used as power input terminals. Make sure that the good ground terminal \oplus is grounded.
- ☑ It is not allowed to operate the switches with wet hands.
- ☑ Make sure that there is no short-circuit or ground short circuit conditions between the terminals or exposed live parts.
- ☑ The power switch can be turned on only with the cover installed.



☑ If any fault occurs during the operation of the hybrid servo drive and the motor, stop the machine immediately, and refer to "Troubleshooting" to check the cause of the faulty condition. After the hybrid servo drive stop its output but the main circuit power terminals L1/R, L2/S, and L3/T are not disconnected, if the operator touches the output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 of the hybrid servo drive, electric shock may occur.

3-1 Description of Digital Keypad

Appearance of Keypad Control Panel KPVJ-LE02



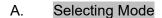
- Status display Display driv's current status
- 2 LED display Indicate frequency, voltage, current, user defined units and etc..
- 3 CANopen indicator light
- 4 UP key Set the parameter value and change the numeric data such as frequency.
- **6** Left/ Down key Set the parameter value and change the numeric data. Press and hold the MODE key then you can use the Left key.

Description of Displayed Function Items

Displayed Item	Description
RUN STOP	The current frequency set for the hybrid serve drive
RUN FWD REV	The frequency delivered by hybrid servo drive to the motor
RUN STOP	The user-defined physical quantity (Pr. 00-04)
RUN STOP	Load current
RUN STOP	Forward command
RUN O STOP STOP REV O	Reverse command
RUN STOP	Displays the selected parameter
RUN • STOP FWD • REV •	Display the parameter value
RUN • STOP FWD • REV •	Display the external fault
RUN • STOP	If the "End" message (as shown in the left figure) is displayed on the display area for

	about one second, it means that data has been accepted and automatically stored in the internal memory
RUN O FWD O REV O	If the setting data is not accepted or its value exceeds the allowed range, this error message will be displayed

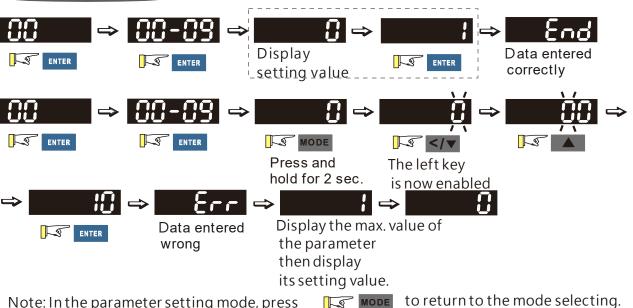
Keypad Panel Operation Procedure:





Note: In the selection mode, press ENTER to set the parameters

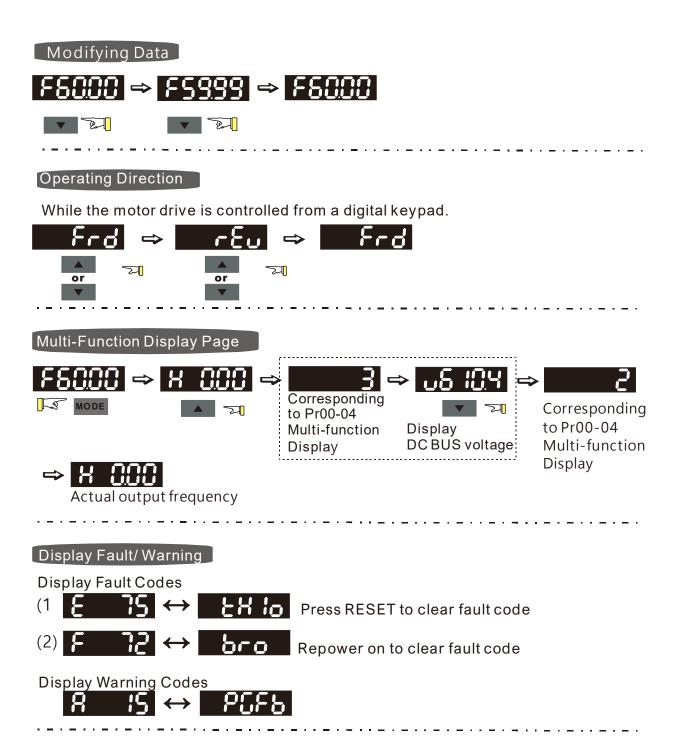




Note: In the parameter setting mode, press

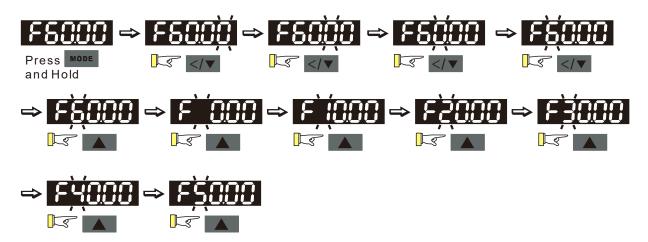
NOTE:

- 1. To disable LEFT key: press UP/ DOWN to adjust the number. When finishing the adjustment, press ENTER.
- 2. To enable the LEFT key: Press and hold MODE for two second until last digit of the parameter starts to blink. Now press UP, the value of the number increases. When the number reaches 9, press UP again, the number goes back to 0.
- 3. By pressing DOWN, the blinking cursor moves one digit to the left. Then press UP to increase the value of the number. Once reaching the desired number, press DOWN again to move the cursor one digit to the left.
- 4. When finishing setting the parameters, the LEFT function is still enabled. Press MODE for two seconds to disable LEFT function.

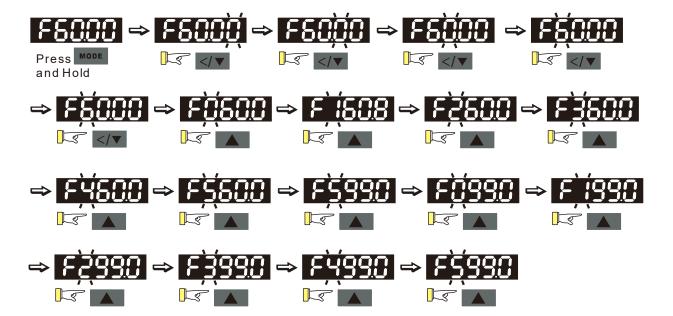


B. Frequency Command Page

Normal Mode 1(Pr.01-02: Maximum Frequency has two digits. Example: Pr.01-02 = 60.00Hz)



Normal Mode 2 (Pr.01-02: Maximum Frequency has three digits. Example: Pr.01-02 = 599.0Hz)



List of Characters Shown on the Seven-segment Display of the Digital Keypad Panel

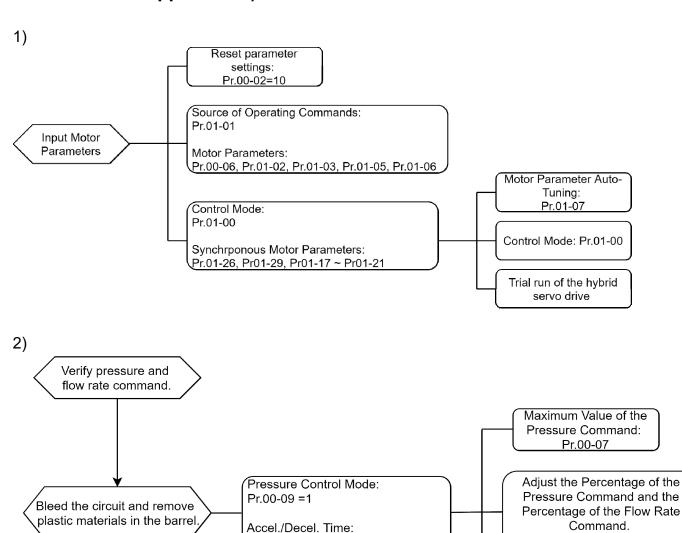
t										
Numeric	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Seven-segment Display	Ū	!	2	3	4	5	5	7	8	3
English Letter	Α	а	В	b	С	С	D	d	Е	е
Seven-segment Display	R	-	-	6		C	-	ď	E	-
English Letter	F	f	G	g	Н	h	-	i	J	j
Seven-segment Display	F	-	<u>[</u>	-	H	h	L	-	ij	
English Letter	K	k	L	l	М	m	N	n	0	0
Seven-segment Display	H	-		-	-	-	-	n	-	0
English Letter	Р	р	Q	q	R	r	S	S	Т	t
Seven-segment Display	P	-	-	9	-		5	-	-	Ł
English Letter	U	u	V	٧	W	W	Χ	Х	Υ	у
Seven-segment Display	Ü	ū	-	Ū	-	-	-	-	5	-
English Letter	Z	Z								
Seven-segment Display	-	-								

Pressure: Pr.00-14 - Pr.00-16

Flow Rate: Pr.00-17 - Pr.00-19

Run at low pressure and low speed.

3-2 System Setup and Machine Adjustment Flowcharts: VFD-VJ (Choose a motor for Your application.)



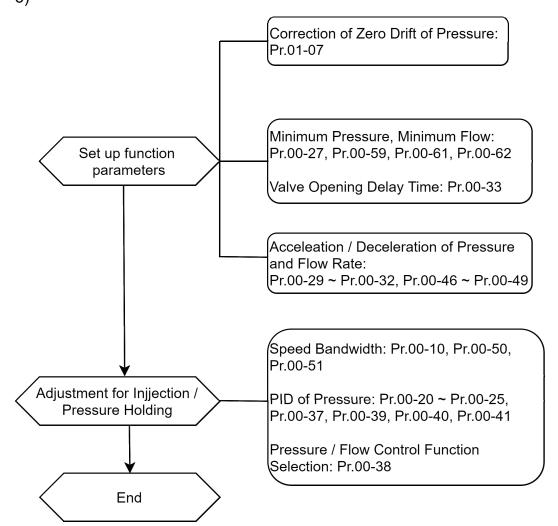
Pr.01-05 ~ Pr.01-06 = 0

Pr.01-01 =1

Source of Operating Command:

Send operation command

through controller.



3-3 Machine Adjustment Procedure

Perform the following operation procedure by using the Digital Keypad (KPVJ-LE02)

Step 1. Enter the motor's parameters

Restore the factory default values by setting Pr.00-02 = 10
 Reset parameter settings

Setting value
of Pr.00-02

10: Reset parameter values

 Please make sure if the command source has been restored to the factory default (operation by external terminals)

If the KPVJ-LE02 is used, set Pr.01-01=0

Source of operation command

Setting value

0: Operation by using the digital keypad

1: Operation by using the external terminals. The Stop button on the keypad is disabled.

2: Communication using RS-485. The Stop button on the keypad is disabled

■ Change the display type from Frequency command (Hz) into Speed (rpm)

Display the speed (rpm) defined by the user

Setting value 0~39999rpm of Pr. 00-06

■ Set Pr. 01-02

Motor's maximum operation frequency

Setting value of Pr.01-02 50.00 – 600.00Hz

■ Set Pr. 01-03

Motor's rated frequency

Setting value of Pr.01-03 0.00 – 600.00Hz

Set Pr.01-05 & Pr.01-06

Acceleration time setting

Setting value of Pr.01-05 0.00 – 600.00 seconds

Deceleration time setting

Setting value of Pr.01-06 0.00 – 600.00 seconds

The settings for the induction and synchronous motors are different. Please configure these parameters according to the related adjustment method for the motor.

Induction motor

■ Set Pr.01-00 = 0

Control mode

Setting value 0: VF
of Pr. 01-00 1: Reserved
2: Reserved
3: FOC vector control + Encoder (FOCPG)
4: Reserved
5: FOCPM
6: Reserved

■ Set Pr.01-26 = 0

Encode type

Setting value 0: ABZ
of Pr.01-26 1: ABZ+HALL (only used for Delta's servo motors)
2: ABZ+HALL
3: Resolver

Set Pr.01-29

Number of pulses for each revolution of the encoder

Setting value of Pr.01-29

Set Pr. 01-08

The rated current of the induction motor

Setting value of Pr. 01-08 0~655.35 Amps

■ Set Pr.01-09

The rated power of the induction motor

Setting value of Pr.01-09 0.00 – 655.35kW

Set Pr.01-10

The rated speed (rpm) of the induction motor

Setting value 0~65535 of Pr.01-10

Set Pr.01-11

Number of poles of the induction motor

Setting value of Pr.01-11

- Check if the motor can be separated from the pump
 - 1. If it can be separated, set Pr.01-07 as 1 and carry out a dynamic measurement
 - 2. If it cannot be separated, open the safety valve, enter the no-load current of the induction motor Pr.01-12 and set Pr.01-07 as 2. Then carry out the static measurement

Motor Parameter Auto Tuning

Setting value	of 0: No function
Pr. 01-07	1: Rolling test for induction motor(IM) (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current)
	2: Static test for induction motor(IM)
	3: Reserved
	4: Auto measure the angle between magnetic pole and PG origin
	5: Dynamic rolling test for synchronous permanent-magnet (SPM)
	motor
	13: Dynamic rolling test for interior permanent-magnet (IPM)
	synchronous motor

- During the automatic measurement process of the induction motor, the digital keypad will show the message "tun". After the measurement is finished, the motor automatically shuts down, and the measurement values are stored into Pr.01-13 to Pr.01-16. If the digital keypad shows "AUE", please check if the wiring is correct and if the parameters are set correctly.
- The machine will shut off the power and then supply the power again
- Set Pr.01-00 = 3

Control mode

Setting value	0: VF
of Pr. 01-00	1: Reserved
	2: Reserved
	3: FOC vector control + Encoder (FOCPG)
	4: Reserved
	5: FOCPM
	6: Reserved

Test run

When the motor is in a no-load state, the speed command is set to 10 rpm for low-speed test run. Make sure that the output current value is close to the no-load current.

If no error occurs, gradually increase the value of speed command to the highest speed.

■ Make sure that the pump's oil supply direction is the forward direction of the motor.

Synchronous motor

■ Set Pr.01-00 = 5

Control mode

Setting value 0: VF

of Pr.01-00 1: Reserved

2: Reserved

3: FOC vector control + Encoder (FOCPG)

4: Reserved

5: FOCPM

6: Reserved

■ Set Pr.01-26 = 3

Encode type

Setting value 0: ABZ

of Pr.01-26 1: ABZ+HALL (only used for Delta's servo motors)

2: ABZ+HALL

3:Resolver

Set Pr.01-29

Number of pulses for each revolution of the encoder

Setting value

of Pr.01-29

1~20000

■ Set Pr.01-17

The rated current of the synchronous motor

Setting value

of Pr.01-17

0~655.35 Amps

■ Set Pr.01-18

The rated power of the synchronous motor

Setting value

of Pr.01-18

0.00 - 655.35kW

■ Set Pr.01-19

The rated speed (rpm) of the synchronous motor

Setting value

of Pr.01-19

-19

Set Pr.01-20

Number of poles of the synchronous motor

0~65535

Setting value

2~20

of Pr.01-20

Set Pr.01-21

The inertia of the synchronous motor's rotor

Setting value 0.0~6553.5 *10⁻⁴ kg.m²

- Check if the motor can be separated from the pump
- If it can be separated, set the Pr.01-07 as 5 and carry out the parameter measurement of the synchronous motor
- If it cannot be separated, open the safety valve, set Pr.01-07 as 5 and carry out the parameter measurement of the synchronous motor

Motor Parameter Auto Tuning

Setting value 0: No function
of Pr.01-07 1: Rolling test for induction motor(IM) (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current)
2: Static test for induction motor(IM)
3: Reserved
4: Auto measure the angle between magnetic pole and PG origin
5: Dynamic rolling test for synchronous permanent-magnet (SPM)
motor
13: Dynamic rolling test for interior permanent-magnet (IPM)
synchronous motor

- During the automatic measurement process of the synchronous motor, the digital keypad will show the message "tun". After the measurement is finished, the motor automatically shuts down, and the measurement values are stored into Pr.01-22 to 01-25. If the digital keypad shows "AUE", please check if the wiring is correct and if the parameters are set correctly.
- Set the value of Parameter 01-07 as 4 and press [Run]. When the operation is complete, the PG offset angle of PM motor is written to Pr.01-27

Motor Parameter Auto Tuning

Setting value

0: No function

1: Rolling test for induction motor(IM) (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current)

2: Static test for induction motor(IM)

3: Reserved

4: Auto measure the angle between magnetic pole and PG origin

5: Dynamic rolling test for synchronous permanent-magnet (SPM) motor

13: Dynamic rolling test for interior permanent-magnet (IPM) synchronous motor

- The machine will shut off power and then supply power again
- Test run

When the motor is in a no-load state, the speed command is set to 10 rpm for low-speed test run. Make sure that the output current value is close to the zero current.

If no error occurs, gradually increase the value of speed command to the highest speed. Make sure that the pump's oil supply direction is the forward direction of the motor.

NOTE:

- When using SPM motor, set Pr01-07=5 to do rolling test for SPM motor.
- When using IPM motor, set Pro1-07=13 to do dynamic rolling test for IPM motor.

Step 2. Estimation of Inertia

- Set the speed command as 1000 rpm
- Set Pr.01-05 & Pr.01-06 = 0.3~0.5 seconds

Acceleration time setting

Setting value of Pr.01-05 0.00 – 600.00 seconds

Deceleration time setting

Setting value of Pr. 01-06 0.00 – 600.00 seconds

■ Set Pr.01-31 = 2 and then press [Run]

System control

Setting value 0: No function
of Pr.01-31 1: ASR automatic tuning
2: Estimation of inertia

■ Check if the value of Pr.01-32 is converged. If it is converged, stop the operation. If not, switch the rotation direction after the speed is stable.

The unity value of the system inertia

Setting value of Pr. 01-32 1~65535 (256 = 1 per unit)

- After the operation stops, select Pr.01-32 and press the [ENTER] button to complete the "write" operation.
- Set Pr.01-31=1 and the estimation of the motor's inertia is complete.

Step 3. Connect the motor and the pump and then confirm the pressure feedback signal

Set Parameter 00-04 = 11 and then supply voltage to PS
 Selection of multi-function display

Setting value 11: display the signal value of the analog input terminal PS with 0~10V of Pr.00-04 mapped to 0~100%

Pr.00-08 = related pressure setting value of the pressure sensor at 10V
 Maximum pressure feedback value

Setting value 0~250 bar of Pr.00-08

Set the speed command as 10rpm and press [RUN] to confirm if the pressure value through the pressure gauge > 0.

If the pressure value ≤0

- ☑ Gradually increase the rotation speed
- ☑ Confirm the operation direction of the pump
- Make sure that the direction valve is in the close state

If the pressure value > 0

Make sure the multi-function display on the keypad panel shows the voltage indicating the same pressure as the pressure gauge

Example: If the pressure sensors indicates 250bar at 10V, when the pressure gauge shows 50 bar, the pressure sensor output voltage should be around 50/250 * 10 = 2V, and the voltage shown on the keypad panel should be 20.0 (%)

Observe if there is oil leakage.

Step 4. Confirm the pressure command and flow command

Pr. 00-09 = 1 for pressure control mode

Pressure control mode

Setting value 0: Speed control of Pr.00-09 1: Pressure control

■ Pr. 00-04 = 12 PI for input voltage

Selection of multi-function display

Setting value 12: display the signal value of the analog input terminal PI with 0~10V of Pr.00-04 mapped to 0~100%

■ Pr. 00-07 = related pressure value of the pressure command at 10V Maximum pressure command

Setting value 0~250 bar of Pr.00-07

- Send the maximum pressure command through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr. 00-14
- Send a half pressure command through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr. 00-15
- Send the minimum pressure command through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr. 00-16

Example: The $0\sim10\text{V}$ of the PS input terminal map to the $0\sim250\text{Bar}$ of the pressure sensor. If the maximum pressure on the controller of a machinery is 140Bar and corresponds to 10V, then Pr. 00-07=140. Now, set the pressure as 140Bar through the controller, the voltage value shown on the display is 5.6 = 10x (140/ 250). Input this value to the Pr. 00-14.

Then set the pressure as 70bar on the controller, and now the voltage value displayed on the keypad panel is about 2.8 = 10x (70/250). Input this value to the Pr. 00-15.

Then set the pressure as 0 bar on the controller, and the voltage value shown on the display is 0.0 = 10x (0/250). Input this value in the Pr.00-16.

■ Set Pr.00-04 = 25 for QI input voltage

Chapter 3. Machine Adjustment Procedure | VFD-VJ

Selection of multi-function display

Setting value	25: display the signal value of the analog input terminal OI with 0~10V
of Pr.00-04	mapped to 0~100%

- Send the 100% flow rate through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr. 00-17
- Send the 50% flow rate through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr. 00-18
- Send the 0% flow rate through the keypad panel and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr.00-19

Step 5. Bleed the circuit and make sure if there is any plastic material in the barrel. The machine can start operation only when there are no plastic materials inside the barrel.

■ Pr. 00-09 = 1 for pressure control mode

Pressure control mode

Setting value	0: Speed control
of Pr.00-09	1: Pressure control

Set Pr.01-05 & Pr.01-06 = 0 second

Acceleration time setting

Setting value	
	0.00 - 600.00 seconds
of Pr.01-05	

Deceleration time setting

Setting value	
	0.00 - 600.00 seconds
of Pr.01-06	

■ When the air is bleeding completely, if there is any pressure fluctuation during operation, please adjust the pressure control Parameter PI in accordance with the method described in the "Description of Parameters".

Step 6. Send operation command though the controller

■ Pr.01-01=1

Source of operation command

Setting value	0: Operation by using the digital keypad
of Pr. 01-01	1: Operation by using the external terminals. The Stop button on the
	keypad is disabled.
	2: Communication using RS-485. The Stop button on the keypad is
	disabled

Step 7. Adjustment for injection/pressure holding

- Heat up the barrel to the required temperature and set the controller in manual control mode.
- Set the Ki values for the three stages PI to 0 (Pr.00-21, Pr.00-23, and Pr.00-25) and Kp values to small values (≦50.0)

- \blacksquare Start the plastic injection operation. The "Target value" is low pressure ($<\!50$ bar) and low flow rate ($<\!30\%$) $^\circ$
- Press the "injection" button on the operation panel for the injection operation or the machine will enter the pressure holding operation (depending on the position of the cylinder)
- In the pressure holding state without causing the vibration of the motor, increase the speed bandwidth to the maximum value 40Hz (Pr. 00-10).
- In the pressure holding condition, if the pointer of the pressure gauge or the monitored pressure waveform has no fluctuation, it means that the pressure is stably fed back. It is allowed to increase the three Kp values.
- When the pressure feedback becomes unstable, reduce the three Kp values by 20% (example: the three Kp values are reduced from 100.0 to 80.0). Adjust the three Ki values to eliminate the steady-state error so to speed up system response.
- When the above steps are completed, increase the "target value" for the pressure command.
- Observe if the pressure feedback is stable. If there is an abnormal condition, please solve it as follows:

Solve the pressure instability problem

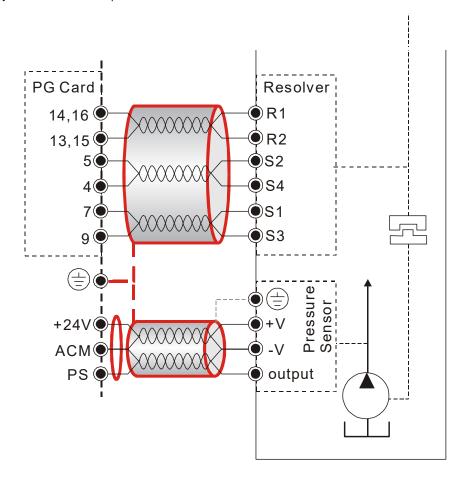
Instability at high pressure

If the hybrid servo drive has an overload condition, please increase the power rating of the hybrid servo drive

Instability over the entire pressure range

- 1. Set Pr.00-09 = 0 to switch to the speed control
- 2. If the hydraulic circuit is in the closed state, send a low speed command so as to allow a pressure feedback value of 40-50% of the value for pressure command (Pr.00-07)
- **3.** By using the monitoring software, observe if the pressure waveform has irregular fluctuations.
 - Pressure waveform fluctuates
 It may be a ground interference problem. If the motor or the three-phase power supply is grounded, disconnect the ground wire. If the motor or three-phase power supply has no ground wire, you can install a ground wire for anti-interference protection.

It may be a grounding problem of the shield mesh (as the red thick line shown below). If the shield mesh is properly grounded, the ground wire can be removed; if the shield mesh has no grounding wire, install a ground wire for anti-interference protection.



4. If there is any abnormal condition that cannot be solved, please contact the manufacturer.

Step 8. Adjustment of system transient response

- Reduce the pressure rise time, increase Kp1 (Pr.00-20) and reduce the Ki1 time (Pr.00-21)
- For pressure overshoot, increase the Kp3 time (Pr.00-24) and reduce the Ki3 time (Pr.00-25)

3-4 Confluence Machine Tuning Procedure

Wiring according to Chapter 2

Carry out the automatic measurement of the motor's parameters according to Step 1 and Step 2 described above for the Master and Slave, respectively. Then perform the following procedure

Master setting

Set Pr.03-13 = 1

Confluence Master/Slave Selection

Setting value 0: No function
of Pr.03-13 1: Master 1
2: Slave/Master 2
3: Slave/Master 3

■ Set Pr.03-14

Slave's proportion of the Master's flow

Setting value 0.0~6553.5% of Pr.03-14

Pr.03-17 can be configured to determine the activation level of the Slave
 Slave's activation level

Setting value 0~100% of Pr.03-17

Slave setting

■ Pr.01-01=1 or 2

Source of operation command

O: Operation by using the digital keypad

of Pr. 01-01

1: Operation by using the external terminals. The Stop button on the keypad is disabled.

2: Communication using RS-485. The Stop button on the keypad is disabled

Set Pr.03-15 = 1

Source of Frequency Command

Setting value 0: Digital Operation Panel
of Pr. 03-15 1: RS485 Communication
2~5: reserved
6: CANopen

Shut down the power and then supply the power again

Set an arbitrary value of the frequency command at the Master to check if the Slave has the same value of the frequency command

Set 10rpm at the Master and then press RUN to see if the Slave is also running. If not, check the wiring or the parameter setting for any problem

■ Set Slave Pr.03-13 = 2

Confluence Master/Slave Selection

Setting value 0: No function
of Pr.03-13 1: Master 1
2: Slave/Master 2
3: Slave/Master 3

 Pr.03-21 can be set at the Slave to decide if the Salve is performing the reversed operation for depressurization.

NOTE: If it is required to reverse the operation for depressurization at the Slave, it is necessary to make sure that the pump outlet port is not installed with a check valve and Pr.03-16 should be set as 500%

Slave reverse operation for depressurization

Setting value 0: Disable of Pr.03-21 1: Enable

Limit for the Slave reverse depressurization torque

Setting value 0~500% of Pr.03-16

 Shut off the power and the re-supply power for the Slave, and then set the Slave in the speed control mode

Speed Control Mode

Setting value 0: Speed control of Pr.00-09 1: Pressure control

In this case, the Master can be tuned according to the Step 3 – Step 8 described above

Set Pr.04-00

COM1 Communication Address

Setting value of Pr.04-00 1~254 (Start from Modbus ID #2 to do the set up.)

Set Pr.04-27

從站(泵) 錯誤診斷-從站 (泵)數量 (若有分合流切換,以最多站 (泵)合流時的站 (泵)數量做設定)Wrong diagnosis of slave (pump) on the number of the slaves (pumps). If you can switch between confluence and diversion, use the maximum number of slaves (pumps) at confluence to the setting.

Setting value of Pr.04-27 0~20 (0: Disable slave pump diagnosis function)

3-5 Confluence/Diversion Mode Adjustment Procedure

Wiring according to Chapter 2

In a diversion condition, adjust various parameters of the hybrid servo drive according to the Step 1 – Step 8 describe above

In a confluence condition, please refer to the machine adjustment procedure for the confluence operation

Complete the above steps

Set the Master for pressure control mode

■ Pr.00-09 = 1 for pressure control mode

Pressure control mode

Setting value 0: Speed control of Pr.00-09 1: Pressure control

Set the Slave for speed control mode

Pr.00-09 = 0 for speed control mode

Speed Control Mode

Setting value 0: Speed control
of Pr.00-09 1: Pressure control

■ Pr.03-00 ~ Pr.03-02 = 45 confluence/diversion signal input

Multi-function Input

Setting values 0: No function
of Pr.03-00~03-02 45: Confluence/Diversion signal input

- Through the controller, perform the entire confluence/diversion operation.
- New protection mechanism at version C: When Pr.03-00 ~ Pr.03-02 = 45, Pr.01-01 is automatically set as 2 and Pr.03-15 is automatically, set as 1. This is a mechanism to prevent forgetting to set up related parameters and mistakes when setting up parameters.

Chapter 4 Summary of Parameter Settings

- 00 System Parameters
- 01 Motor Parameters
- 02 Protection Parameters
- 03 Digital / Analog Input / Output Parameters
- 04 Communication Parameters
- 05 Special application Parameters

4-1 Summary of Parameters

00 System Parameters

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
00-00	Hybrid servo drive model code ID	VJ-A 12: 230V, 7.5HP 13: 460 V, 7.5HP 14: 230V, 10HP 15: 460V, 10HP 16: 230V, 15HP 17: 460V, 15HP 18: 230V, 20HP 19: 460V, 20HP 20: 230V, 25HP 21: 460V, 30HP 23: 460V, 30HP 24: 230V, 40HP 25: 460V, 50HP 27: 460V, 50HP 29: 460V, 75HP 31: 460V, 75HP 33: 460V, 100HP VJ-C 214: 230V, 40HP 215: 230V, 50HP 410: 460V, 15HP 411: 460V, 25HP 411: 460V, 25HP 411: 460V, 25HP 411: 460V, 30HP 415: 460V, 30HP 415: 460V, 50HP 416: 460V, 50HP 417: 460V, 50HP	Read only	0	0	0
00-01	Display of rated current of the hybrid servo drive	Display the model specific values	Read only	0	0	0
00-02		0: No function 1: Parameter locked 5: Rest the kWh at drive stop 7: Reset CANopen Index 10: Reset to factory setting	0	0	0	0
00-03	Software version	Read only	Read only	0	0	0

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
*	00-04	Selection of multi-function display	0: Display the output current (A) 1: Reserved 2: Display the actual output frequency (H) 3: Display the DC bus voltage (U) 4: Display the output voltage (E) 5: Display the output power angle (n) 6: Display the output power in kW (P) 7: Display the actual motor speed rpm (r) 8: Display the estimated output torque N-m (t) (%) 9: Display the PG feedback (G) 10: Reserved 11: Display the signal value of the analog input terminal PO % (1.) 12: Display the signal value of the analog input terminal PI % (2.) 13: Display the signal value of the analog input terminal AUI % (3.) 14: Display temperature of IGBT in °C (T) 16: The status of digital input (ON/OFF) (i) 17: The status of digital input (ON/OFF) (o) 18: Reserved 19: The corresponding CPU pin status of the digital input (i.) 20: The corresponding CPU pin status of the digital output (o.) 21~24: Reserved 25: Display the signal value of the analog input terminal QI % (5.) 26: Display the actual pressure value (Bar) (b.) 27: Display the AWh value (K) 28: Display the motor temperature (currently only support KTY84) (T.) 29: Overload rate of hybrid servo drive (d.) (unit: %) 30: Over load rate of motor with last digit A of HES. (M.) (unit: %) 31: Display current at braking (A.) (unit: A) 32: Temperature of the braking chopper (4.) (unit: °C) 33: Reserved 34: Torque constant Kt (K.) 35: Reserved 36: Reserved 37: Reserved 38: Reserved 39: Reserved 40: Reserved 41: # of times to switch on/off of the soft start relays (L) (%) 42: Amount of time to clean the cooling fans (F) %	0	0	0	0
*	00-05	Reserved	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		ı		
×	00-06	Display the speed (rpm) defined by the user	0~39999 rpm	2000	0	0	0

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
*	00-07	Maximum value of the pressure command	0~400Bar	140	0	0	0
*	00-08	Maximum feedback pressure	0~400 Bar	250	0	0	0
	00-09	Pressure control mode	0:Speed control 1:Pressure control	0	0	0	0
	00-10	Speed bandwidth	1~200Hz	20		0	0
*	00-11	Pressure feedback filtering time PS	0.000~1.000 second	0.000	0	0	0
*	00-12	Pressure command filtering time	0.000~1.000 second	0.000	0	0	0
*	00-13	Flow command filtering time	0.000~1.000 second	0.000	0	0	0
*	00-14	Percentage of the pressure command (Max)	0.0~100.0%	56.0	0	0	0
*	00-15	Percentage of the pressure command (Mid)	0.0~100.0%	28.0	0	0	0
*	00-16	Percentage of the pressure command (Min)	0.0~100.0%	0.0	0	0	0
*	00-17	Percentage of the flow command (Max)	0.0~100.0%	100.0	0	0	0
*	00-18	Percentage of the flow command value (Mid)	0.0~100.0%	50.0	0	0	0
*	00-19	Percentage of the flow command (Min)	0.0~100.0%	0.0	0	0	0
*	00-20	P (proportional) gain 1	0.0~1000.0	50.0	0	0	0
*	00-21	I (integration time) 1	0.00~500.00 seconds	2.00	0	0	0
*	00-22	P (proportional) gain 2	0.0~1000.0	50.0	0	0	0
*	00-23	I (integration) time 2	0.00~500.00 seconds	2.00	0	0	0
*	00-24	P (proportional) gain 3	0.0~1000.0	50.0	0	0	0
×	00-25	I (integration) time 3	0.00~500.00 seconds	2.00	0	0	0
×	00-26	Pressure stable zone	0~100%	25	0	0	0
*	00-27	Minimum pressure	0.0~100.0%	0.1	0	0	0
*	00-28	Depressurization speed	0~100%	25	0	0	0
*	00-29	Ramp up rate of pressure command	0~1000ms	0	0	0	0

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	ΛF	FOCPG	FOCPM
*	00-30	Ramp down rate of pressure command	0~1000ms	100	0	0	0
*	00-31	Ramp up rate of flow command	0~1000 ms	80	0	0	0
*	00-32	Ramp down rate of flow command	0~1000 ms	80	0	0	0
*	00-33	Valve opening delay time	0~200 ms	0	0	0	0
	00-34	Output switching function	0.0~100.0% (100.0% is the maximum pressure feedback)	50.0	0	0	0
*	00-35	Over-pressure detection level	0~400Bar	230	0	0	0
*	00-36	Detection of disconnection of	0: No function 1: Enable (only for the pressure feedback	0	0	0	0
.,	00-37	pressure feedback Differential gain	output signal within 1~5V or 4~20mA) 0.0~100.0 %	0.0	0	0	0
	00-38	Pressure/flow control function selection	Bit 0: 0: Switch the PI Gain according to the pressure feedback level and use single speed bandwidth. 1: Switch the PI Gain and speed bandwidth according to the multi-function input terminal Bit 1: 0: No pressure/flow control switch 1: Switch between the pressure and flow control Bit 2: 0: Use the old pressure overshoot suppression 1: Use the new pressure overshoot suppression Bit 3: 0: Switch the PI Gain and single speed bandwidth according to the pressure feedback level 1: Switch the PI Gain and speed bandwidth according to the pressure command. Bit 8: 0: Switch between the ASR frequency feedbacks Bit 9: 0: Switch between the ASR frequency commands (To use this parameter, you need to	0	0	0	0
	00-39	Integral time Pressure overshoot 1	convert binary number to decimal.) 0.00~500.00 sec.	0.20	0	0	0
	00-40	Differential gain 2	0.0~100.0%	0.0			
	00-41	Differential gain 3	0.0~100.0%	0.0			

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
	00-42	Pressure overshoot level	0~100%	2	0	0	0
	00-43	Maximum Flow	0~100%	100	0	0	0
	00-44	Pressure Command	0.0~400.0 bar	0.0	0	0	0
	00-45	Flow Rate Command	0.0~100.0%	0.0	0	0	0
*	00-46	Pressure reference S1 time	0~1000ms	0	0	0	0
*	00-47	Pressure reference S2 time	0~1000ms	0	0	0	0
*	00-48	Flow reference S1 time	0~1000ms	0	0	0	0
*	00-49	Flow reference S2 time	0~1000ms	0	0	0	0
×	00-50	Speed bandwidth 2	0~40Hz	20	0	0	0
×	00-51	Speed bandwidth 3	0~40Hz	20	0	0	0
*	00-52	Overpressure Detecting Time	0.000~1.000sec	0.01	0	0	0
*	00-53	Oil Shortage Detecting Time	0.0~60.0sec	0.0	0	0	0
*	00-54	Oil Pump Reverse Running Detecting Time	0.0~60.0sec	0.0	0	0	0
	00-55	Reserved					
	~ 00-58	Reserved					
×	00-59	Minimum Flow	0.00~ 100.00%	5.00	0	0	0
*	00-60	Oil Shortage Detecting Time at Startup	0 ~10 min	0	0	0	0
	00-61	Minimum Pressure 2	0.0 ~ 100.0%	0.1	0	0	0
	00-62	Minimum Flow 2	0.00 ~ 100.00%	5.00	0	0	0
	00-63	Pressure Releasing Valve Opening Time Interval	0.000 ~ 0.100 sec	0.100	0	0	0
	00-64 ~ 00-65	For specific customers only	For certain customers only				
	00-66	Multi-flow rate / speed command 1	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0
	00-67	Multi-flow rate / speed command 2	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0
	00-68	Multi-flow rate / speed command 3	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0
	00-69	Multi-flow rate / speed command 4	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
0070	Multi-flow rate / speed command 5	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0
00-71	Multi-flow rate / speed command 6	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0
00-72	Multi-flow rate / speed command 7	0.00~599.00Hz	0	0	0	0
00-73 ~ 00-90	For specific customers only	For certain customers only				
00-91	Output quantity of oil pump	0~500 cc / rev 0: Turn off pressure loss detection	0			
00-92	Pressure loss detectiing time	0~60.0 sec 0: Turn off pressure detection	0			
00-93	Pressure limit percentage	0~100%	10			
00-94	Pressure releasing level	0~200%	10			
00-95	Pressure releasing limit	0~400bar	45			

01 Motor Parameters

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
			0: VF				
			1: Reserved				
			2: Reserved	Factory			
	01-00	Control mode	0: VF 1: Reserved 2: Reserved 3: FOCPGIM (Induction Motor) 4: Reserved 5: FOCPGPM (Permanent Motor) 6: Reserved 7: Reserved 0: Controlled by using the digital keypad 1: Controlled by using the external terminals. The STOP button on the keypad is disabled. 2: Communication using RS-485. The STOP button on the keypad is disabled 3: Controlled by using CANopen imum quency d frequency 1: V-255.0V 4: Voltage 1: V-255.0V 4: Voltage 1: V-255.0V 4: Voltage 0: No function 1: Dynamic test for induction motor (IM) (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current)	5			
	01-00	Control mode	4: Reserved	5	0	0	0
			5: FOCPGPM (Permanent Motor)				
			6: Reserved				
			7: Reserved				
			0: Controlled by using the digital keypad				
			1: Controlled by using the external terminals. The				
"	01-01	Source of operating	STOP button on the keypad is disabled.	0	0	0	
_		command	2: Communication using RS-485. The STOP button	0			
			on the keypad is disabled				
			3: Controlled by using CANopen				
	01-02	Motor's maximum	50.00~599.00Hz	166.67	0	0	0
		operating frequency					
	01-03	Motor's rated frequency		113.33	0	0	0
	01-04	Motor's rated voltage			0	0	
	24.25						
~ _		Acceleration time setting			0	0	0
^ _		Deceleration time setting			0	0	0
	01-07			0	0	0	
					0	0	
		Motor Parameter Auto	Lx, no-load current)				
		Tuning	2: Static test for induction motor (IM)		0	0	
			3: Reserved		0	0	
			4: Measuring the angle between magnetic pole and				
			PG origin by the dynamic test of SPM motor				
			5: Parameter measurement by the dynamic test of				
			SPM motor (Surface-mounted Permanent Magnet				0
			synchronous Motor)				
			9: Angle measurement between magnetic pole and				
			PG origin and parameter measurement by the				
			dynamic test of SPM motor.				
			13: Dynamic test for IPM motor				
			(Interior permanent magnet synchronous motor)				
			14: Correction of pressure feedback offset				

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
	01-08	Rated current of the induction motor (A)	40~120% of the drive's rated current	#.##		0	
*	01-09	Rated power of the induction motor	0~655.35kW	#.##		0	
*	01-10	Rated speed of the induction motor	0~65535rpm 1710 (60Hz 4-pole); 1410 (50Hz 4-pole)	1710		0	
	01-11	Number of poles of the induction motor	2~20	4		0	
	01-12	No-load current of the induction motor (A)	0~Default value of Pr.01-08	#.##		0	
	01-13	Stator resistance (Rs) of the induction motor	0~65.535Ω	0		0	
	01-14	Rotor resistance (Rr) of the induction motor	0~65.535Ω	0		0	
	01-15	Magnetizing inductance (Lm) of the induction motor	0.0~6553.5mH	0		0	
	01-16	Total leakage inductance (Lx) of the induction motor	0.0~6553.5mH	0		0	
	01-17	Rated current of the synchronous motor	0.00~655.35 Amps	We've set up			0
	01-18	Rated power of the synchronous motor	0.00~655.35kW	Pr.01-17 to Pr.01-24			0
	01-19	Rated speed of the synchronous motor	0~65535rpm	of each hybrid servo			0
	01-20	Number of poles of the synchronous motor	2~20	drive before shipping them to			0
	01-21	Inertia of the synchronous motor's rotor	0.0~6553.5 *10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²	you.			0
	01-22	Stator's phase resistance (Rs) of the synchronous motor	0.000~65.535Ω				0

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
	01-23	Stator's phase inductance (Ld) of the synchronous motor	0.00~655.35mH				0
	01-24	Stator's phase inductance (Lq) of the synchronous motor	0.00~655.35mH				0
	01-25	Back EMF of the synchronous motor	0~65535 V/ krpm	0			0
	01-26	Encoder type	3: Resolver	3			0
	01-27	PG Offset angle of synchronous motor	0.0~360.0°	0.0			0
	01-28	Number of poles of the resolver	1~5	1			0
	01-29	Encoder pulse	1~20000	1024		0	0
	01-30	Encoder's input type setting	 0: No function 1: Phase A leads in a forward run command and phase B leads in a reverse run command 2: Phase B leads in a forward run command and phase A leads in a reverse run command 3: Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input=reverse direction, high input=forward direction) 4: Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input=forward direction, high input=reverse direction) 5: Single-phase input 	1		0	0
	01-31	System control	0: No function1: ASR automatic tuning2: Estimation of inertia	1		0	0
<u> </u>	01-32	Unity value of the system inertia	1~65535 (256 = 1 per unit)	260		0	0
	01-33	Carrier frequency (VJ-A)	4k~10kHz	5	0	0	0
	01-33	Carrier Frequency (VJ-C)	4k~10 kHz	5			
	01-34	Reserved					
	01-35	Motor ID#	0: No Function See 4-2 Description of Parameter Settings for more information	0			

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
	01-36	Change the running direction	 0: When the drive runs forward, the motor rotates counterclockwise. When the drive runs reversely, the motor rotates clockwise. 1: When the drive runs forward, the motor rotates clockwise. When the drive runs reversely, the motor rotates counterclockwise 	0			
	01-37	HES ID#	0: No Function See 4-2 Description of Parameter Settings for more information	0			
<u> </u>	01-38	Maximum Output Voltage	0~110%	100%	0	0	0
	01-39	PDFF (Speed overshoot suppression parameter)	0~200	100			

02 Protection Parameters

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
_	02-00	Software brake level	230V models: 350.0~450.0V _{DC}	380.0	_		
	02-00	Sollware brake level	460V models: 700.0~900.0V _{DC}	760.0	0	0	0
	02-01	Fault record 1	0: No error record	0	0	0	0
	02-02	Fault record 2	1: Over-current during acceleration (ocA)	0	0	0	0
	02-03	Fault record 3	2: Over-current during deceleration (ocd)	0	0	0	0
	02-04	Fault record 4	3: Over-current during constant speed (ocn)	0	0	0	0
	02-05	Fault record 5	4: Ground fault (GFF)	0	0	0	0
	02-06	Fault record 6	5: IGBT short-circuit (occ)	0	0	0	0
			6: Over-current at stop (ocS)		0	0	0
			7: Over-voltage during acceleration (ovA)		0	0	0
			8: Over-voltage during deceleration (ovd)		0	0	0
			9: Over-voltage during constant speed (ovn)		0	0	0
			10: Over-voltage at stop (ovS)		0	0	0
			11: Low-voltage during acceleration (LvA)		0	0	0
			12: Low-voltage during deceleration (Lvd)		0	0	0
			13: Low-voltage during constant speed (Lvn)		0	0	0
			14: Low-voltage at stop (LvS)		0	0	0
			15: Phase loss protection (orP)		0	0	0
			16: IGBT over-heat (oH1)		0	0	0
			17: Heat sink over-heat for 40HP and above				
			(oH2)		0	0	0
			18: TH1 open: IGBT over-heat protection				
			circuit error (tH1o)		0	0	0
			19: TH2 open: heat sink over-heat protection				
			circuit error (tH2o)		0	0	0
			20: IGBT over heated and unusual fan				
			function (oHF)		0	0	0
			21: Hybrid servo drive overload (oL)		0	0	0
			22: Motor over-load (EoL1)		0	0	0
			23: Reserved				
			24: Motor over-heat (oH3)		0	0	0
			25: Reserved				
			26: Reserved		0	0	0
			27: Reserved		0	0	0
			28: Reserved		0	0	0
			29: Reserved		0	0	0
			30: Memory write error (cF1)		0	0	0

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
		31: Memory read error (cF2)		0	0	0
		32: Isum current detection error (cd0)		0	0	0
		33: U-phase current detection error (cd1)		0	0	0
		34: V-phase current detection error (cd2)		0	0	0
		35: W-phase current detection error (cd3)		0	0	0
		36: Over- current detection error (Hd0)		0	0	0
		37: Over-current detection error (Hd1)		0	0	0
		38: Over-voltage detection error (Hd2)		0	0	0
		39: Ground current detection error (Hd3)		0	0	0
		40: Auto tuning error (AuE)			0	0
		41: Reserved		0	0	0
		42: PG feedback error (PGF1)			0	0
		43: PG feedback loss (PGF2)			0	0
		44: PG feedback stall (PGF3)			0	0
		45: PG slip error (PGF4)			0	0
		46: Reserved		0	0	0
		47: Reserved		0	0	0
		48: Reserved				
		49: External fault input (EF)		0	0	0
		50: Emergency stop (EF1)		0	0	0
		51: Reserved				
		52: Password error (Pcod)		0	0	0
		53: CPU error (ccod) (VJ-C)		0	0	0
		54: Communication error (wrong				
		command)(cE1)		0	0	0
		55: Communication error (wrong data				
		address) (cE2)		0	0	0
		56: Communication error (wrong data value)			0	0
		(cE3)				
		57: Communication error (wrong data written			0	0
		address) (cE4)				
		58: RS-485 Communication time out (cE10)		0	0	0
		59: Reserved		0	0	0
		60: Braking transistor error (bF)		0	0	0
		61~63: Reserved		0	0	0
		64: Reserved		0	0	0
		65: PG card information error or magnetic				0
		pole angle tuning error (PGF5)				

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
			66: Overpressure (ovP)		0	0	0
			67: Pressure feedback fault (PfbF)		0	0	0
			68: Oil pump runs reversely (Prev)				
			69: Oil shortage (noil)				
			70: Reserved				
			71: Over current at Braking chopper (ocbs)				
			72: Braking resistor is open-circuit (bro)				
			73: Resistance of braking resistor is too small				
			(brF)				
			74: Braking chopper overheated (oH4)				
			75: Error occurred on Brake chopper's				
			thermal protection line (tH4o)				
			76~81: Reserved				
			82: Output Phase Loss on Phase U (oPL1)				
			83: Output Phase Loss on Phase V (oPL2)				
			84: Output Phase Loss on Phase W (oPL3)				
			85, 86, 88~100: Reserved				
			87: Hybrid servo drive overloading while				
			running at low frequency (oL3)				
			90: Slave (pump) error, alarm on the master				
			(pump) (SLE)				
			101: Software error 1 occurred on CANopen				
			(CGdE)				
			102: Software error 2 occurred on CANopen				
			(CHbE)				
			103: Reserved				
			104: Hardware error occurred on CANopen				
			(CbFE)				
			105: Index setting error occurred on				
			CANopen (CldE)				
			106: Slave # setting error occurred on				
			CANopen (CAdE)				
			107: CANopen index is out of range (CFrE)				
, [00.07	Low voltoge level	160.0~220.0V _{DC}	180.0		_	_
	02-07	Low voltage level	320.0~440.0V _{DC}	360.0	0	0	0
			0: Warn and keep operation				
	02-08	PTC action selection	1: Warn and ramp to stop	1	0	0	0
			2: Warn and coast to stop				

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
~	02-09	PTC level	0.0~150.0°C	VJ-A: 120°C; VJ-C: 140°C	0	0	0
×	02-10	Reserved		1000	l	l	
*	02-11	PTC type	0: Not assigned 1: KTY84-130 2: PTC130 3: Switch (N.C. model) 4: PT1000	0	0	0	0
*	02-12	Motor fan activation	0.0~150.0°C	50.0	0	0	0
*	02-13	Electronic thermal relay selection 1	0: Inverter motor (Separate heat dissipating, the cooling fan and the rotating shaft are not synchronized) 1: Standard motor (In-lined heat dissipating, the cooling fan and the rotating shaft are synchronized) 2: Disable		0	0	0
*	02-14 Electronic thermal characteristic for motor		30.0~600.0 seconds	60.0	0	0	0
	02-15	Output frequency at malfunction	0.00~599.00 Hz	Read only	0	0	0
	02-16	Output voltage at malfunction	0.0~6553.5 V	Read only			
	02-17	Output of DC side voltage at malfunction	0.0~6553.5 V	Read only	0	0	0
	02-18	Output Current at malfunction	0.00~655.35 Amp	Read only	0	0	0
	02-19	IGBT temperature at malfunction	0.0~6553.5 °C	Read only	0	0	0
	02-20	Auto-Reset LvX error	0: Disable, 1: Enable	0	0	0	0
	02-21	Decode the parameter protection with the password	0~9998	0	0	0	0
	02-22	Set up a parameter protection password	0~9998, 1000~65535	0	0	0	0
	02-23 ~ 02-31	Reserved					
	02-32	Frequency Command at malfunction	0.00 ~ 599.00 Hz	Read only	0	0	0
	02-33 Capacitor's temperature at malfunction		-3276.7~3276.7 °C	Read only	0	0	0

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	ΛF	FOCPG	FOCPM
02-34	Motor's rotating speed at malfunction	-3276.7~3276.7RPM	Read only	0	0	0
02-35	Torque command at malfunction	-3276.7~3276.7%	Read only	0	0	0
02-36 Input Terminals' Status at malfunction Output Terminals' Status at malfunction		0 ~ 65535	Read only	0	0	0
		0 ~ 65535	Read only	0	0	0
02-38	Hybrid servo drive's status at malfunction	0 ~ 65535	Read only	0	0	0
02-39	Detecting Braking Resistor at startup	0: Disable, 1: Enable	1	0	0	0
02-40	Braking resistance	0.0 ~ 6553.5Ω	0.0	0	0	0
02-41	Limit of current	0 ~ 250%	200			
02-42	Maintenance period of the soft-start relay	0 ~ 65535 (X10) 0: Turn off the reminder of the remaining lifespan of the soft-start relay.	0			
02-43	Maintenance period of the cooling fan.	0 ~ 65535 hour 0: Turn off the reminder of the remaining maintenance hour of the cooling fan.	0			
02-47	Feedback slip detection time	0.0~10.0 sec	0.5			

03 Digital/Analog Input/ Output Parameters

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	A/	FOCPG	FOCPM
	03-00	Multi-function input	0: No function	0			
	03-00	command 3 (MI3)	44: Injection signal input	U	0	0	0
	03-01	Multi-function input	45: Confluence/Diversion signal input	0			
	03-01	command 4 (MI4)	46: Hybrid servo drive runs backward	U	0	0	0
			47: Multi-level pressure PI command 1				
			48: Multi-level pressure PI command 2				
	03-02	Multi-function input	51: Flow rate mode	0			
	03-02	command 5 (MI5)	52: Multi-flow rate / speed command 1	0	0	0	0
			53: Multi-flow rate / speed command 2				
			54: Multi-flow rate / speed command 3				
*	03-03	Digital input response time	0.001~ 30.000 sec	0.005	0	0	0
*	03-04	Digital input operation direction	0~65535	0	0	0	
	03-05		0: No function	44			
~			1: Operation indication	11	0	0	0
.,	00.00	Multi-function Output 2	9: Hybrid servo drive is ready				
*	03-06	(MO1)	11: Error indication	0	0	0	0
	,	44: Displacement switch signal					
~	03-07	Multi-function Output 3	45: Motor fan control signal	0	0	0	0
		(MO2)	46: Pressure release valve control signal				
~	03-08	Multi-function output Direction	0~65535	0		0	
	00.00	Display low-pass filter	0.004 05 505	0.400			
*	03-09	time on the keypad	0.001~65.535 seconds	0.100	0	0	0
		Maximum output					
	03-10	voltage for pressure	5.00~10.00 V	10.00	0	0	0
		feedback					
		Minimum output voltage					
	03-11	for pressure feedback	0.00~2.00 V	0.00	0	0	0
~	03-12	Current/Voltage type pressure sensor selection	0: Current mode 1: Voltage mode	1	0	0	0
		Confluence	0: No function				
	03-13	Master/Slave	1: Master 1 2: Slave/Master 2	0	0	0	0
		Selection	3: Slave/Master 3				
		The ratio between					
	03-14	slave's flow and	0.0~65535.5 %	100.0	0	0	0
		master's flow					

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
*	03-15	Source of frequency command	0: Digital keypad 1: RS485 Communication 2~5: Reserved 6: CANopen	0	0	0	0
*	03-16	Limit for the Slave reverse depressurization torque	0~500%	20	0	0	0
×	03-17	Slave's activation level	0.0~100.0%	50.0	0	0	0
	03-18	Reserved					
	03-19	Reserved					
*	03-20	Start-up display selection	0: F (frequency command)1: H (actual frequency)2: Multi-function display (user-defined 00-04)3: A (Output current)	0	0	0	0
*	03-21	Slave reverse operation for depressurization	0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Reserved	0	0	0	0
×	03-22	Slave closing level	0 ~400bar	400	0	0	0
	03-23	Reserved					
	03-24	Reserved					
	03-25	Reserved					
	03-26	AFM1 Multi-function output 1	0: Output frequency (Hz) 1: Frequency command (Hz) 2: Motor rotation speed 3: Output current 4: Output voltage 5: DC bus voltage 6: Power factor 7: Power 8: Output torque 9: AVI 10: ACI 11: AUI 12~17: Reserved 18: IGBT temperature 19: Maximum frequency 20: Pressure feedback	20			
	03-27	AFM1 Analogue output gain	0.0~500.0% (Set up this parameter to adjust the analogue signal sent from the AFM output terminal to the voltage level of an analogue multimeter)	100			
	03-28	Enable AFM1 analogue reverse output	0: Output absolute voltage. 1: Reverse output 0V; Forward output 0~10V. 2: Reverse output: 0~5 V; Forward output	0			

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
		5~10 V.				
03-29	AFM2 Multi-output function 2	Same setting as Pr.03-26.	0			
03-30	AFM2 Analogue output gain	0.0~500.0% (Set up this parameter to adjust the analogue signal sent from the AFM output terminal to the voltage level of an analogue multimeter)	100			
03-31	Enable AFM2 analogue reverse output	0: Output absolute voltage. 1: Reverse output 0V; Forward output 0~10V. 2: Reverse output: 0~5 V; Forward output 5~10 V.	2			

04 Communication Parameters

	Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	ΥF	FOCPG	FOCPM
*	04-00	Communication address	1~254	1	0	0	0
*	04-01	COM transmission speed	4.8~115.2 Kbps	19.2	0	0	0
*	04-02	COM transmission fault treatment	0: Warn and continue operation 1: Warn and ramp to stop 2: Warn and coast to stop 3: No warning and continue operation	3	0	0	0
*	04-03	COM time-out detection	0.0~100.0 sec.	0.0	0	0	0
×	04-04	COM1 communication protocol	0: 7N1 (ASCII) 1: 7N2 (ASCII) 2: 7E1 (ASCII) 3: 7O1 (ASCII) 4: 7E2 (ASCII) 5: 7O2 (ASCII) 6: 8N1 (ASCII) 7: 8N2 (ASCII) 8: 8E1 (ASCII) 9: 8O1 (ASCII) 10: 8E2 (ASCII) 11: 8O2 (ASCII) 12: 8N1 (RTU) 13: 8N2 (RTU) 14: 8E1 (RTU) 15: 8O1 (RTU) 16: 8E2 (RTU) 17: 8O2 (RTU)	13	0	0	0
*	04-05	Delay time of communication response	0.0~200.0 ms	2.0	0	0	0
	04-06	Main frequency of the communication	0.00~ 599.00 Hz	60.00	0	0	0
~	04-07	Block transfer 1	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-08	Block transfer 2	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-09	Block transfer 3	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-10	Block transfer 4	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-11	Block transfer 5	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-12	Block transfer 6	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-13	Block transfer 7	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-14	Block transfer 8	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-15	Block transfer 9	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
~	04-16	Block transfer 10	0.00~655.35	0.00	0	0	0
	04-17	CANopen slave address	0: Disable 1~127	0	0	0	0

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting	Factory Setting	¥>	FOCPG	FOCPM
04-18	CANopen speed	0: 1 Mbps 1: 500 Kbps 2: 250 Kbps 3: 125 Kbps 4: 100 Kbps (Delta only) 5: 50 Kbps	0	0	0	0
04-19	CANopen warning record	bit 0: CANopen Guarding Time out bit 1: CANopen Heartbeat Time out Bit 2: CANopen SYNC Time out bit 3: CANopen SDO Time out bit 4: CANopen SDO buffer overflow bit 5: CAN bus Off bit 6: Error protocol of CANopen bit 8: The setting value of CANopen index failed bit 9: The setting value of CANopen address failed bit10: The checksum value of CANopen index failed	0	0	0	0
04-20	CANopen decoding method	Delta defined decoding method CANopen Standard DS402 protocol	1	0	0	0
04-21	CANopen communication status	O: Node reset state 1: Com reset state 2: Boot up state 3: Pre-operation state 4: Operation state 5: Stop state	0	0	0	0
04-22	CANopen control status	O: Not ready for use state 1: Inhibit start state 2: Ready to switch on state 3: Switched on state 4: Enable operation state 7: Quick stop active state 13: Error reaction activation state 14: Error state	0	0	0	0
04-23	Reserved					
04-24	Communication decoding method	, ,		0	0	0

04-25	25 CAN: multi-pump application mode 0: EST master broadcasting mode (single master-multiple slaves) 1: EST multiple master mode (dual master-dual)		0		
04-26	CAN: customized third-party controller definition	ty controller 1: Enable KEBA customized protocol			
04-27	ncorrect diagnosis of slave (pumps) on the number of slave (pumps).		0		

05 Special application parameters

Pr.	Name of Parameter	Setting		VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
05-00	Flow rate rising time at flow rate mode	0~1000ms	80			
05-01	Flow rate decreasing time at flow rate mode	0~1000ms	80			
05-02	speed	0.00~160.00Hz	5.00			
05-03	Switching point of ASR high speed	0.00~160.00Hz	10.00			
05-04	Low speed bandwidth	1~200Hz	20			
05-05	Low speed ASR gain	0~40	10			
05-06	Low speed ASR integral time	0.001~10.000	0.100			
05-07	High speed bandwidth	1~200Hz	20			
05-08	High speed ASR gain	0~40	10			
05-09	High speed ASR integral time	0.001~10.000	0.100			
05-10	Pressure variation detection level	0.0~100.0	0.0			

4-2 Description of Parameter Settings

00 System Parameters

✓ You can set this parameter during operation.

Hybrid servo drive model code ID

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: Read only

Settings Read only

00-01 Display of rated current of the hybrid servo drive

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: Read only

Settings Read only

Pr.00-00 is to determine the capacity of the hybrid servo motor, which has been configured in this parameter in factory. In addition, the current value of Pr.00-01 can be read out to check if it is the rated current of the corresponding model. Display value of the current value of Pr.00-01 for the related Pr.00-00.

	230V Models										
Power (KW) 5.5 7.5		7.5	11	15		18.5	22	30)	37	
Horse Power (HP)	(HP) 7.5 10 15 20			25 30		40)	50			
Model ID	12	12 14 16 18 20		20	22	21	4	215			
				460V N	Models						
Power (KW)	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75
Horse Power (HP)	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100
Model ID	13	15	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418

00-02 Reset parameter settings

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0: No function

1: Parameter Locked

5: Rest the kWh at drive stop7: Reset CANopen index

10: Reset all the parameters to factory setting

00-03 Software version

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: #. ##

Settings Read only

✓ 00-04 Selection of multi-function display

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0: Display the output current (A)

1: Reserved

2: Display the actual output frequency (H) (unit: Hz)

3: Display the DC bus voltage (U) (unit: V)

2. Display the actual output frequency (11) (unit. 112)

4: Display the three-phase U, V, W output voltage (E)

5: Display the three-phase U, V, W output power angle

(n)

(unit: deg)

6: Display the output power in kW (P)	J P8888
7: Display the actual motor speed in rpm estimated by the motor drive or encoder's feedback.	
(r 00: forward speed; - 00: negative speed) (unit: rpm	יו עט יי
8: Display the estimated output torque N-m (t 0.0: positive torque; - 0.0: negative torque) (unit: %)	<u>[8 00]</u> - 00
9: Display the PG feedback (G) (unit: PLS)	5 88
10: Reserved	
11: Display the signal value of the analog input termi PS with 0~10V mapped to 0~100% (unit: %) 12: Display the signal value of the analog input termi	U.U.U
PI with 0~10V mapped to 0~100% (unit: %)	12. 00
13: Display the signal value of the analog input termi AUI with -10~10V mapped to 0~100% (unit: %)	
14: Display temperature of the power module IGBT ir (t.)	1 °C
15: Display temperature of the power capacitor °C	. [0.0
16: The status of digital input (ON/OFF)	0.0
17: The status of digital output (ON/OFF)	. 0 0.0
18: Reserved	[5 0]
19: The corresponding CPU pin status of the digital	[FFFF
input 20: The corresponding CPU pin status of the digital output	, offff
21~24: Reserved	
25: Display the signal value of the analog input termi QI with 0~10V mapped to 0~100% (unit: %)	5. 00
26: Display the actual pressure value (unit: Bar)	. b. 00
27: Display the kWh value (unit: kWh)	"[h 88]
 Display the motor temperature in °C (currently or support KTY84) 	nly
29: Over load rate of hybrid servo drive (d.) (unit: %)	, G. 00
30: Over load rate of motor with last digit A of HES, g EOL1 at 100% (M.) (unit: %)	get R. CO
31: Display current at braking (A.) (unit: A)	D 00
32: Display temperature of the braking chopper (4.)	7. 00
(unit: °C)	
33: Reserved	P. 00
34: torque constant KT (unit: K)	
37: Reserved	
38: Reserved	
39: Reserved	(I.)
41: # of times to switch on/off of the soft start relays (%)	(L)

This parameter defines the contents to be displayed in the U page of the digital keypad KPVJ-LE02 (as shown in the figure).

42: Amount of time to clean the cooling fans (F) %

Reserved

00-05

00-06 Display the speed (rpm) defined by the user Control mode **VF FOCPG FOCPM** Factory setting: 2500 Settings 0~39999 rpm Set the maximum speed of the motor corresponding to the 100% flow. When the control mode is FOCPM (Pr.01-00=5), Pr.00-06 will follow the setting at Pr.01-20<Number of poles of the synchronous motor> to modify Pr.01-02<Motor's maximum operating frequency>. frequency = rpm*Pole/120 00-07 Maximum value of the pressure command **FOCPG FOCPM** ۷F Control mode Factory setting: 140 Settings 0~400Bar The 0~10V for the pressure command on the controller is mapped to 0~the value of this parameter. When you set up Pr.00-07 and Pr.00-08, these two parameters Pr.00-14 and Pr.00-15 will also be modified automatically. However, when the pressure command is bigger than the pressure feedback, Pr.00-07 cannot be set up. Only when Pr.00-07 is smaller than Pr.00-08, you can set Pr.00-07 while the hybrid servo drive is running, 80-00 Maximum pressure feedback value **FOCPG FOCPM** VF Control mode Factory setting: 250 0~400Bar Settings The 0~10V for the pressure sensor is mapped to 0~the value of this parameter. 00-09 Pressure control mode Control mode ۷F **FOCPG FOCPM** Factory setting: 0 0: Speed control Settings 1: Pressure control This parameter determines the control mode of the hybrid servo drive. It is recommended to use the speed control at the initial startup. After the motor, pump, pressure sensor, and the entire system are checked without any error, switch to the pressure control mode to enter the process control.

In pressure control (Pr.00-09=1), it is necessary to set bot Pr.01-05 (Acceleration time setting) and Pr.01-06

(Deceleration time setting) as zero, or it will affect the stability of pressure control

_						
	00-10	Speed ban	dwidth			
	Control mode	•	FOCPG	FOCPM		Factory setting: 20
		Settings	0~	40Hz		
,	Set the	speed respon	nse. The larger	value indicates	the faster response	
×	00-50	Speed Bar	ndwidth 2			
	Control mode		FOCPG FOCE	PM		Factory setting: 20
		Settings	0 ~ 40Hz			
×	00-51	Speed ban	dwidth 3			
	Control mode		FOCPG FOCE	PM		Factory setting: 20
		Settings	0 ~ 40Hz			
	Set the	speed respons	e. The larger val	ue indicates the fa	aster response.	
*	00-11	Drassura fo	eedback filte	ring time DS		
, ,	00-11		eedback filte	•		
<i>*</i>	00-12		eedback filte	•		
<i>/</i>		I nessure it	FOCPG FOCI	•		Factory setting: 0.000
	Ooniio	Setting		.000 seconds	·	dotory souring. 0.000
	M Noises m				I terminals PS PI and	NOI The noise may affect
	Noises may reside in the analog input signals of the control terminals PS, PI, and QI. The noise may affect the control stability. Use an input filter to eliminate such noise.				a Qi. The holse may allest	
	the control stability. Use an input filter to eliminate such noise. If the time constant is too large, a stable control is obtained with poorer control response. If it is too small,				esponse If it is too small a	
	fast response is obtained with unstable control. If the optimal setting is not known, adjust it properly					
	·		ty or response d	•		.,,,
	00-14	Darsantag	a far tha nrae		ad value (May)	
~			FOCPG FOC		nd value (Max)	Tantany anttings EG 0
	Control mode				Г	actory setting: 56.0
*	00-15	Settings	0.0~100		ad value (Mid)	
~		•	•		nd value (Mid)	Tantany anttings 20 0
	Control mode		0.0~100		Г	actory setting: 28.0
	00-16	Settings			nd value (Min)	
~	Control mode	_	FOCPG FOC		nd value (Min)	Factory setting: 0.0
	Control mode	Settings	0.0~100		ı	actory setting. 0.0
	∭ When set				Pr 00 07) and maximu	m pressure feedback value
		•	·	•	•	•
	(Pr.00-08), Percentage for the pressure command value (Pr.00-14) and (Pr.00-15) will be revised as well; it cannot be set when pressure command is higher than pressure feedback value.			o) will be revised as well, it		
		·				or 00 07 is lower than
	Pr.00-07 can be changed when the drive is in operation, but it can be set when Pr.00-07 is lower than Pr.00-08.					
		see naramotoro	it is necessary	to set Pr.00-09 =	1	
		·	-	10 561 F1.00-09 =	1.	
	Bet Pr.00	-04 = 12 for PI	iriput voitage.			

Send the maximum pressure command through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr.00-14.

Send a half pressure command through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr.00-15.

Send the minimum pressure command through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into 00-16.

Example: If the pressure sensor indicates 250bar at 10V. If the controller's maximum pressure of 140bar corresponds to 10V, then Pr.00-07=140. Set the pressure as 140bar by using the controller, the voltage value shown on the display is about 56.0 (140/250 * 100%). Enter this value into the Pr.00-14. Then set the pressure as 70bar on the controller, and now the value displayed on the keypad is about 28.0 (70/250 * 100%). Enter this value to the Pr.00-15. Then set the pressure as 0 bar on controller, and the voltage value shown on the keypad is about 0.0 (0/250 * 100%). Enter this value in the Pr.00-16.

№ 00-17	Percentage	e for the flow command value (Max)	
Control mod	de VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 100.0
	Settings	0.0~100.0%	
№ 00-18	Percentage	e for the flow command value (Mid)	
Control mod	de VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 50.0
	Settings	0.0~100.0%	
Percentage for the flow command value (Min)			
Control mod	de VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings	0.0~100.0%	

- Set Pr.00-09 = 1 before setting Pr.00-17, Pr.00-18 and Pr.00-19.
- Set Pr.00-04 = 25 for QI input voltage.

Send the 100% flow rate through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr.00-17.

Send the 50% flow rate through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr.00-18.

Send the 0% flow rate through the controller and then check the multi-function display page to enter this value into Pr.00-19.

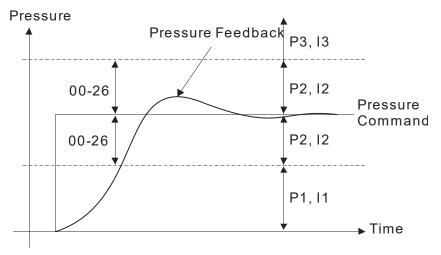
* *	00-22	P gain 1 P gain 2 P gain 3		
	Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 50.0
		Settings	0.0~1000.0	
×	00-21	I integration	time 1	
\varkappa	00-23	I integration	time 2	
\varkappa	00-25	I integration	time 3	
	Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 2.00
		Settings	0.00 - 500.00 seconds	



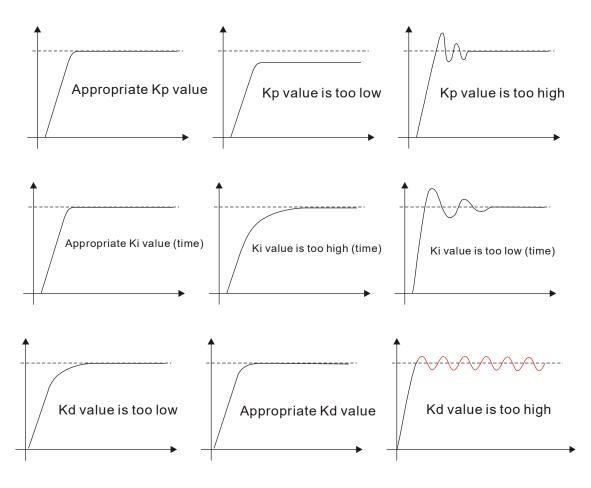
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0.0 Settings 0.0~100.0 %

This parameter is functional only when Bit0 and Bit2 = 1 at Pr.00-38.





Adjust the Kp value to a proper level first, and then adjust the Ki value (time). If the pressure has overshoot, adjust the kd value.



Minimum pressure **FOCPG FOCPM** Control mode VF Settings

Set the minimum pressure value 100% corresponding to Pr.00-08

 $0.0 \sim 100.0\%$

Maintain a minimum pressure to ensure that the oil pipe is in fully filled condition to avoid the activation delay of the cylinder when a pressure/flow command is activated.

Factory setting: 0.1

00-55 Minimum flow

VF FOCPG FOCPM Control mode Factory setting: 5.0 $0.00 \sim 100.00\%$ Settings

The setting at Pr.00-08 is the setting of Pr.00-27 at 100%. The setting at Pr.01-02 is the setting of Pr.00-55 at 100%.

🚇 A minimum pressure must be maintained to ensure the oil circuit is full at all to time. This will prevent delay of oil tank activation when receiving a pressure/ flow rate command.

When the pressure command is 0, keep the minimum pressure (Setting value of Pr.00-27).

When the pressure command is below the minimum pressure but over 0.7bar, the hybrid servo drive follows the pressure command to do control. For example, when the pressure command is 1 bar, the hybrid servo drive follows this command to keep the pressure at 1 bar.

 \square When the pressure command is lower than 0.7bar, the hybrid servo drive keeps the minimum pressure.

00-28 Depressurization speed

FOCPG FOCPM Control mode VF Factory setting: 25 $0 \sim 100\%$ Settings

Set the highest rotation speed at depressurization. The 100% value is mapped to Pr.01-02 (the maximum rotation speed of the motor).

00-29 Ramp up rate of pressure command

Control mode **FOCPG FOCPM** Factory setting: 0

> 0~1000ms Settings

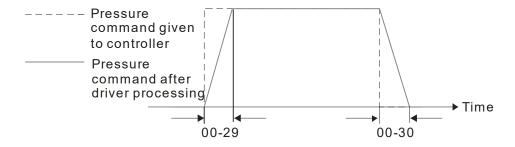
00-30 Ramp down rate of pressure command

FOCPG FOCPM Control mode **VF** Factory setting: 100

> 0~1000ms Settings

Ramp the pressure value for the pressure command to reduce the vibration of the machine.

Set the time required for ramping the pressure from 0 ~the maximum pressure (Pr.00-08).

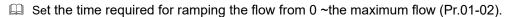


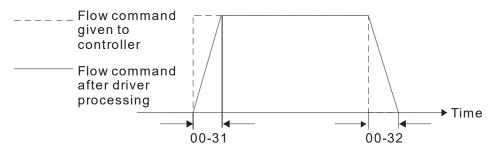
00-31 Ramp up rate of flow command00-32 Ramp down rate of flow command

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 80

Settings 0~1000ms

Ramp the flow value for the flow command to reduce the vibration of the machine.



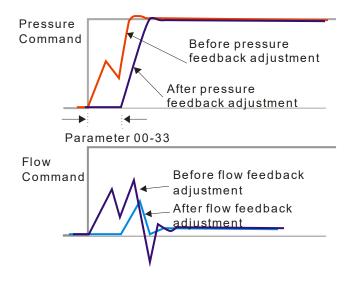


✓ 00-33 Valve opening delay time

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0 – 200ms

When both the pressure command and flow command activate the machine to start from idle, the flow starts to output. However, due to the slower response of the valve in the hydraulic circuit, the sudden surge of the pressure may occur. The pressure may recover to normal until the valve is fully opened. To avoid the aforementioned effect, set this parameter to increase time for the flow output delay.



Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 50.0

Settings $0.0 \sim 100.0\%$

Over-pressure detection level

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 230

Settings 0~400 Bar

When the pressure feedback exceeds this parameter setting, an "ovP over pressure" error message may

Firmware version 2.04 and above, maximum value 400Bar, the previous version's maximum allowed value is 250Bar.

the multi-function input terminal

Detecting time of pressure-overshoot 00-52 VF **FOCPG FOCPM** Control mod Factory setting: 0.01 е 0.0000~ 1.0000 sec Settings When the pressure feedback is larger than the level set at Pr.00-35 and over the time set at Pr.00-52, an ovP (over-pressure) warning code will display. Warning code: When Pr.00-35= 0, disable detection of pressure-overshoot. 00-36 Detection of disconnection of pressure feedback **VF FOCPG FOCPM** Control mode Factory setting: 0 Settings 0: No function 1: Enable (only for the pressure feedback output signal within 1~5V and 4~20mA) When this parameter is set as 1 and if the pressure feedback signal is below 1V or 4mA, an "PFbF pressure feedback fault" error message may occur. 00 - 38Pressure/flow control function selection **FOCPG FOCPM** VF Factory setting: 0 Control mode Bit 0: 0: Switch the PI Gain according to the pressure feedback level and use Settings single speed bandwidth 1: Switch the PI Gain according to the multi-function input terminal Bit 1: 0: No pressure/flow control switch 1: Switch between the pressure and flow control **Bit 2:** 0: Use the old pressure overshoot suppression 1: Use the new pressure overshoot suppression Bit3: 0: Switch the PI Gain and single speed bandwidth according to the pressure feedback level. 1: Switch the PI Gain and speed bandwidth according to the pressure command. Bit 8: 0: Switch between the ASR frequency feedbacks Bit 9: 0: Switch between the ASR frequency commands (To use this parameter, you need to convert binary number to decimal.)

When the Bit 0 of this parameter is set as 1, the PI Gain for the pressure can be switched in conjunction with

Set Bit2 = 0			
Multi-function input terminal = 47	Multi-function input terminal = 48		
OFF	OFF	PI1 (Pr.00-20 and Pr.00-21) and Pr.00-10: Speed Bandwidth	
ON	OFF	PI2 (Pr.00-22 and Pr.00-23) and Pr.00-50: Speed Bandwidth 2	
OFF	ON	PI3 (Pr.00-24 and Pr.00-25) and Pr.00-51: Speed Bandwidth	
Set Bit2 =1			
Multi-function input terminal = 47	Multi-function input terminal = 47		
OFF	OFF	PID1 (Pr.00-20, Pr.00-21 and Pr.00-37) and Pr.00-10: Speed Bandwidth	
ON	OFF	PID2 (Pr.0-22, Pr.02-23 and Pr.00-40) and Pr.00-50 Speed Bandwidth 2	
OFF	ON	PID3 (Pr.00-24, Pr.00-25 and Pr.00-41) and Pr.00-51: Speed Bandwidth 3	

- When the Bit 1 of this parameter is set as 1, the pressure feedback is lower than the pressure stable region (please refer to the description of Pr.00-26) so the flow control will be performed. When it enters the pressure stable region, the pressure control will be applied.
- When Bit1= 0, the Pressure Response is slow and the pressure overshoot is weak.

 When Bit1 = 1, the Pressure Response is fast and the pressure overshoot is strong.
- Set Bit2 = 0, the setting at Pr.00-39 and Pr.00-42 are used to suppress pressure overshoot.

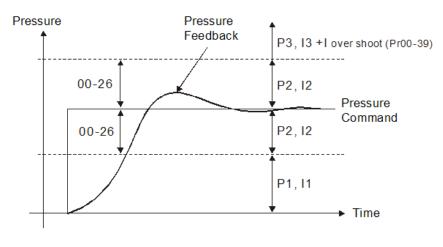
 But when Bit2 = 1, the setting at Pr.00-37 is used to suppress pressure overshoot.

Pressure Command	P, I Gain and Speed Bandwidth	D (Set Bit2 =1)
Smaller than or equal to the maximum pressure command (Pr.00-07) x 25%	PI1 (Pr.00-20 and Pr.00-21) and Pr.00-10: Speed Bandwidth	Pr.00-37
Equal to the maximum value for pressure command (Pr.00-07)	PI2 (Pr.00-22 and Pr.00-23) and Pr.00-50: Speed Bandwidth 2	
Pressure command between 25% and 100%.	The PI Gain and Speed Bandwidth can be obtained by calculating the linear interpolation.	

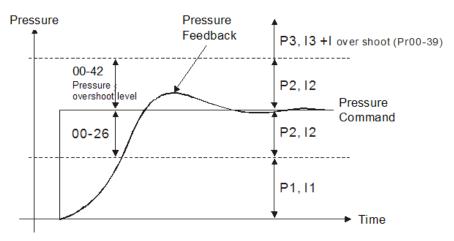
00-39	I gain of F	Pressure overshoot 1	
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.2
	Settings	0.00~500.00 sec.	
00-42	Pressure	overshoot level	
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 2
_	Settings	0~100%	

- By using the factory setting 250 bar of the Pr.00-08 Maximum Pressure Feedback, when the pressure is over 5 bar (250*2%=5 bar), another integral time of Pr.00-39 will do overshoot protection.
- When Pr.00-38=1 and Pr.00-39=0, Pr.00-42 is disabled.

Set Pr00-42=0



Set Pr00-42≠0



Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 100 Settings 0~100%

Set up this parameter to adjust the maximum rotation frequency (maximum flow rate). It is not necessary to stop the hybrid servo drive to set up this parameter. When this parameter is set to be 100%, it corresponds to the maximum rotation frequency of Pr.01-02.

00-44 Pressure Command

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0~400bar

00-45 Flow Command

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0~100%

- When Pr.00-44 ≠ 0, Pressure Command will not be given by the analog signal but input by Pr.00-44.
- When Pr.00-45 ≠ 0, Flow Command will not be given by the analog signal but input by Pr.00-45.
- Pr00-44 & Pr.00-45 can be applied in an environment without input of analog signal to do simple test.

00-46 Pressure reference S1 time

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

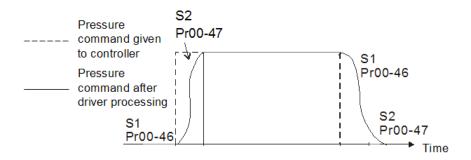
Settings 0~1000ms

00-47 Pressure reference S2 time

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0~1000ms

To increase the smoothness at start or stop while increasing or decreasing the percentage of the pressure command. The longer the pressure reference time, the smoother it will be.



00-48 Flow reference S1 time

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

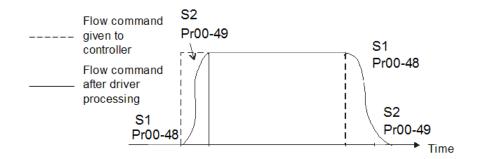
Settings 0~1000ms

00-49 Flow reference S2 time

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0~1000ms

To increase the smoothness at start or stop while increasing or decreasing the percentage of the flow command. The longer the flow reference time, the smoother it will be.



00-53 Oil shortage detecting time Control mode **FOCPG FOCPM** Factory setting: 0.0 Settings 0.0 ~60.0 sec 00-60 Oil shortage detecting time at startup **FOCPG FOCPM** Control mode Factory setting: 0 Settings 0 ~10min 00-54 Oil pump reverse running detecting time Control mode **FOCPG FOCPM** Factory setting: 0.0 Settings 0.0 ~60.0 sec When the oil pump runs reversely exceeds the time set at Pr.00-54, a reverse running warning will pop up on the keypad. When Pr.00-54 = 0.0, this function is disabled.

00-55 ~ Reserved 00-58

00-59 Minimum Flow

Control mode **VF FOCPG FOCPM** Factory setting: 5.00

Settings 0.00 ~ 100.00%

- To set the minimum pressure, the 100% of Pr.00-27 matches the setting at Pr.00-08 and the 100% of Pr.00-55 matches the setting at Pr.01-02.
- It is necessary to maintain a minimum flow to make sure that the oil passage is filled with oil at all times. So that there will not be a delay on oil tank activation when sending a pressure/ flow command.
- When the pressure command is 0, the hybrid servo drive keeps the minimum pressure.
- When the pressure command is lower than the minimum pressure but higher than 0.7bar, the hybrid servo drive follows the pressure command. For example, when the pressure command is 1 bar, the hybrid servo drive keeps the pressure at 1 bar.
- When the pressure command is lower than 0.7bar, the hybrid servo drive keeps the minimum pressure.

00-61 Minimum Pressure 2	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Settings: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	Factory setting: 0.1
The setting value of Pr.00-08 Maximum Feedback Pressure is the 100	% of this parameter Pr.00-61.
00-62 Minimum Flow 2	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 5.00
Settings 0.00 ~ 100.00%	
The setting value at Pr.01-02 Maximum Operating Frequency is the 10	·
00-63 Pressure Releasing Valve Opening Time Interv	/al
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Settings 0.000 ~ 0.100 sec	Factory setting: 0.100
 The output signal MO-46 opens the pressure releasing valve when: Speed command is to run reversely, Pressure command is to decrease the pressure The elapsed time is longer than time set at Pr.00-63. The feedback pressure doesn't reach yet the stable pressure zor Use Pr.00-63 to set up the time interval between opening and closing unnecessary valve opening and closing (ON / OFF) 	
00-64For specific customers only00-65	
Multi-flow rate / speed command 1	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	Factory setting: 0
Multi-flow rate / speed command 2	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	
00-68 Multi-flow rate / speed command 3	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	Factory setting: 0
Multi-flow rate / speed command 4	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	Factory setting: 0
<u>~</u>	

00-70 Multi-flow rate / speed command 5	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	
Multi-flow rate / speed command 6	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	
Multi-flow rate / speed command 7	
00-72 Multi-flow rate / speed command /	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0.00 ~ 599.00Hz	
You can set up multi-function input commands (Pr.03-00 to Pr.03 speed commands (MI functions #52, #53, #54).	3-02) to choose different multi-flowrate /
☐ The multi-flow rate / speed commands 1~7 (Pr.00-66 ~ Pr.00-72) correspond to the MI functions (#52, #53
#54) in binary code. When MI functions #52, #53 and #54 are set to 0, the flowrate of	ommand becomes the setting value of
Pr.00-45. Use Pr.00-66 to Pr.00-72 to set up multi-flow rate / speed comm	ands 1~7
Use 11.00-00 to 11.00-72 to set up main-now rate 7 speed commi	anus r-7.
73For specific customers only00-90	
00-91 Output quantity of oil pump	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0 ~ 500cc/rev	
0: Turn off pressure loss detection	
To detect if there is a pressure loss.	
00-92 Pressure loss detectiing time	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0 ~ 60.0 sec	
0: Turn off pressure loss detection	
☐ To detect if there is a pressure loss.	
The larger the value, the less sensitive to detect the pressure los	s. The smaller the value, the more sensitiv
to detect the pressure loss.	
00-93 Pressure limit percentage	
Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 10
Settings 0 ~ 100%	, ,
Pressure limit = Pressure command x Pressure limit %	
☐ Set MI =44 as ON, when the pressure error is smaller than	the pressure limit, the hybrid servo motor
switches to pressure more. When the pressure error is larger th	an the pressure limit, the hybrid servo driv
1 1	

switches to flowrate mode.

00-94 Pressure releasing level

Factory setting: 20

Settings $0 \sim 200\%$

When the pressure command and pressure feedback error are bigger than the setting at Pr.00-08 (maximum feedback pressure), this MO terminal starts to output.

00-95 Pressure releasing limit

Factory setting: 20

Settings 0 ~ 400bar

When the pressure feedback is lower than the setting at Pr.00-95, this parameter is disabled.

01 Motor Parameters

✓ You can set this parameter during operation.

01-00 Control mode

Control mode

VF
FOCPG FOCPM
Factory setting: 5

0: V/F
1: Reserved
2: Reserved
3: FOCPGIM (Induction Motor)
4: Reserved
5: FOCPGPM (Synchronous Motor)
6: Reserved

- This parameter determines the control mode of this motor.
 - 0: V/F control, the user can design the required V/F ratio. This control mode needs induction motors.
 - 1: Reserved
 - 2: Reserved
 - 3: FOC vector control + Encoder. This control mode needs induction motors.

7: Reserved

- 4: Reserved
- 5: FOC vector control + Encoder. This control mode needs synchronous motors.
- 6: Reserved
- 7: Reserved

✓ 01-01 Source of operating command

- C - C -		-	
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Se	ettings	0: The operating comman	d is controlled by the digital keypad
		1: The operating comman The STOP button on th	d is controlled by the external terminals. e keypad is disabled
		2: The operating comman The STOP button on th	d is controlled by the communication interface. e keypad is disabled
		3: The operating comman	d is controlled by CANopen

For the operating command, press the PU button to allow the "PU" indicator to be lit. In this case, the RUN, JOG, and STOP button are enabled.

01-02 Motor's maximum operating frequency

Control mode

VF FOCPG FOCPM

Settings

50.00 – 599.00Hz

Set the maximum operating frequency range of the motor. This setting is corresponding to the maximum

- Set the maximum operating frequency range of the motor. This setting is corresponding to the maximum flow for the system.
- When the control mode is FOCPGPM (Pr.01-00=5), the user defined speed display (Pr.00-06) follows the setting of number of poles of synchronous motor (Pr.01-20) to adjust the motor maximum operating frequency(Pr.01-02)
- Frequency = Motor's rotating speed (rpm) x Motor's number of pole / 120

01-03 Motor's rated frequency

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 113.33

Settings 0.00~599.00Hz

Typically, this setting is configured according to the rated voltage and frequency listed in the specifications on the motor's nameplate. If the motor is intended for 60Hz, set this value as 60Hz; if the motor is intended for 50Hz, set this value as 50Hz.

Factory setting: 0

0

0

Motor's rated frequency (Pr.01-03) changes as Rated speed of the synchronous motor (Pr.01-19) and Number of poles of the synchronous motor (Pr.02-120) change.

01-04 Motor's rated voltage

Control mode VF FOCPG Factory setting: 220.0/440.0

Settings 230V models: 0.1 – 255.0V 460V models: 0.1 – 510.0V

Typically, this setting is configured according to the rated operation voltage shown on the motor's nameplate. If the motor is intended for 220V, set this value as 220.0V; if the motor is intended for 200V, set this value as 200.0V.

✓ 01-05 Acceleration time setting

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0.00

Settings 0.00 - 600.00 seconds

01-06 Deceleration time setting

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0.00

Settings 0.00 – 600.00 seconds

The acceleration time determines the time required for the hybrid servo motor to accelerate from 0.00Hz to [the motor's maximum frequency] (Pr.01-02). The deceleration time determines the time required for the hybrid servo motor to decelerate from [the motor's maximum frequency] (Pr.01-02) to 0.0Hz.

01-07 Motor Parameter Auto Tuning

Settings Control mode **VF FOCPG FOCPM**0: No function

Ontrol mode **VF FOCPG FOCPM**Ontrol mode **VF FOCPG FOCPM**

1: Dynamic test for induction motor (IM) (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current)

2: Static test for induction motor (IM) o

3: Reserved

4: Auto measure the angle between magnetic pole and PG origin

13: Dynamic test for IPM motor

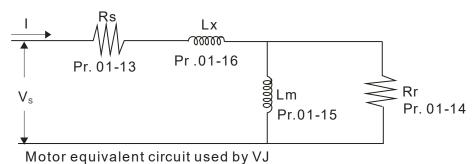
14: Correction of pressure feedback offset

If the parameter is set as 1~2, it will perform the parameter automatic tuning for the Induction motor. In this case, press the [Run] button to perform the automatic measurement operation immediately. After the measurement is complete, the values are filled into Pr.01-13 ~ Pr.01-16 (no-load current, Rs, Rr, Lm, and Lx), respectively.

Induction motor AUTO-Tuning procedure: (Rolling test)

- 1. All parameters of the hybrid servo drive are set to factory settings and the motor is connected correctly.
- Users are strongly advised to disconnect the motor from any load before tuning. That is to say, the
 motor contains only the output shaft and connects to neither a belt nor a decelerator. Otherwise, it will
 be impossible to disconnect the motor from any loads. Static tuning is advised.

- 3. Set the rated voltage Pr.01-04, rated frequency Pr.01-03, rated current Pr.01-08, rated power Pr.01-09, rated speed Pr.01-10, and number of poles Pr.01-11 of the motor with correct values, respectively. For the acceleration/deceleration time, please set the correct values.
- 4. Set Pr.01-07 as 1 and then press the RUN button on the keypad. The auto tuning process for the motor is carried out immediately. (Note: the motor starts running).
- 5. After the process is finished, check if the motor's parameters (Pr.01-13 ~ Pr.01-16) have been automatically entered with the measurement data.
- 6. Equivalent circuit of the motor





 \times . When the static tuning (Pr.01-07 = 2) is used, you must enter the no-load current to the motor. It is generally 20 to 50% of the rated current.

If the parameter is set as 5 or 13, it will perform the parameter automatic tuning for the synchronous motor. In this case, press the [Run] button to perform the automatic measurement operation immediately. After the measurement is complete, the values are filled into Pr.01-22 (Rs), Pr.01-23 & 24 (Ld & Lq), Pr.01-25 (Back EMF of the synchronous motor), respectively.

Synchronous motor AUTO-Tuning procedure: (static measurement)

- All parameters of the hybrid servo drive are set to factory settings and the motor is connected correctly.
- 2. Set the rated current Pr.01-17, rated power Pr.01-18, rated speed Pr.01-19, and number of poles Pr.01-20 of the motor with correct values, respectively. For the acceleration/deceleration time, please set the values according to the motor's capacity.
- 3. Set Pr.01-07 as 5 and then press the RUN button. The auto tuning process for the motor is carried out immediately. (Note: the motor starts running slightly).
- 4. After the process is finished, check if the motor's parameters (Pr.01-22 ~ Pr.01-25) have been automatically entered with the measurement data.
- If the parameter is set as 4, the automatic measurement of the angle between magnetic pole and the PG origin for the synchronous motor is performed. In this case, press the [Run] button to immediately perform automatic measurement. The measured data will be entered into Pr.01-27.

Angle between magnetic pole and the PG origin Auto-Tuning process for the synchronous motor:

- 1. After the measurement process for parameter value of 5 is performed completely or manually enter the Pr.01-03, Pr.01-17 to Pr.01-25, respectively.
- 2. Before tuning, it is recommended to separate the motor and the load.
- 3. Set Pr.01-07 as 4 and then press the RUN button on the keypad. The auto tuning process for the motor is carried out immediately. (Note: the motor starts running).

4. After the process is complete, please check if the values for the angle between magnetic poles and PG origin have been automatically entered in the Pr.01-27.

01-08 Ra	ated current	of the induction motor (A)	
Control mode	FO	CPG	Unit: Ampere
Control mode	. •		Factory setting: #. ##
Set	tings	40~120% of the rated driving cu	ırrent
To set this par	rameter, the use	er can set the rated motor current ra	ange shown on the motor's nameplate. The
Factory setting	g is 90% of the i	rated current of the hybrid servo dr	rive.
For example:	For the 7.5HP ((5.5kW) motor, the rated current is	25, the factory settings: 22.5A.
The c	customers can s	et the parameter within the range	10 ~ 30A.
25*40)%=10 25*12	0%=30	
✓ 01-09 Ra	ated nower o	of the induction motor	
Control mode	•	CPG	Factory setting: #.##
_		0 – 655.35kW	ractory setting. #.##
	tings		
Set the motor	s rated power.	The Factory setting value is the po	wer of the hybrid servo drive.
01-10 Ra	ated speed o	f the induction motor	
Control mode	FO	CPG	Factory setting:
			1710 (60Hz 4-pole)
			1410 (50Hz 4-pole)
Set	tings	0~65535	
This parameter	er sets the rated	speed of the motor. It is necessary	y to refer to the specifications shown on the
motor's name	plate.		
04 44 Nu	umbar af nala	as of the industion mater	
	•	es of the induction motor	F 4 W
Control mode	FOCI tings	PG 2~20	Factory setting: 4
I his paramete	er sets the numb	per of motor number of poles (odd	number is not allowed).
01-12	No-load cu	rrent of the induction moto	r (A)
Control mode	FOC	PG	Unit: Ampere
Control mode			
Control mode			Factory setting: 40

The Factory setting is 40% of the rated current of the hybrid servo drive.

01-13 Stator resistance (Rs) of the induction motor Control mode **FOCPG** Factory setting: 0 01-14 Rotor resistance (Rr) of the induction motor Control mode **FOCPG** Factory setting: 0 0~65.535Ω Settings 01-15 Magnetizing inductance (Lm) of the induction motor Control mode **FOCPG** Factory setting: 0 01-16 Total leakage inductance (Lx) of the induction motor Control mode **FOCPG** Factory setting: 0 Settings 0.0~6553.5mH Rated current of the synchronous motor Control mode **FOCPM** Factory setting: 0.00 Settings 0~655.35 Amps The user can set the rated current shown on the synchronous motor's nameplate. 01-18 Rated power of the synchronous motor Control mode **FOCPM** Factory setting: 0.00 0.00 - 655.35kW Settings This parameter sets the rated power of the synchronous motor. 01-19 Rated speed of the synchronous motor Control mode **FOCPM** Factory setting: 1700 Settings 0~65535

This parameter sets the rated speed of the synchronous motor. It is necessary to refer to the specifications shown on the motor's nameplate.

01-20 Number of poles of the synchronous motor

FOCPM Control mode Factory setting: 8

> Settings 2~20

This parameter sets the number of the synchronous motor's number of poles (odd number is not allowed).

01-21 Inertia of the synchronous motor's rotor

Control mode **FOCPM** Factory setting: 0.0

> 0.0~6553.5 *10⁻⁴ kg.m2 Settings

01-22 Stator's phase resistance (Rs) of the synchronous motor

Control mode **FOCPM** Factory setting: 0.000

> Settings $0.000 \sim 65.535\Omega$

Enter the phase resistance of the synchronous motor.

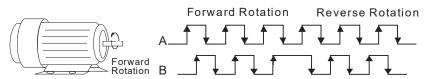
01-23	Stator's p	hase indu	ctance (Ld) of the	he synchronous motor
01-24	Stator's p	hase indu	ictance (Lq) of th	he synchronous motor
Control mode	•		FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.00
	Settings	0.0	~655.35mH	
Enter the	synchronous	motor's ph	ase inductance. For	r surface type magnets (SPM), Ld = Lq; for built
magnets	(IPM), Ld ≠ Lo	۹.		
01-25	Back EM	of the sy	nchronous moto	tor
Control mode	•		FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings		0~65535 V/krpm	
Enter the	back EMF of	the synchro	nous motor.	
01-26	Encoder t	ype selec	tion	
Control mode	•		FOCPM	Factory setting: 3
	Settings	3: F	esolver	
01-27	PG Offset	t angle of	synchronous mo	otor
Control mode		•	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings		0.0~360.0°	
Offset and	gle of the PG	origin for the	synchronous motor.	.
01-28	Number o	of poles of	the resolver	
Control mode	•	F	OCPM	Factory setting: 1
	Settings	1~5	5	
01-29	Encoder F	Pulse		
Control mode		FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 1024
	0 - 411	4 00/		
	Settings	1~200	000	

01-30 Encoder's input type setting

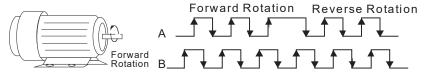
Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 1

Settings

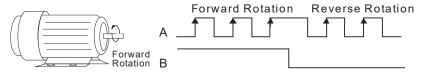
- 0: No function
- 1: Phase A leads in a forward run command and phase B leads in a reverse run command.



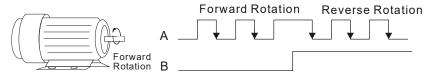
2: Phase B leads in a forward run command and phase A leads in a reverse run command.



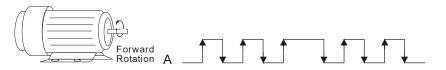
3: Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input = reverse direction, high input = forward direction).



4: Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input = forward direction, high input = reverse direction).



5: Single-phase input



Enter the correct setting for the pulse type is helpful in controlling the stability.

01-31 System control

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 1

Settings 0: No function

1: ASR automatic tuning2: Estimation of inertia

If the setting value is 1: The speed control gain is determined by Pr.00-10.

If the setting value is 2: The system inertia is estimated. Refer to descriptions in Chapter 3.

√ 01-32 Unity value of the system inertia

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 260

Settings 1~65535 (256 = 1 per unit)

01-33 Carrier frequency

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 5

Settings 4~ 10KHz

- When this parameter is configured, please restart the hybrid servo drive.
- The carrier frequency of the PWM output has a significant influence on the electromagnetic noise of the motor. The heat dissipation of the hybrid servo drive and the interference from the environment may also affect the noise. Therefore, if the ambient noise is greater than the motor noise, reducing the carrier frequency of the drive may have the benefits of reducing a temperature rise; if the carrier frequency is high, even if a quiet operation is obtained, the overall wiring and interference control should be taken into consideration.
- When the carrier frequency increases, the rated current decreases as shown in the table below. So, the overload capacity also decreases.

Carrier	Rated Current (Pr.00-01)
Frequency (kHz)	
4	100%
5	100%
6	90%
7	82%
8	75%
9	68%
10	62%

01-34 Reserved

01-35 Motor ID

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings

	Delta's Hybrid Servo Motor	
0	Disabled	
16	ECMA-ER181BP3	11kW220V motor
17	ECMA-KR181BP3	11kW380V motor
18	ECMA-ER221FPS	15kW220V motor
19	ECMA-KR221FPS	15kW380V motor
20	ECMA-ER222APS	20kW220V motor
21	ECMA-KR222APS	20kW380V motor
125	MSJ-KR133AE48B	30kW380V motor
215	MSJ-IR2070E42C	7kW380V motor
216	MSJ-DR201AE42C	10.4kW220V motor
217	MSJ-IR201AE42C	10.3kW380V motor
218	MSJ-DR201EE42C	14.6kW220V motor
219	MSJ-IR201EE42C	14.2kW380V motor
220	MSJ-DR201IE42C	18.4kW220V motor
221	MSJ-IR201IE42C	18.3kW380V motor
222	MSJ-GR202DE42C	23.1kW220V motor
223	MSJ-OR202DE42C	23kW380V motor
224	MSJ-DR202HE42C	27.6kW220V motor
225	MSJ-LR202FE42C	25kW380V motor
227	MSJ-IR203CE42C	32kW380V motor
229	MSJ-OR264FE48C	45.2kW380V motor
231	MSJ-IR265CE48C	52.5kW380V motor
233	MSJ-IR266IE428	68kW380V motor
245	MSJ-IR202HE42C	27kW380V motor
617	MSJ-IR201BE42E	11kW380V motor
619	MSJ-IR201FE42E	15kW380V motor
621	MSJ-IR201IE42E	18.5kW380V motor
623	MSJ-IR202CE42E	22kW380V motor
625	MSJ-IR203AE42E	30kW380V motor
627	MSJ-LR263HE48E	37kW380V motor
629	MSJ-LR264FE48E	45kW380V motor
633	MSJ-LR266AE48E	60kW380V motor
645	MSJ-IR202GE42E	26kW380V motor

01-36 Change the rotation direction

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings

- 0: When the drive runs forward, the motor rotates counterclockwise. When the drive runs reverse, the motor rotates clockwise.
- 1: When the drive runs forward, the motor rotates clockwise. When the drive runs reverse, the motor rotates counterclockwise.
- This parameter can be modified only when the whole system is at stop.

01-37 HES ID#

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0: No function

Model	ID#
HES063H23C	2122
HES080H23C	3122
HES100H23C	4122
HES125H23C	5122
HES160H23C	6122
HES200H23C	7122
HES250G23C	8022
HES063H23A	2120
HES080G23A	3020
HES080H23A	3120
HES100G23A	4020
HES100H23A	4120
HES100Z23A	4220
HES125G23A	5020
HES125H23A	5120
HES160G23A	6020
HES160H23A	6120
HES200G23A	7020

Model	ID#
HES063G43A	2040
HES063H43A	2140
HES080G43A	3040
HES080H43A	3140
HES100G43A	4040
HES100H43A	4140
HES100Z43A	4240
HES125G43A	5040
HES125H43A	5140
HES160G43A	6040
HES160H43A	6140
HES200G43A	7040
HES125H43F/HES100M43F	5143
HES160H43F/HES125M43F	6143
HES160M43F	6343
HES200H43F	7143
HES250M43F	8343
HES400M43F	10343
HES250Z43F	8243

Model	ID#
HES063H43C	2142
HES080H43C	3142
HES100H43C	4142
HES125H43C	5142
HES160H43C	6142
HES063M43C	2342
HES080M43C	3342
HES100M43C	4342
HES125M43C	5342
HES160M43C	6342
HES200M43C	7342
HES200H43C	7142
HES250M43C	8342
HES320M43C	9342
HES063Z43F	2243
HES080Z43F	3243
HES100Z43F	4243
HES125Z43F	5243
HES160Z43F	6243

✓ 01-38 Maximum Output Voltage

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory Setting: 100%

Settings 0~110%

The maximum output voltage is (V_{DC} * Pr.01-38)/√2. Once the motor is in the weak magnetic field, user can increase the output voltage to decrease motor's current by using DC bus voltage. However, if the output voltage is too high, there will be a current distortion, which will affect the stability of motor torque force.

01-39 PDFF (Speed overshoot suppression parameter)

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory Setting: 100

Settings 0 ~200

02 Protection Parameters

✓ You can set this parameter during operation.

N 02-00 Software brake level

Sets the reference point of software brake. The reference value is the DC bus voltage.

02-01	Fault record 1
02-02	Fault record 2
02-03	Fault record 3
02-04	Fault record 4
02-05	Fault record 5
02-06	Fault record 6

Settings	Control mode	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM
0: No error record		0	0	0
1: Over-current during acceleration (ocA)		0	0	0
2: Over-current during deceleration (ocd)		0	0	0
3: Over-current during constant speed (oc	n)	0	0	0
4: Ground fault (GFF)		0	0	0
5: IGBT short-circuit (occ)		0	0	0
6: Over-current at stop (ocS)		0	0	0
7: Over-voltage during acceleration (ovA)		0	0	0
8: Over-voltage during deceleration (ovd)		0	0	0
9: Over-voltage during constant speed (ov	n)	0	0	0
10: Over-voltage at stop (ovS)		0	0	0
11: Low-voltage during acceleration (LvA)		0	0	0
12: Low-voltage during deceleration (Lvd)		0	0	0
13: Low-voltage during constant speed (L	vn)	0	0	0
14: Low-voltage at stop (LvS)		0	0	0
15: Phase loss protection (PHL)		0	0	0
16: IGBT over-heat (oH1)		0	0	0
17: Heat sink over-heat for 40HP and abo	ve (oH2)	0	0	0
18: TH1 open: IGBT over-heat protection (tH1o)	circuit error	0	0	0
19: TH2 open: heat sink over-heat protect (tH2o)	ion circuit error	0	0	0
20: IGBT over heated and unusual fan fun	ction (oHF)	0	0	0
21: Hybrid servo drive overload (oL)		0	0	0
22: Motor 1 overload (EoL1)		0	0	0
23: Reserved				
24: Motor over-heat, detect by PTC (oH3)		0	0	0
25: Reserved				

26: Reserved	0	0	0
27: Reserved	0	0	0
28: Reserved			
29: Reserved			
30: Memory write error (cF1)	0	0	0
31: Memory read error (cF2)	0	0	0
32: Isum current detection error (cd0)	0	0	0
33: U-phase current detection error (cd1)	0	0	0
34: V-phase current detection error (cd2)	0	0	0
35: W-phase current detection error (cd3)	0	0	0
36: Over current detection error (Hd0)	0	0	0
37: Over current detection error (Hd1)	0	0	0
38: Over voltage detection error (Hd2)	0	0	0
39: Ground current detection error (Hd3)	0	0	0
40: Auto tuning error (AuE)			0
41: Reserved	0	0	0
42: PG feedback error (PGF1)		0	0
43: PG feedback loss (PGF2)		0	0
44: PG feedback stall (PGF3)		0	0
45: PG feedback slip (PGF4)		0	0
46: Reserved	0	0	0
47: Reserved	0	0	0
48: Reserved			
49: External fault input (EF)	0	0	0
50: Emergency stop (EF1)	0	0	0
51: Reserved			
52: Password error (Pcod)	0	0	0
53: CPU error (ccod)			
54: Communication error (cE1)	0	0	0
55: Communication error (cE2)	0	0	0
56: Communication error (cE3)	0	0	0
57: Communication error (cE4)	0	0	0
58: RS-485 Modbus Communication time out (cE10)	0	0	0
59: Reserved	0	0	0
60: Braking transistor error (bF)	0	0	0
61~64: Reserved	0	0	0
65: PG card information error or magnetic pole angle tuning error (PGF5)			0
66: Over pressure (ovP)	0	0	0
67: Pressure feedback fault (PFbF)	0	0	0
68: Oil pump runs reversely (Prev)			
69: Oil shortage (noil)			

- 70: Reserved
- 71: Over current at braking chopper overflowed (ocbS)
- 72: Braking resistor is open-circuit (bro)
- 73: Resistance of braking resistor is too small (brF)
- 74: Braking chopper overheated (oH4)
- 75: Error occurred on Brake chopper's thermal protection line

(tH4o)

- 76~81: Reserved
- 82: Output Phase Loss on Phase U (oPL1)
- 83: Output Phase Loss on Phase V (oPL2)
- 84: Output Phase Loss on Phase W (oPL3)
- 85, 86, 88~100: Reserved
- 87: Hybrid motor drive overloading while running at low

frequency (oL3)

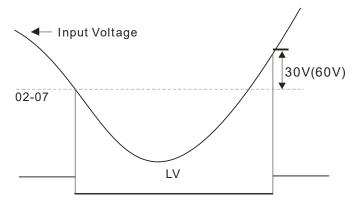
- 90: Slave (pump) error, alarm on the master (pump) (SLE)
- 101: Software error 1 occurred on CANopen (CGdE)
- 102: Software error 2 occurred on CANopen (CHbE)
- 103: Reserved
- 104: Hardware error occurred on CANopen (CbFE)
- 105: Index setting error occurred on CANopen (CldE)
- 106: Slave # setting error occurred on CANopen (CAdE)
- 107: CANopen's Index is out of range (CFrE)
- When a fault occurs and the hybrid servo drive is forced to stop. The fault will be recorded. When the hybrid servo drive stops, the LvS (low voltage when stop) is not recorded.

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 180/360

Settings

230V Models: 160 ~ 220V 460V Models: 320 ~ 440V

This parameter is to set the LV discrimination level.



PTC action selection

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 1

Settings 0: Warn and keep operation

1: Warn and ramp to stop2: Warn and coast to stop

Set Pr.02-08 to define the operation mode of the drive after the PTC is activated.

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting:

VJ-A: 120.0; VJ-C: 140.0

Settings

0.0~150.0°C

This parameter only works on KTY84-130.

✓ 02-10 Reserved

√ 02-11 PTC type

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0: Not assigned

1: KTY84-130 2: PTC130

3: Switch (N.C. type)

✓ 02-12 Motor fan activation level

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 50.0

Settings 0.0~100.0% 0.0~150.0°C

When Pr.03-05 to Pr.03-07 for the multi-function output terminal are set to 45, the motor fan will start or stop according to this parameter setting.

✓ 02-13 Electronic thermal relay 1 selection

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 2

Settings 0: Inverter motor (independent cooling, the cooling fan and the shaft are not synchronized)

1: Standard motor (co-axial cooling, the cooling fan and the shaft are

synchronized)

2: Disable

O2-14 Electronic thermal relay 1 activation time

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 60.0

Settings 30.0 ~ 600.0 seconds

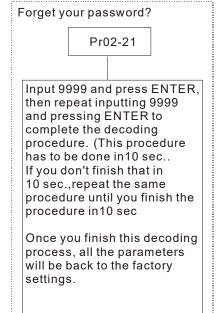
To prevent self-cooled motor from overheating at low speed operation, the user can set the electronic thermal relay to limit the allowed output power of the hybrid servo drive.

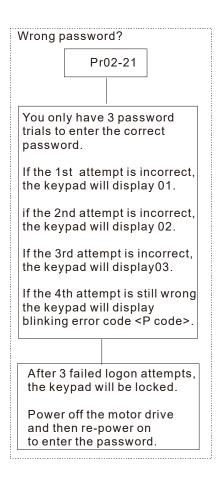
			Chapter 4	Description of Parameters VFD-
02-15	Output freq	uency at malfunction		
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read only
	Settings	0.00 - 599.00Hz		
02-16	Output volta	age at malfunction		
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read only
	Settings	0.0 - 6553.5V		
02-17	Output of D	C side voltage at malfu	nction	
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read only
	Settings	0.0 – 6553.5V		
02-18	Output curr	ent at malfunction		
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read only
	Settings	0.00~655.35Amp		
02-19	IGBT tempe	erature at malfunction		
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read only
	Settings	-3276.7~3276.7°C		
02-20	Auto-reset I	_vX error		
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0: Disable, 1: Enable		
	this parameter t after repowerin		RUN signal, the h	ybrid servo drive will automatically
00-23 ~ 00-31	Reserved			
02-32	Frequency	command at malfunctio	n	
Contr	VF FO	CPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read only
	Settings	0.00 - 599.00Hz		
02-33	Capacitors'	temperature at malfund	tion	
Control mode	VF	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read
			only	
	Settings	-3276.7~3276.7°C		

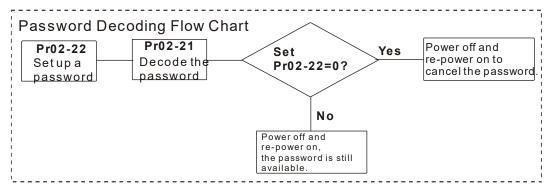
02-34	Motor's rotatin	ng speed at malfunct	tion	
Control mode		FOCPG FOCPM	lion	Factory setting: Read
Control mode	, VI	100101001111	only	r actory setting. Nead
	Settings	-32767~32767rpm	Offig	
02-35		and at malfunction		
Control mode	•	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: Read
Control mode	•	100101001111	only	r dotory setting. Read
	Settings	-32767~32767%	Offig	
02-36		s status at malfuncti		
Control mode	-	FOCPG FOCPM	OH	Factory setting: Read
Control mode	, •••	100101001111	only	r dotory octang. Road
	Settings	0~65535	Offig	
02-37		als status at malfund	rtion	
Control mode	•	FOCPG FOCPM	20011	Factory setting: Read
Control mode	,		only	r dotory dotting. read
	Settings	0~65535	Offiny	
02-38		drive status at malfu	nction	
Control mode	•	FOCPG FOCPM	Houon	Factory setting: Read
Control mode	,		only	r dotory dotting. read
	Settings	0~65535	Offiny	
02-39	Detecting Bra	king Resistor at star	tup	
Control mode	J	FOCPG FOCPM	P	Factory setting: 1
	Settings	0: Disable		, 0
	· ·	1; Enable		
02-40	Braking resist	ance		
Control mode		FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings	0.0 ~ 6553.5Ω		
Set Pr.02	-39 =1 (Enable det	ection of braking resistor a	t startup), then as soon	as the hybrid servo drive is
	•	_	.,	ppropriate and if the braking
•	working properly.	•	U	
		oo small, the braking resist	or could be on an open	circuit or is not properly
	_	o> will be displayed on the	•	,
			• •	on a short circuit, the error
	_	be displayed on the keypa		
	is the detected brak			
		=		

*	02-21	Decode the p	parameter protection with the password					
C	ontrol mode	9		Factory setting: 0				
		Settings	0~9999					
		Display	0~3 times of entering wrong password					
	Enter the	password set at F	r.02-22 into Pr.02-21, and then the parameters will be ur	nlocked for modifications.				
	Write down the setting vale after you set up this parameter to avoid inconveniences.							
	Use Pr.02	2-21 and Pr.02-22	to prevent any unauthorized personnel to modify/ delete	parameters.				
	lf you for	get the password,	input 9999 and press ENTER, then repeat inputting 9999	and pressing ENTER to				
	complete	the decoding prod	cedure (This procedure has to be done in 10 seconds, if	you don't finish that in 10				
	seconds,	repeat the same p	procedure until you finish the procedure in 10 sec.). Once	e you finish this decoding				
	process,	all the parameters	will be back to the factory settings.					
	When set	ting up a passwor	d, all the parameters will be read as 0, except Pr.02-22					
×	02-22	Set up a para	ameter protection password					
Со	ntrol mode	_		Factory setting: 0				
		Settings	0~ 9999					
		Display	0: No password set or password entered successfully i	n Pr.02-21.				
			1: Parameters are locked					
	This para	meter is for settin	g up a password to protect parameters. When you finish	setting up a password,				
	keypad v	vill display 1, whicl	n means the password protection is now effective.					
	Once you	u input the correct	password into Pr.02-21, the hybrid servo drive is tempor	arily unlocked. To cance				
	the parar	meter protection, s	et Pr.02-22 =0. Once the parameter protection is cancel	led, the hybrid servo				
	drive is w	vithout password p	protection even after reboot.					
	Decode t	emporarily or can	cel the password then you will be able to use keypad to	copy parameters. But the				
	password	d set at Pr.02-22 w	vill not be copied. When the parameters saved in the key	pad are transferred to				
	the hybri	d servo drive, you	will need to set up a password at Pr.02-22 to enable pa	rameter protection.				









✓ 02-41 Limit of current

Control mode FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 200

Settings $0 \sim 250\%$

02-42 Maintenance period of the soft-start relay

Factory setting: 0

Settings 0~65535(x10)

0: Turn off the reminder of the remaining lifespan of the

soft-start relay.

02-43 Maintenance period of the cooling fan

Factory setting: 0

Settings 0~65535 hour

0: Turn off the reminder of the remaining maintenance hour of the

cooling fan.

02-47 Feedback slip detection time

Factory setting: 0.5 sec

Settings 0.01~10.0 sec

Set up a feedback slip detection time to reduce PGF4 faults (slip error) during special applications.

oo bigitan, mai	g Input/ (Output F	Parameters	✓ You can set this parameter during operation
		_	command 3 (MI3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		•	command 4 (MI4)	
		•	command 5 (MI5)	
Control m		FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Control III	Settings		lo function	ractory setting. o
	Settings			
			Injection signal input	dan al langua
			Confluence/Diversion s	signal input
			Reserved	
			Multi-level pressure Pl	
			Multi-level pressure PI Flow rate mode	command 2
		52:	Multi-flow rate / speed	command 1
		53:	Multi-flow rate / speed	command 2
		54:	Multi-flow rate / speed	command 3
When the va	lue of this pa	arameter is	set as 44, if the pressu	ire feedback slip is bigger than the pressure lim
percentage ((Pr.00-93) so	the flow ra	te control will be perfor	med. If the pressure feedback slip is smaller that
the pressure	limit percen	tage, the pr	ressure control will be p	performed.
If the setting	value is 45,	the conflue	nce (OFF)/diversion (C	N) function will be performed. Refer to Chapter
for wiring an	d Chapter 3	for tuning.		
New protect	ion mechanis	sm at versio	on C: When Pr.03-00 ~	Pr.03-02 = 45, Pr.01-01 is
automatically	set as 2 and	d Pr.03-15 i	is automatically, set as	1. This is a mechanism to prevent
forgetting to	set up relate	d paramete	ers and mistakes when	setting up parameters.
Refer to the	description F	Pr.00-36 if th	he setting value is 47 a	and 48,
	etting value is	s 51 and wh	nen the pressure contro	ol mode is enabled (Pr.00-09=1), the speed
command is	the flow con	nmand. The	PI calculation is no lo	nger required.
command is Use multi-in	the flow con out terminals	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t	e PI calculation is no lo to Pr.03-02) to choose	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI
command is Use multi-in functions 52 number 1~7	the flow con out terminals , 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t Iti-flow/mult 22, 53, 54 a	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use
command is Use multi-in functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F	the flow con out terminals , 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to se	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t Iti-flow/mult 52, 53, 54 a et up multi-	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed function	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use
command is Use multi-input functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F	the flow concut terminals, 53, 54). Mu b. When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to so rigital inpu	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t Iti-flow/mult 2, 53, 54 a et up multi- it respons	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions se time	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7.
command is Use multi-inity functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F 03-03 Control mode	the flow con out terminals , 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to so rigital inpu	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t lti-flow/mult 52, 53, 54 a et up multi- t respons	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions se time	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use
command is Use multi-inplications 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode	the flow con but terminals , 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to so rigital inpu VF ettings	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t lti-flow/mult i2, 53, 54 a et up multi- it respons FOCPG	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions se time FOCPM	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005
command is Use multi-input functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode Solution This parameters	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 50. Pr.00-72 to so rigital inputors VF ettings eter is to delage	nmand. The f (Pr.03-00 t lti-flow/mult 52, 53, 54 a et up multi- it respons FOCPG 0.00	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions se time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the di	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005
command is Use multi-inplications 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode This parame O3-04	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 50 or 0.00-72 to so bigital inputors VF ettings eter is to delaying the first to delaying the formula inputors.	nmand. The f (Pr.03-00 to lti-flow/multi- i2, 53, 54 and et up multi- it responsi FOCPG 0.00 ay and confi	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal.
command is Use multi-inplications 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F 03-03 Control mode This parameter 03-04 Control mode	the flow concout terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to soligital inputor VF ettings eter is to delatingtal inputor VF	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-00 t (Iti-flow/mult (2, 53, 54 a et up multi- (It response FOCPG 0.00 (ay and confinit operation (FOCPG	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functionse time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction FOCPM	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005
command is Use multi-ing functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F 03-03 Control mode Solution This parameter O3-04 Control mode	the flow concept the flow concept terminals (53, 54). Mu (52, 53, 54). When MI (52, 52) to solve the flow of the f	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-00 t (Iti-flow/mult (2, 53, 54 a et up multi- (It response FOCPG 0.00 (ay and confinit operation FOCPG 0~6	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rateflow/multi-speed functionse time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction FOCPM	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0
command is Use multi-ing functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F 03-03 Control mode Solution This parameter O3-04 Control mode	the flow concept the flow concept terminals (53, 54). Mu (52, 53, 54). When MI (52, 52) to solve the flow of the f	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-00 t (Iti-flow/mult (2, 53, 54 a et up multi- (It response FOCPG 0.00 (ay and confinit operation FOCPG 0~6	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functionse time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction FOCPM	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0
command is Use multi-inplications 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode This parame O3-04 Control mode Signature This parame This parame This parame	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 50 Pr.00-72 to solvigital input VF ettings eter is to delated input VF ettings eter defines the formula of the formula input eter defines the formula inp	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction FOCPM 05535 In level of the input signal in the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the sig	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary e command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0
command is Use multi-inplications 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode This parame O3-04 Control mode Signature This parame This parame This parame	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 50 or 00-72 to so origital inputors eter is to delay origital inputors of the flow concept of the flow or origital inputors of the flow or origital inputors of the flow or	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction FOCPM 05535 In level of the input signal in the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the sig	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary example command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0
command is Use multi-ing functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode This parame O3-04 Control mode Signature This parame Bit 0 for the MI3~MI5, re	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to soligital inputor VF ettings eter is to delated in the concept of the con	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the dion direction FOCPM 05535 In level of the input signal in the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the signal in the signal in the dion direction foce the signal in the sig	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary example command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0
command is Use multi-ing functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode This parame O3-04 Control mode Signature This parame Bit 0 for the MI3~MI5, re	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 5 Pr.00-72 to soligital inputor VF ettings eter is to delated in the concept of the con	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the di on direction FOCPM 05535 In level of the input sign the EMG terminal, bit 3	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary example command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0
command is Use multi-ing functions 52 number 1~7 Pr.00-66 to F O3-03 Control mode This parame O3-04 Control mode Signature This parame Bit 0 for the MI3~MI5, re O3-05 Control mode	the flow concept the flow concept terminals, 53, 54). Mu). When MI 50 or 00-72 to so origital input. VF ettings eter is to delated in the concept of the	nmand. The (Pr.03-00 t (Pr.03-	e PI calculation is no lot to Pr.03-02) to choose to Pr.03-02) to choose ti-speed functions 1~7 re set to 0, the flow rate flow/multi-speed functions time FOCPM 01~30.000 sec irm the signal on the di on direction FOCPM 05535 In level of the input sign the EMG terminal, bit 3	nger required. between multi-flow/multi-speed functions (MI correspond to MI functions 52, 53, 54. (in binary example command is the setting at Pr.00-45. Use ons 1~7. Factory setting: 0.005 gital input terminal. Factory setting: 0 nal. for the RES terminal, bits 4~6 correspond to

N	03-07	Mul	ti-functi	on Outpu	ıt 3 (MO2)				
	Control mod	е	VF	FOCPG F	ОСРМ			Factory setting: 0	
		Setti	ngs	0: N	o function				
				1: O	peration indica	ation			
				9: h	ybrid servo driv	e is ready			
				11: [Error indication	1			
					Motor fan conti Pressure relea		trol cianal		
×	03-08	Mul	ti-functi		t direction	se valve com	iroi signai		
'	Control mod		VF	FOCPG	FOCPM			Factory setting: 0	
		Settir	ngs	0~6	5535			, 5	
	This par	ameter	is for bit-	wise setting	j. If the corresp	onding bit is	1, the multi-fund	ction output is set as rever	_ se
	direction	١.				_		·	
ار	00.00	ь.		Cile			·		
×	03-09		•	-	ering time o	on the Ke	eypad	-	
	Control mod		VF	FOCPG	FOCPM			Factory setting: 0.100	
	 	Setti			1~65.535 sec				_
		ramete	r nelps to	reduce the	fluctuation of	the readings	on the keypad.		
	03-10	Max	cimum c	output vo	Itage for pro	essure fee	edback		
•	Control mod	е	VF	FOCPG F	ОСРМ			Factory setting: 10.00	
		Setti	ngs	5.00	~10.00 V				
	03-11	Min	imum o	utput vol	tage for pre	ssure fee	dback		
	Control mod	е	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM			Factory setting: 0.0	
		Setti	ngs	0	.00~2.00V				
	This par	ameter	defines t	he pressure	e feedback out	out voltage.			
	If the pre	essure	feedback	has a bias,	adjust this p	arameter to e	eliminate the bia	S.	
	03-12	Cur	rent/Vo	Itage mod	de pressure	e sensor s	election		
		ol mode		FOCPG	FOCPM	0011001 0	Olootion	Factory setting: 1	
	3 3 1 1 1 1		Settings		urrent mode (4	mA~20mA)		. actory coming.	
					oltage mode	, ,			
	PS (Pre	essure	———— Feedback			fed pressure	feedback (4~20	mA)	_
				ed when us				···· ·,	
		•	•		" (factory settir	na is PS-V).			
			0 (4~20n		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 - 17.			
			•	•	of the pressure	feedback los	ss)		

the Master.

	03-13	Commutation	Master/Sia	ve Selection	
	ontrol mode	VF	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
		Settings	0: N	No function	
		V	1: N	Master 1	
			2: 8	Slave/Master 2	
			3: 5	Slave/Master 3	
	In a stand	-alone system,	this parameter	is set as 0	
	In a conflu	uence system, t	he parameter i	s set as 1 for the Master	and 2 for the Slave
	With multi	-function input t	erminal function	on 45, the confluence/div	version can be configured. For detailed
	operation,	please refer to	Chapter 2 for	wiring and Chapter 3 for	tuning.
	The different	ence between N	Master 2 and M	laster 3 is that the Maste	er 3 can be configured as confluent with
	other Slav	es during conflu	uence; howeve	er, the Master 2 can be o	configured for stand-alone operation.
	03-14	The ration b	etween sla	ve's flow and mast	ter's flow
	Со	ntrol mode V I	F FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 100.0
		Sett	ings 0.0	~6553.5 %	
	This parar	meter setting is	required only f	or the Master but not ne	eded for the Slave.
	In a conflu	uence system, t	his parameter	value defines the Slave's	s portion of the Master's flow.
	Example:	Slave is 60L/m	in and Master	is 40L/min, so the setting	g is 60/40 * 100% = 150%
	For	confluence of m	ore than 2 pur	np, the values for the sla	eves must be the same. For example, if the
	total	flow for a three	-pump system	is 200L/min, where the	Master is 40L/min, then the two Slaves
	shou	ıld be 80L/min.	The setting of	Pr.03-14 should be 160/	40 = 400%
/	03-15	Source of fr	edilency co	ommand	
_		O G G G G I II	equency oc		
C	ontrol mode			ОСРМ	Factory setting: 0
С			FOCPG FO		Factory setting: 0
С		VF	FOCPG FO	ОСРМ	Factory setting: 0
С		VF	0: Digita 1: RS48 2~5: Re	OCPM Il Keypad S Communication served	Factory setting: 0
C	-	VF Settings	0: Digita 1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANd	OCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open	Factory setting: 0
	In a conflu	VF Settings	0: Digita 1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANd	OCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open	
Q.	In a confluse setting val	VF Settings Jence system, if	0: Digita 1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANd	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given	ven through the RS485 communication, the
	In a conflusetting value	VF Settings uence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the	0: Digita 1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANd the Slave's fre	DCPM al Keypad as Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization	ven through the RS485 communication, the
	In a conflusetting value of the control mode	VF Settings Jence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the VF	FOCPG	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization	ven through the RS485 communication, the
	In a conflusetting value of the control mode	VF Settings uence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the VF Settings	1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANo the Slave's fre Slave reve	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization command is given.	ven through the RS485 communication, the on torque
	In a conflusetting value of the control mode	VF Settings Jence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the VF	1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANo the Slave's fre Slave reve	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization command is given.	ven through the RS485 communication, the on torque
C	In a conflusetting value of the setting value of th	VF Settings uence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the VF Settings	1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANc the Slave's fre Slave rever 0~500% e Slave's rever	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization command is given.	ven through the RS485 communication, the on torque
C	In a conflusetting value of the setting value of th	VF Settings Jence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the VF Settings orque limit for the	1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANc the Slave's fre Slave rever 0~500% e Slave's rever	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization command is given.	ven through the RS485 communication, the on torque
C	In a conflusetting value of the setting value of th	VF Settings Jence system, if lue should be 1. Limit for the VF Settings orque limit for the	1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANd the Slave's fre Slave reve 0~500% e Slave's rever vation level FOCPG FOCPG	DCPM al Keypad as Communication aserved appen equency command is given erse depressurization crse operation.	ven through the RS485 communication, the on torque Factory setting: 0
C	In a conflusetting value of the control mode of the control of the	VF Settings Juence system, if Itue should be 1. Limit for the VF Settings Trque limit for the Slave's active mode VF Settings	1: RS48 2~5: Re 6: CANd the Slave's fre Slave reve 0~500% e Slave's rever vation level FOCPG 0~1	DCPM al Keypad 35 Communication served open equency command is given erse depressurization command is given erse depressurization form form	ven through the RS485 communication, the on torque Factory setting: 0

03-18 Reserved

03-19 Reserved

✓ 03-20 Start-up display selection

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0: F (frequency command)

1: H (actual frequency)

2: Multi-function display (user-defined Pr.00-04)

3: A (Output current)

This parameter is to set up the contents of the start-up screen. The content of the user-defined option is displayed in accordance with the setting value of Pr.00-04.

✓ 03-21 Slave reverse running for depressurization

Control mode VF FOCPG FOCPM Factory setting: 0

Settings 0: Disable

1: Enable 2: Reserved

- This parameter setting is required only for the Slave but not needed for the Master.
- When the parameter is set as 1, make sure that the outlet end of the Slave is not installed with any one-way valve and the Pr.03-16 is set as 500. The maximum reverse running speed is determined by Pr.00-28 Depressurization speed

✓ 03-22 Slave closing level

Factory setting: 400

Settings 0~ 400 Bar

Set up this parameter from a Master. The slave pump(s) will be shut down when the master pump detects the pressure higher than the setting value at this parameter. The slave pump(s) will resume to run after the hybrid servo drive goes into stand by.

03-23	Reserved		
03-24	Reserved		
03-25	Reserved		

03-26 AFM1 Multi-function output 1

Settings 0~25

Functions

Setting	Functions	Descriptions
0	Output frequency (Hz)	100% of the output frequency is the setting at Pr.01-00.
1	Frequency command (Hz)	100% of the frequency command is the setting at Pr.01-00.
2	Motor rotation speed	100% of the motor rotation speed is the setting at Pr.01-00
3	Output current	100% of the output current is 2.5 times the rated current of the hybrid servo drive.
4	Output voltage	100% of the output voltage is 2 times the rated voltage of the motor.
5	DC bus voltage	450V (900V) =100%
6	Power factor	-1.000~1.000=100%
7	Power	100% of the power is 2 times the rated power of the hybrid servo drive.
8	Output torque	Full load torque = 100%
9	AVI	(0~10V=0~100%)
10	ACI	(4~20mA=0~100%)
11	AUI	(-10~10V=0~100%)
12~17	Reserved	Reserved
18	IGBT temperature	Rated torque of the motor = 100%
19	Maximum frequency	100% of the maximum frequency is the setting at Pr.01-00.
20	Pressure feedback	

03-27 AFM1 Analogue output gain

Settings 0~500.0%

This function is to adjust the analogue signal (Pr.03-20) sent from the AFM output terminal to the voltage level of an analogue multimeter)

03-30 AFM2 Analogue output gain

Settings 0~500.0%

This function is to adjust the analogue signal (Pr.03-20) sent from the AFM output terminal to the voltage level of an analogue multimeter)

03-29 AFM2 Multi-output function 2

Settings Same setting as Pr.03-26.

Factory setting: 0

Factory setting: 100

Factory setting: 100

Factory setting: 20

03-28 Enable AFM1 analogue reverse output

Factory setting: 0

Factory setting: 2

03-31 Enable AFM2 analogue reverse output

Settings 0: Output absolute voltage.

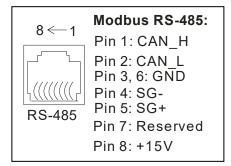
1: Reverse output 0V; Forward output 0~10V.

2: Reverse output: 0~5 V; Forward output 5~10 V.

04 Communication Parameters

✓ You can set this parameter during operation.

The communication port is defined as shown in the figure on the right. We recommend using Delta IFD6500 or IFD6530 as your communication converter between the hybrid servo drive and your computer. See wiring diagram in Ch02 to know the position of this communication port.



04-00 COM1 Communication Address

Factory Setting: 1

Settings 1~254

If the hybrid servo drive is controlled by RS-485 serial communication, the communication address for this drive must be set via this parameter and each hybrid servo drive's communication address must be different.

04-01 COM1 Transmission Speed

Factory Setting: 19.2

Settings 4.8~115.2 Kbps

- This parameter is for setting up the transmission speed of computer and the hybrid servo drive.
- Please set 4.8 Kbps, 9.6 Kbps, 19.2 Kbps, 38.4 Kbps, 57.6 Kbps, or 115.2 Kbps. Otherwise the transmission speed will be replaced by 19.2 Kbps.

Factory Setting: 3

Settings 0: Warn and keep operation

1: Warn and ramp to stop

2: Warn and coast to stop

3: No warning and continue operation

This parameter is to set the response to the transmission errors such as a disconnection.

Factory Setting: 0.0

Settings 0.0~100.0 sec.

Use this parameter to set the communication transmission time-out.

✓ 04-04 COM1 Communication Protocol

Factory Setting: 13

Settings

- 0) 7, N, 1 for ASCII
- 1) 7, N, 2 for ASCII
- 2) 7, E, 1 for ASCII
- 3) 7, O, 1 for ASCII
- 4) 7, E, 2 for ASCII
- 5) 7, O, 2 for ASCII
- 6) 8, N, 1 for ASCII
- 7) 8, N, 2 for ASCII
- 8) 8, E, 1 for ASCII
- 9) 8, O, 1 for ASCII
- 10) 8, E · 2 for ASCII
- 11) 8, O, 2 for ASCII)
- 12) 8, N, 1 for RTU)
- 13) 8, N, 2 for RTU
- 14) 8, E, 1 for RTU
- 15) 8, O, 1 for RTU
- 16) 8, E, 2 for RTU
- 17) 8, O, 2 for RTU

Control by PC (Computer Link)

When using RS-485 serial communication interface, each drive must be pre-specified its communication address in Pr.09-00, the computer can implement control according to their individual address.

Modbus ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange): Each byte data is the combination of two ASCII characters. For example, a 1-byte data: 64 Hex, shown as '64' in ASCII, consists of '6' (36Hex) and '4' (34Hex).

1. Code Description

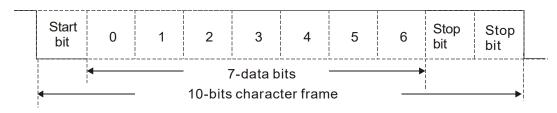
Communication protocol is in hexadecimal, ASCII: "0" ... "9", "A" ... "F", every 16 hexadecimal represent ASCII code. For example:

Character	'0'	'1'	'2'	'3'	'4'	'5'	'6'	'7'
ASCII code	30H	31H	32H	33H	34H	35H	36H	37H
Character	'8'	'9'	'A'	'B'	,C,	'D'	'E'	'F'
ASCII code	38H	39H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

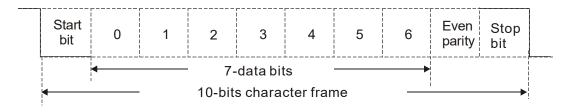
2. Data Format

10-bit character frame (For ASCII):

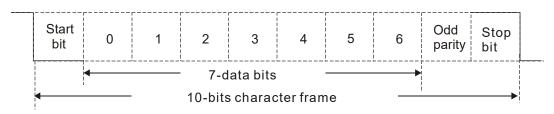
(7, N, 2)



(7, E, 1)

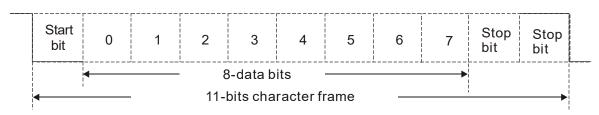


(7, 0, 1)

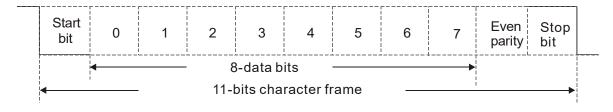


11-bit character frame (For RTU):

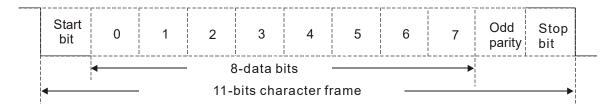
(8, N, 2)



(8, E, 1)



(8, 0, 1)



3. Communication Protocol

Communication Data Frame

ASCII mode:

STX	Start character = ':' (3AH)
Address Hi	Communication address:
Address Lo	8-bit address consists of 2 ASCII codes
Function Hi	Command code:
Function Lo	8-bit command consists of 2 ASCII codes
DATA (n-1)	Contents of data:
	N x 8-bit data consist of 2n ASCII codes
DATA 0	N ≤ 16, maximum of 32 ASCII codes (20 sets of data)
LRC CHK Hi	LRC check sum:
LRC CHK Lo	8-bit check sum consists of 2 ASCII codes
END Hi	End characters:
END Lo	END Hi = CR (0DH), END Lo = LF (0AH)

RTU mode:

START	A silent interval of more than 10 ms	
Address	Communication address: 8-bit address	
Function	Command code: 8-bit command	
DATA (n-1)	Contents of data: N × 8-bit data, n ≤16	
DATA 0	5 2n data, = .6	
CRC CHK Low	CRC check sum:	
CRC CHK High	16-bit check sum consists of 2 8-bit characters	
END	A silent interval of more than 10 ms	

Communication Address (Address)

00H: broadcast to all hybrid servo drives

01H: hybrid servo drive of address 01

0FH: hybrid servo drive of address 15

10H: hybrid servo drive of address 16

:

FEH: Hybrid servo drive of address 254

Function code (Function) and DATA (Data characters)

03H: read data from register

06H: write single register

Example: reading continuous 2 data from register address 2102H, AMD address is 01H.

ASCII mode:

Command Message:

Command Message.		
STX	· . ·	
Address	,0,	
	'1'	
Function	'0'	
	'3'	
	'2'	
Starting register	'1'	
Starting register	'0'	
	'2'	
Number of register (count by word)	'0'	
	'0'	
	'0'	
	'2'	
LRC Check	'D'	
	'7'	
END	CR	
	LF	

Response Message

STX	
Address	'0'
Address	'1'
Function	'0'
	'3'
Number of register	'0'
(count by byte)	'4'
Content of starting register 2102H	'1'
	'7'
	'7'
	'0'
Content of register 2103H	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
LRC Check	'7'
	'1'
END	CR
	LF

RTU mode:

Command Message:

Address	01H
Function	03H
Starting data register	21H
	02H
Number of register	00H
(count by world)	02H
CRC CHK Low	6FH
CRC CHK High	F7H

Response Message

Address	01H
Function	03H
Number of register (count by byte)	04H
Content of register	17H
address 2102H	70H
Content of register	00H
address 2103H	00H
CRC CHK Low	FEH
CRC CHK High	5CH

06H: single write, write single data to register.

Example: writing data 6000 (1770H) to register 0100H. AMD address is 01H.

ASCII mode:

Command Message:

Response Message

	· ·
STX	·
Address	'0'
Address	'1'
Function	'0'
Function	'6'
	'0'
Torget register	'1'
Target register	'0'
	'0'
	'1'
Pogister content	'7'
Register content	'7'
	'0'
LRC Check	'7'
LRC Crieck	'1'
END	CR
END	LF

STX	.,,	
Address	'0'	
Address	'1'	
Function	'0'	
Function	'6'	
	'0'	
Torget register	'1'	
Target register	'0'	
	'0'	
	'1'	
Desister content	'7'	
Register content	'7'	
	'0'	
LRC Check	'7'	
LRC Check	'1'	
END	CR	
END	LF	

RTU mode:

Command Message:

Response Message

Address	01H	
Function	06H	
Target register	01H	
larger register	00H	
Register content	17H	
Register content	70H	
CRC CHK Low	86H	
CRC CHK High	22H	

Address	01H
Function	06H
Target register	01H
Target register	00H
Pogister centent	17H
Register content	70H
CRC CHK Low	86H
CRC CHK High	22H

10H: write multiple registers (write multiple data to registers) (at most 20 sets of data can be written simultaneously)

Example: Set the multi-stage speed of hybrid servo drive (address is 01H):

Pr.04-00 = 50.00 (1388H), Pr.04-01 = 40.00 (0FA0H)

ASCII Mode

Command Message:

Response Message

STX	· · ·
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'1'
CMD 0	'0'
	'0'
Torget register	' 5'
Target register	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
Number of register	'0'
(count by word)	'0'
	'2'
LRC Check	'E'
LRC Check	'8'
END	CR
END	LF

STX	.,	
ADR 1	'0'	
ADR 0	'1'	
CMD 1	'1'	
CMD 0	'0'	
	'0'	
Townst wasinton	'5'	
Target register	'0'	
	'0'	
	'0'	
Number of register	'0'	
(count by word)	'0'	
,	'2'	
Number of register	'0'	
(count by Byte)	'4'	
	'1'	
The first data contant	'3'	
The first data content	'8'	
	'8'	
	'0'	
The coord data contant	'F'	
The second data content	'A'	
	'0'	
LDC Chook	'9'	
LRC Check	'A'	
END	CR	
EIND	LF	

RTU mode:

Command Message:

ADR	01H
CMD	10H
Target register	05H
rarget register	00H
Number of register	00H
(Count by word)	02H
Quantity of data (Byte)	04
The first data content	13H
The lifst data content	88H
The second data content	0FH
The second data content	A0H
CRC Check Low	'9'
CRC Check High	'A'
	·

Response Message:

ADR	01H
CMD 1	10H
Torget register	05H
Target register	00H
Number of register	00H
(Count by word)	02H
CRC Check Low	41H
CRC Check High	04H

Check sum

ASCII mode:

LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check) is calculated by summing up, module 256 and the values of the bytes from ADR1 to last data character then calculating the hexadecimal representation of the 2's-complement negation of the sum.

For example:

01H + 03H + 21H + 02H + 00H + 02H = 29H, the 2's-complement negation of 29H is **D7**H.

RTU mode:

CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) is calculated by the following steps:

- Step 1: Load a 16-bit register (called CRC register) with FFFFH.
- **Step 2:** Exclusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the command message with the low order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.
- Step 3: Examine the LSB of CRC register.
- **Step 4:** If the LSB of CRC register is 0, shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zero filling, then repeat step 3. If the LSB of CRC register is 1, shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zero filling, Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001H, then repeat step 3.
- **Step 5:** Repeat step 3 and 4 until eight shifts have been performed. When this is done, a complete 8-bit byte will be processed.
- **Step 6:** Repeat step 2 to 5 for the next 8-bit byte of the command message. Continue doing this until all bytes are processed. The final contents of the CRC register are the CRC value. When transmitting the CRC value in the message, the upper and lower bytes of the CRC value must be swapped, i.e. the lower order byte will be transmitted first.

The following is an example of CRC generation using C language. The function takes two arguments:

Unsigned char* data ← a pointer to the message buffer

Unsigned char length ← the quantity of bytes in the message buffer

The function returns the CRC value as a type of unsigned integer.

Unsigned int crc_chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length)
{
 int j;

}

4-72

4. Address list

Audress list			
Content	Register		Function
Hybrid servo drive	GGnnH	GG means parameter group, nn means parameter number, for	
parameters		example, the address of Pr.04-01 is 0401H.	
Command write only	2000H	bit 1~0	00B: No function
			01B: Stop
			10B: Run
			11B: Enable JOG
		bit 3~2	Reserved
		bit 5~4	00B: No function
			01B: FWD
			10B: REV
			11B: Change direction
		bit 14~13	00B: No function
			01B: Operated by digital keypad
			10B: Operated by Pr.00-21
			11B: Change source of operation command
		bit 15	Reserved
	2001H	Frequency	command(Set Pr.00-06=0, Input XXX.XX Hz)
	2002H	bit 0	1: EF (external fault) on
		bit 1	1: Reset
		bit 2	1: B.B ON
		bit 15~3	Reserved
Status monitor read	2100H	High byte: \	
only		Low Byte: E	
	2101H	bit 1~0	Hybrid servo drive operation status
		Dit 1 0	00B: Drive stops
			01B: Drive decelerating
			10B: Drive standby
			11B: Drive in operation
		bit 2	1: Reserved
		bit 4~3	Operation direction
			00B: FWD run
			01B: From REV run to FWD run
			10B: From FWD run to REV run
			11B: REV run
		bit 8	1: Master frequency controlled by communication
			interface 1: Master frequency controlled by analog signal or
		bit 9	external input terminals.
			Operation command controlled by communication
		bit 10	interface
		bit 11	1: Parameter locked
		bit 12~15	
	2102H		command (XXX.XX Hz)
	2102H		uency (XXX.XX Hz)
	2103H		ent (XX.XX A).
	2105H		tage (XXX.X V)
	2106H		age (XXX.X V)
	2100H	Reserved	age (////./. v)
	2107H	Reserved	
	2116H		on display (Pr.00-04)
	2200H		put current (A)
	2200H	Reserved	put oun on t (n)
	2201H		ut frequency (XXX.XX Hz)
	220211 2203H	· ·	tage (XXX.X V)
	2203H		age (XXX.X V)
	2204H	Power angl	
	2205H		ual motor speed kW of U, V, W (XXXXX kW)
			tor speed in rpm estimated by the drive or encoder
	2207H		(XXXX rpm) (Pr.00-04 #7)
			sitive / negative output torque in %, estimated by the motor
	2208H		positive torque, -0.0: negative torque) (XXX.X %)

Content	Register	Function
		(Pr.00-04 #8)
	2209H	Display PG feedback (Pr.00-04 #9)
	220AH	Reserved
	220BH	Display the signal value of the analog input terminal PS with 4~20mA/ 0~10V mapped to 0~100%
	220CH	Display the signal value of the analog input terminal PI with 0~10V mapped to 0~100%
	220DH	Display the signal value of the analog input terminal AUI with -10~10V mapped to -100~100%
	220EH	Display the temperature of the power module IGBT (XXX.X °C)
	220FH	Display the temperature of the power capacitor (XXX.X °C)
	2210H	Display the status of digital input (ON / OFF)
	2211H	Display the status of digital output (ON / OFF)
	2212H	Reserved
	2213H	The corresponding CPU pin status of digital input (d.)
	2214H	The corresponding CPU pin status of digital output (O.)
	2215H	Reserved
	2216H	Reserved
	2217H	Reserved
	2218H	Reserved
	2219H	Display the signal value of the analog input terminal QI with 0~10V mapped to 0~100%
	221AH	Display the actual pressure value (XXX.X Bar)
	221BH	Display the kWh value (XXX.X kWh)
	221CH	Display the motor temperature (XXX.X °C)
	221DH	Over load rate of hybrid servo drive (XXX.X %)
	221EH	Over load rate of motor with last digit A of HES (XXX.X %)
	221FH	Display current at braking (XXX A)
	2220H	Display temperature of the braking chopper (XXX.X °C)

5. Exception response:

When drive is doing communication connection, if an error occurs drive will respond the error code and set the highest bit (bit 7) of code to 1 (function code AND 80H) then response to control system to know that an error occurred.

If keypad displays "CE-XX" as a warning message, "XX" is the error code at that time. Please refer to the meaning of error code in communication error for reference.

Example:

ASCII mode:

RTU mode:

	1		
STX	'.' ·	Address	01H
A d d = 0.0	'0'	Function	86H
Address	'1'	Exception code	02H
Function	'8'	CRC CHK Low	C3H
Function	'6'	CRC CHK High	A1H
Evention and	'0'	_	
Exception code	'2'	_	
LRC CHK	'7'	_	
LRC CHK	'7'	_	
END	CR	_	
END	LF	_	

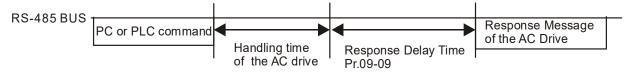
The explanation of exception codes:

Exception code	Explanation
1	Function code is not supported or unrecognized.
2	Address is not supported or unrecognized.
3	Data is not correct or unrecognized.
4	Fail to execute this function code

Factory Setting: 2.0

Settings 0.0~200.0 ms

This parameter is the response delay time after hybrid servo drive receives communication command as shown in the following.



✓ 04-06 Main Frequency of the Communication

Factory Setting: 60.00

Settings 0.00~599.00 Hz

- When Pr.00-20 is set to 1 (RS-485 communication). The hybrid servo drive will save the last frequency command at Pr.04-06 when abnormal turn-off or momentary power loss.
- After rebooting the power, if no new frequency command is given, the hybrid servo drive will continue to run by using the frequency set at Pr.04-06.

×	04-07	Block Transfer 1
\mathcal{M}	04-08	Block Transfer 2
×	04-09	Block Transfer 3
×	04-10	Block Transfer 4
×	04-11	Block Transfer 5
×	04-12	Block Transfer 6
×	04-13	Block Transfer 7
×	04-14	Block Transfer 8
×	04-15	Block Transfer 9
×	04-16	Block Transfer 10
_		Factory Satting: 0.00

Factory Setting: 0.00

Settings 0.00~655.35

There is a group of block transfer parameter available in the hybrid servo drive (Pr.04-07 to Pr.04-16). Through communication code 03H, you can use them (Pr.04-07 to Pr.04-16) to save those parameters that you want to read.

04-17 CANopen Slave Address

Factory Setting: 0

0: Disable Settings

1~127

04-18 CANopen Speed

Factory Setting: 0

Settings 0) 1 Mbps

1) 500 kbps

2) 250 kbps

3) 125 kbps

4) 100 kbps (Delta only)

5) 50 kbps

04-19 CANopen Warning Record

Factory Setting: 0

Settings bit 0: CANopen software disconnection 1 (CANopen Guarding Time out)

bit 1: CANopen software disconnection 2 (CANopen Heartbeat Time out)

bit 2: CANopen SYNC time out

bit 3: CANopen SDO time out

bit 4: CANopen SDO buffer overflow

bit 5: CANopen hardware disconnection warning (CAN bus Off)

bit 6: Error protocol of CANopen

bit 8: The setting values of CANopen indexes fail.

bit 9: The setting value of CANopen address fails.

bit10: The checksum value of CANopen indexes fail.

04-20 CANopen Decoding Method

Factory Setting: 1

Settings 0: Delta defined decoding method

1: CANopen Standard DS402 protocol

04-21 CANopen Communication Status

Factory Setting: Read Only

Settings 0: Node Reset State

1: Com Reset State

2: Boot up State

3: Pre-Operation State

4: Operation State

5: Stop State

04-22 CANopen Control Status

Factory Setting: Read Only

Settings 0: Not ready for use state

1: Inhibit start state

2: Ready to switch on state

3: Switched on state

4: Enable operation state

7: Quick stop active state

13: Error reaction activation state

14: Error state

04-23 Reserved

04-24 Communication Decoding Method

Factory Setting: 1

Settings 0: Decoding method 1

1: Decoding method 2

		Decoding Method 1	Decoding Method 2			
Course of	Digital Keypad	rigital keypad controls the drive action regardless decoding method 1 or 2.				
Source of	External Lerminal	External terminal controls the drive action regardless decoding method 1 or 2				
Operation Control	RS-485	Refer to address: 2000h~20FFh	Refer to address: 6000h ~ 60FFh			
Control	CANopen	Refer to index: 2020-01h~2020-FFh	Refer to index:2060-01h ~ 2060-FFh			

04-25 CAN: multi-pump application mode

Factory Setting: 1

Settings 0: EST master broadcasting mode (single master-multiple slaves)

1: EST multiple master mode (dual master-dual slave)

04-26 CAN: customized third-party controller definition

Factory Setting: 0

Settings 0: Disable customized protocol

1: Enable KEBA customized protocol22: Enable EST customized protocol

7 Incorrect diagnosis of slave (pumps) on the number of slave (pumps).

Factory Setting: 0

Settings 0~20

0: Disable the slave (pump) diagnosis function.

05 Special application Parameters

✓ You can set this parameter during operation

•		·	
05-00	Flow ra	te rising time at flow rate mode	5
	Settings	0~1000ms	Factory Setting: 80
05-01	Flow ra	ite decreasing time at flow rate mode	
00 01	Settings	0~1000ms	Factory Setting: 80
	Settings	0.4 10001118	
05-02	Switchi	ng point of ASR low speed	Factory Setting: 5.00
M Whon w	Settings	0.00~160.00Hz the ASR frequency feedback switch or the ASR freque	
		ASR parameters when the frequency is lower than the	
05-03	Switchi	ng point of ASR high speed	
	Settings	0.00~160.00Hz	Factory Setting: 10.00
		the ASR frequency feedback switch or the ASR freque ASR parameters when the frequency is higher than the	
05-04	I ow sp	eed bandwidth	
03-04			Factory Setting: 20
	Settings	1~200Hz	
05-05	Low sp	eed ASR gain	5 1 0 W 10
~	Settings	0~40	Factory Setting: 10
		(included) and above: factory setting is 20% of the rate	ed motor.
05-06	Low sp	eed ASR integral time	Factory Setting: 0.100
	Settings	0.001~10.000	_
05-07	High sp	peed bandwidth	Factory Setting: 20
	Settings	1~200Hz	Tactory detting. 20
05-08	High sp	eed ASR gain	
	Settings	0~40	Factory Setting: 10
05-09	High sp	eed ASR integral time	
	Settings	0.001~10.000 ms.	Factory Setting: 0.100
05-10	Press	ure variation detection level	
	Settings	0.0~100.0	Factory Setting: 0.0

- 5-1 Unusual signal
- 5-2 Dynamic fault processing and troubleshooting
- 5-3 Resolution for electromagnetic noise and induction noise
- 5-4 Environment and facilities for installation

The hybrid servo drive can display warning messages such as over voltage, low voltage, and over current and equipped with the protection function. Once any malfunction occurs, the protection function will be enabled and the hybrid servo drive will stop its input, followed by the action of the anomaly connection point and stopping of the servo oil pump. Please refer to the cause and resolution that corresponds to the error message displayed by the hybrid servo drive for troubleshooting. The error record will be stored in the internal memory of the hybrid servo drive (up to the last six error messages) and can be read by the digital keypad or communication through parametric readout.



- ☑ Upon the occurrence of anomaly, wait for five seconds after the anomaly is resolved before pressing the RESET button.
- ☑ Verify that the power indicator is off before opening the machine cover and starting the inspection.

5-1 Unusual Signal

5-1-1 Indicator Display



1: Power Indicator, 2: Encoder Feedback Indicator, 3: Encoder Feedback Warning Indicator, 4: Brake Indicator





Here are two images of KPVJ-LE02 displaying unusual signals. On the left, it shows the number of the unusual signals. On the right, it shows the name of the unusual signal. The KPVJ-LE02 switches automatically back and forth between these two ways of displaying the unusual signal.

- <E> = Error, press the RESET button to clear the error.
- <F> = Fault, power off the hybrid servo drive, wait for 3 minutes before you repower on the servo drive

5-1-2 Error Messages Displayed on Digital Operation Panel KPVJ-LE02

5-1-2	Thor Messages D	isplayed on L	Digital Operation Panel KPVJ-LE			
No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
E1	ocA	Over current occurs in acceleration; output current exceeds by three times the rated current of the drive. (ocA)	 Check if the insulation of the wire from U-V-W to the hybrid servo motor is bad. Check if the hybrid servo motor is stalled. Such errors occur when the red light of PG card flashes. The causes of these errors could be loose contact/disconnection between encoder, motor drive and motor. 	0001H	1	2213H
E2	ocd o c d	Over current occurs in deceleration; output current exceeds by three times the rated current of the drive. (ocd)	4. When such errors occur at the beginning, during or at the end of pressure/ flow command Adjust also the ramp up/down rate of pressure/flow command (Pr00-29 to Pr00-32) or Adjust the pressure/ flow reference time (Pr00-46~ Pr00-49) or Adjust the slope from the hybrid servo drive.	0002H	1	2213H
E3	ocn .	Over current occurs during constant speed. Output current exceeds by three times the rated current of the drive. (ocn)	5. When such errors occur while pressure/ flow command is constant, adjust PI value (Pr.00-20 ~ Pr.00-25). 6. Make sure if there is any disturbance/ noise, set Pr00-04: #11 (Pressure feedback), #12(Pressure command), #25 (flow rate command). Then observe if the values fluctuate. 7. Replace the hybrid servo drive with a larger output capacity model.	0003H	1	2214H
E4	GFF	Ground fault: Ground wire protection applies when one of the output terminals are grounded and the ground current is higher than its rated value by over	 Check the wire of hybrid servo motor is shorted or grounded. Check if IGBT power module is damaged Check if the output side wire has bad insulation. 	0004H	1	2240Н

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
		80%. Note that this protection is only for hybrid servo drive and not for human.				
E5	0CC	IGBT short circuit between upper and lower bridge. (occ)	Short-circuit is detected between the upper and lower bridge of the IGBT module. Check the motor wiring. Cycle the power, if occ still exists, return to the factory for repair.	0005H	2	2250H
E6	ocs	Over-current or hardware failure in current detection at Stop. (ocs)	Send back to manufacturer for repair.	0006Н	1	2214H
E7	ovA	DC bus over-voltage during acceleration. (ovA)	230V: DC 415V460V: DC 830V1. Check if the input voltage is within the range of voltage rating of Hybrid	0007H	2	3210H
E8	ovd O u d	DC bus over-voltage during deceleration. (ovd)	Servo Drive and monitor for any occurrence of surge voltage. 2. The issue can be resolved by adjusting the software brake action level in Pr.02-00. 3. When such error occurred at the	H8000	2	3210H
E9	ovn	DC bus over-voltage at constant speed. (ovn)	beginning, during or at the end of the pressure/ flow command, adjust Pr.00-29 ~Pr.00-32 <ramp command="" down="" flow="" of="" pressure="" rate="" up=""> or Pr00-46 ~Pr00-49 <pressure flow="" reference="" s1="" s2="" time=""></pressure></ramp>	009Н	2	3210H
E10	ovs Ou5	Over voltage occurs at stop and hardware failure. (ovS)	Check if the input voltage is within the range of voltage rating of hybrid servo drive and monitor for any occurrence of surge voltage.	000AH	2	3210H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
E11	LvA	DC bus voltage is lower than the setting at Pr02-07 during acceleration. (LvA)		000BH	2	3220H
E12	Lvd	DC bus voltage is lower than the setting in Pr02-07 during deceleration. (Lvd)	 Check if the voltage of input power is normal. Check if there is any sudden heavy load. Adjust the low voltage level in 	000CH	2	3220H
E13	Lvn	DC bus voltage is lower than the setting at Pr.02-07 when running at constant speed (Lvn)	Pr.02-07. 4. Lvn often occurs when the motor drive has a power failure while the operating signals are still being sent.	000DH	2	3220H
E14	Lvs LuS	DC bus voltage is lower than the setting at Pr.02-07 at stop (LvS)		000EH	2	3220H
E15	orP	Phase loss protection (orP)	Check if only single-phase power is sent or phase los occurs for three phase models	000FH	2	3130H
E16	oH1	IGBT's temperature exceeds the protection level (oH1)	 Check if ambient temperature is too high. Check if there is any foreign object on the heat sink and if the fan is running. Check if there is enough space for air circulation for Hybrid Servo Drive 	0010H	3	4310H
E17	оН2 ОН С	Capacitors' temperature exceeds the protection level)	 Check if ambient temperature is too high. Check if there is any foreign object on the heat sink and if the fan is running. Check if there is enough space for air circulation for hybrid servo drive 	0012H	3	FF00H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
		(oH2)				
E18	tH1o	Hardware failure (tH1o)	Send back to manufacturer for repair.	0012H	8	FF00H
E19	tH2o	Hardware failure (tH2o)	Send back to manufacturer for repair.	0012H	8	FF01H
E20	oHF OHF	IGBT overheated and cooling fan failure. (oHF)	Check the fan kit to see if it is blocked. Return to factory for repair.	0013H	4	FF02H
E21	oL OL	The hybrid motor drive detects excessive output current (oL)	cycle. If the number accumulates to 100, OL occurs	0015H	1	2310H
E22	EoL1	Servo motor overload (EoL1)	 Set Pr00-04=30 (v2.06 and above), observe if the value returns to zero after every molding cycle. If the number accumulates to 100, EoL occurs. Change the molding conditions. Replace with the hybrid servo drive with a larger output capacity model. If the pressure –flow is too high during the blending, such error occurs easily. To clear this error, decrease the pressure command and the flow command. 	0016H	1	2310H
E24	оН3 ОН 3	(02-09 PTC level) Overheating inside the motor	Check if the motor drive is blocked. Check if the ambient temperature is too high. Increase the capacity of the motor drive.	0018H	3	FF20H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
		drive detected by hybrid servo drive, exceeding the protection level (Pr02-09 PTC level) (oH3).				
E30	cF1	Error on memory write-in (cF1)	Press RESET key to return all parameters to factory default values	001EH	32	5530H
E31	cF2	Error on memory readout (cF2)	If the above does not work, send back to manufacturer for repair.	001FH	5	5530H
F32	cd0	Detection of abnormal output of three-phase total current (cd0)		0020H	2	FF03H
F33	cd1	Detection of abnormal current in phase U (cd1)	problem persists, send back to	0021H	1	FF04H
F34	cd2	Detection of abnormal current in phase V (cd2)	manufacturer for repair	0022H	1	FF05H
F35	cd3	Detection of abnormal current in phase W (cd3)		0023H	1	FF06H
F36	Hd0	Clamp current detection error (Hd0)		0024H	5	FF07H
F37	Hd1	Over-current detection error (Hd1)	Turn off the power and restart. If the same problem persists, send back to manufacturer for repair.	0025H	5	FF08H
F38	Hd2	Over-voltage detection error (Hd2)		0026H	5	FF08H
F39	Hd3	Ground current detection error (Hd3)	- The motor burns down or the insulation ages: Use a high resistance meter to	0027H	5	FF08H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
			measure the insulation resistance of the			
			motor. If the insulation is poor, replace			
			with a new motor.			
			- Short circuit caused by the damaged			
			cables. Troubleshoot the damaged parts			
			or replace with new cables.			
			- The stray capacitance between the			
			cable and the ground terminal is large: If			
			the length of the motor cable at the field is			
			longer than 100 m in the field, decrease			
			the setting value of the carrier frequency.			
			Take steps to reduce the stray			
			capacitance.			
			- Faults caused by the noise interference.			
			Verify the communication circuit wiring			
			and the ground wiring. Separate the			
			communication circuit wiring and or the			
			ground wiring from the main circuit wiring			
			or make a 90-degree wiring to reduce the			
			noise interference.			
			- Hardware failure. Verify if anything			
			wrong on the motor, motor cable and measure motor cable length. Power off			
			the hybrid servo drive, wait for 5 minutes			
			and re-power on. If this fault code still			
			pops up, contact Delta for technical			
			support.			
	AuE		Check if the wiring of the motor is			
E40		Auto tuning error	correct.	0028H	1	FF21H
	AUE	(AuE)	Check if the motor's parameter settings are correct.			
			The actual rotating speed doesn't follow			
			speed command and the elapsed time			
E42	PGF1	PG feedback	longer than one second. In this case,	002AH	7	7301H
⊏4∠	767	error (PGF1)	check if Pr01-30 Is not equal to zero and	UUZAH	′	130111
	<u></u>		check PG feedback wiring.			

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
E43	PGF2	PG feedback loss (PGF2)	Check the PG feedback wiring. It could be an open circuit.	002BH	7	7301H
E44	PGF3	Stalled PG feedback (the actual rotating speed is 115% faster than the maximum speed and the elapsed time longer than one second) (PGF3)	1.Check the PG feedback wiring. 2.Check if PI gain and the settings for acceleration/ deceleration are suitable. 3.Check if there's an output phase loss. 4.The causes of these errors could be loose contact/ disconnection between encoder, hybrid servo motor drive and motor. (OC might also occur in different conditions.). 5.Check if the connection between oil pump and motor is stuck.	002CH	7	7301H
E45	P554	PG slip error (PGF4)	6.Send back to manufacturer for repair.	002DH	7	7301H
E49	EF EF	When external terminals EF are closed, Hybrid servo drive stops its output (EF)	Troubleshoot and press the RESET button.	0031H	5	9000H
E50	EF1	When external EMG terminal is not connected to the heating switch of hybrid servo motor or the motor is overheated (130 °C), hybrid servo drive stops its input (EF1)	Troubleshoot and press the RESET button.	0032H	5	9000Н
F52	Pcod	Password is locked after three attempts (Pcod)	Shut down the servo drive, wait for certain time. Make sure that the power indicator is off. (≤ 22kW: wait for 5 min after shut down; ≥ 30kW: wait for 10 min after shut down). Then restart the servo drive and enter the right password	0034H	5	FF26H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
F53		CPU fault (ccod)	Send back to manufacturer for repair.	0035H	4	7500H
E54	cE1	Illegal command (cE1)	Verify if the communication command is correct (Communication code must be 03, 06, 10)	0036H	4	7500H
E55	cE2	Illegal data address (cE2)	Verify if the communication data length is correct.	0037H	4	7500H
E56	cE3	Illegal data value	Verify if the data value is bigger than the maximum or smaller than the minimum value.	0038H	4	7500H
E57	cE4	Data is written to read-only address (cE4)	Verify if the communication address is correct.	0039H	4	7500H
E58	cE10	Modbus transmission time-out (cE10)	Verify the wiring and grounding of the communication circuit. Press the RESET button on the keypad to clear this error code. If cE10 persists, send back to manufacturer for repair.	003AH	4	7500H
E60	bF & F	Brake transistor error (bF)	Press the RESET button on the keypad to clear this error code. If bF persists, send back to manufacturer for repair.	003BH	5	7110H
E65	PGF5	Hardware error of PG card or magnetic pole tuning fault (PGF5)	Verify the setting of Pr.01-07 Motor Parameter Auto Tuning. If this fault is persistent, send it back to the manufacturer for repairing.	0041H	5	FF29H
E66	ovP	Overpressure (ovP)	 Check if the pressure sensor is working properly and if its specification is correct. Adjust pressure PI control Pr.00-20~00-37. Check if the wiring of pressure sensor is correct. Check the position of SW100 dip switch (current type or open collector) on the control board if correct. 	0042H	5	FF29H
E67	PFbF	Pressure feedback error (PfbF)	Check if the wiring of pressure sensor is correct. It could be open-circuit. Check if the pressure sensor signal is	0043H	5	FF29H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
E68	Prev	Oil pump runs reversely (Prev)	below 1V. Check if there's any zero shift at the pressure sensor. Check if the wiring of pressure sensor is correct.	0044H	5	FF29H
E69	noil	Oil shortage (noil)	 Check the amount of oil in the oil tank. Check if any leakage at hydraulic circuit. If there's a suction filter installed at the oil inlet, check if that suction filter is blocked up. 	0045H	5	FF29H
E70	tUP	Business hours end. (tUP)	Send back to manufacturer for repair.	0046H	32	FF29H
E71	ocbs	(OCDS)	 Check if the braking chopper is short-circuit. Is the resistance value too small? Send back to manufacturer for repair. 	0047H	1	FF29H
F72	bro	Braking resistor is open-circuit (bro)	Check if the braking resistor is open-circuit or properly wired?	0048H	32	FF29H
F73	brF	Braking resistor's resistance value is too small. (brF)	Check if the resistance value big enough?	0049H	32	FF29H
E74	oH4 □	Braking chopper overheated (oH4)	Check if there are too many times of deceleration and pressure releasing during formation period? Modify formation period	004AH	3	FF29H
E75	tH40	Error occurred on braking chopper's thermo-protectio n line (tH4o)	Send back to manufacturer for repair.	004BH	3	FF29H
E78	b.GFF	The ground short is detected before running the servo drive, because all the	Only after this fault occurs for 5 seconds, you can reset the servo drive. If this fault is persistent, send it back to the manufacturer for repairing.	004Eh	2	0x2240H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
		upper arms or all the lower arms are turned on. (b.GFF)				
E79	A.oc	The U-phase short is detected before running the servo drive because U-phase and V-phase are turned on. (A.oc)	Only after this fault occurs for 5 seconds, you can reset the servo drive. If this fault is persistent, send it back to the manufacturer for repairing.	004Fh	2	0x2213H
E80	b.oc	The V-phase short is detected before running the servo drive because V-phase and W-phase are turned on. (b.oc)	Only after this fault occurs for 5 seconds, you can reset the servo drive. If this fault is persistent, send it back to the manufacturer for repairing.	0050h	2	0x2213H
E81	c.oc	The W-phase short is detected before running the servo drive because U-phase and W-phase are turned on. (c.oc)	Only after this fault occurs for 5 seconds, you can reset the servo drive. If this fault is persistent, send it back to the manufacturer for repairing.	0051h	2	0x2213H
E82	oPL1	Output Phase Loss on Phase U (oPL1)	1 Check if the wiring of motor to see if any loose or broken wires.	0052H	2	FF29H
E83	oPL2	Output Phase Loss on Phase V (oPL2)	2. Check if the resistance of each phase is the same.3. Use an ampere-meter to measure if the	0053H	2	FF29H
E84	oPL3	Output Phase Loss on Phase W (oPL3)	three-phase current is in balance. If this error code still pops up when it is in balance, send back to manufacturer for	0054H	2	FF29H

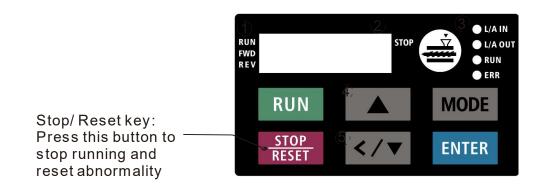
No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
			repair. 4. Choose a motor and a servo drive which are compatible with each other.			
E87	oL3	Servo drive overloading while running at low frequency (oL3)	 Reduce the ambient temperature of the operating drive. Replace the drive with a larger power model. Reset drive parameters or decrease carrier frequency. Send back to the manufacturer for repair if none of the above works. 	0057H	2	2310H
E90	SLE 5LE	Slave pump fault	Verify if any issue occurs on each slave pump. Troubleshoot those issues. Then press the RESET button to clear this fault code.	005Ah	1	0x00
E93	AUE.A	The current at U-phase is too small. (The IGBT at U-phase is open circuit or an error occurs on the current sensor.)	Verify if the servo drive and the motor are properly connected The magnetic contactor installed on the output side (U/V/W) of the servo drive is at open-circuit. Make sure that it must be at close-circuit.	005Dh	2	3210H
E94	AUE.b	The current at V-phase is too small. (The IGBT at V-phase is open circuit or an error occurs on the current sensor.)	Verify if the servo drive and the motor are properly connected The magnetic contactor installed on the output side (U/V/W) of the servo drive is at open-circuit. Make sure that it must be at close-circuit.	005Eh	2	3210H
E95	AUE.c	The current at W-phase is too small. (The IGBT at W-phase is open circuit or an error occurs on the current sensor.)	1. Verify if the servo drive and the motor are properly connected 2. The magnetic contactor installed on the output side (U/V/W) of the servo drive is at open-circuit. Make sure that it must be at close-circuit.	005Fh	2	3210H
E96	AUE.P	Error occurred on the encoder (cable connection error)	Verify if the encoder is properly connected to the servo drive and if the	0060h	128	7301H

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
			parameters are correctly set.			
			2. Reboot the hybrid servo drive.			
			3. If this fault is persistent, sent it back to			
			the manufacturer for repairing.			
			1. Increase guarding time (Index 100C).			
			2. Check the communication wiring and			
			grounding. 90 degrees wiring layout or			
		Software error 1	separation from main circuit is			
	CGdE	occurred on CANopen	suggested to prevent interference.			
E101	EGdE	(CGdÉ)	3. Make sure the communication wiring	0065H	4	8130H
		(CANopen guarding error)	is serial.			
			4. Use dedicated CANopen cable and			
			install terminating resistor.			
			5. Check the status of communication			
			cable or change new cable.			
			Increase Heart beat time (Index			
	CHbE		1016).			
			2. Check the communication wiring and			
		Software error 2				
		occurred on	separation from main circuit is			
E102		CANopen	suggested to prevent interference.	0066H	4	8130H
	CHBE	(CHbE)	3. Make sure the communication wiring			
		(CANopen	is serial.			
		heartbeat error.)	4. Use dedicated CANopen cable and			
			install terminating resistor.			
			5. Check the status of communication			
			cable or change new cable.			
			Re-install CANopen card.			
		Hardware	2. Check the communication wiring and			
		error occurred	grounding. 90 degrees wiring layout or			
E. ()	CHFE [HFE	on CANopen	separation from main circuit is	0068Н	4	014011
E104		(CbFE) (CANopen bus off error)	suggested to prevent interference.		4	8140H
			3. Make sure the communication wiring			
			is serial.			
			4. Use dedicated CANopen cable and			
			install terminating resistor.			

No.	Display Code	Fault Description	Troubleshooting	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H Low Byte)	CANopen Fault Register (1001H bit 0~7)	DS402 Fault Codes (603FH)
			5. Check the status of communication			
			cable or change new cable.			
E105	CIDE	Index setting error occurred on CANopen (CIdE) (CANopen index error)	Disable CANopen (Pr.04-17=0) Reset CANopen Index (Pr.04-17)	0069Н	4	8100H
E106	CAdE	Slave # setting error occurred on CANopen (CAdE)	Disable CANopen (Pr.04-17=0) Reset CANopen Index (Pr.04-17)	006AH	4	8100H
E107	CFrE	CANopen Index is Out of Range (CFrE) CANopen (CANopen memory error)	Disable CANopen (Pr04-17=0) Reset CANopen Index (Pr04-17)	006ВН	4	8100H

Reset Alarm:

Once the issue that tripped the system and triggers the alarm is eliminated, one can resume the system to normal status by pressing the RESET button on the digital keypad (as shown in the figure) to set the external terminal to "Anomaly reset command" and sending the command by turning on the terminal or via communication. Before any anomaly alarm is resolved, make sure the operation signal is at open circuit status (OFF) to avoid immediate machine running upon anomaly reset that may case mechanical damage or personnel casualty.



5-1-3 Warning Codes

No.	Display	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H High Byte)	Descriptions
A1	CE I	0001H	Modbus function code error (Illegal function code) (CE1) Corrective Actions ■ Check if the function code is correct. (Function code must be 03, 06, 10, 63)
A2	CE2	0002H	Modbus data address is error (Illegal data address (00 H to 254 H) (CE2) Corrective Actions Check if the communication address is correct.
A3	CE3	0003H	Modbus data error (Illegal data value) (CE3) Corrective Actions Check if the data value exceeds maximum / minimum value.
A4	СЕЧ	0004H	Modbus communication error (Data is written to read-only address) (CE4) Corrective Actions Check if the communication address is correct.
A5	CE 10	0005H	Modbus transmission time-out (CE10)
A6	CP 10	0006H	Keypad transmission time-out (CP10)
A7	5E I	0007H	Keypad COPY error 1 (SE1) Keypad simulation error, including communication delays, communication error (keypad receives error FF86) and parameter value error.
A8	5E2	0008H	Keypad COPY error 2 (SE2) Keypad simulation done, parameter writes error.
A9	oH I	0009H	 IGBT is over-heated than protection level: 95°C (oH1) Corrective Actions ■ Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. ■ Make sure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed. ■ Remove any foreign objects from the heat sink and check for possible dirt in heat sink. ■ Provide enough spacing for adequate ventilation.

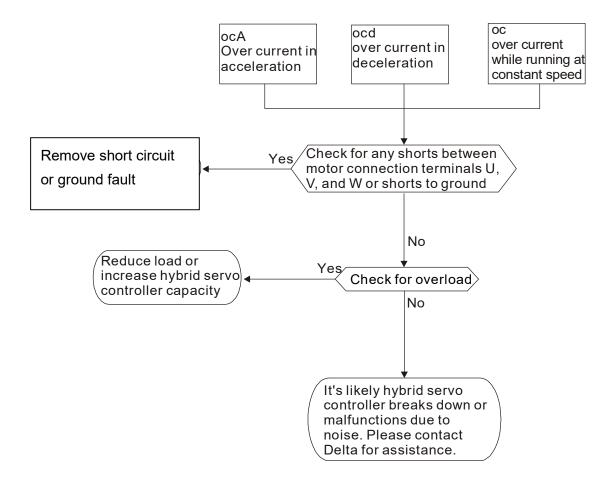
No.	Display	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H High Byte)	Descriptions
A10	oH2	000AH	 Motor drive is over-heated than protection level: 95°C. This warning code is ONLY for frame E, NOT for other frames. (oH2) Corrective Actions Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. Make sure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed. Remove any foreign objects from the heat sink and check for possible dirt in heat sink. Provide enough spacing for adequate ventilation.
A11	Pl d	000BH	PID feedback loss (PID)
A14	AUE	000EH	Motor parameters auto-tuning error (AuE) Corrective Actions Check if motor wiring is correct. Check if motor capacity and parameters are correct.
A15	РСГЬ	000FH	PG feedback error (PGFb) Corrective Actions Check if the encoder's wiring is correct. Check if PG card's red light is on because of some interferences.
A17	o5Pd	0011H	Over speed warning (oSPd)
A18	dAuE	0012H	Over speed deviation warning (dAvE)
A19	PHL	0013H	Input Phase Loss (PHL)
A22	οΗЗ	0016H	Motor over-heating (oH3)
A24	o5L	0018H	Over slip (oSL)
A25	ŁUn	0019H	Auto-tuning in process (tUn)
A26	FAn	001AH	Cooling fan jammed (FAn) Corrective Actions Check if the cooling spins or not. Clean the cooling fan

No.	Display	Fault codes defined by Delta	Descriptions
INO.	Display	(2021H High Byte)	Descriptions
A27	bP	001BH	The function of this warning code is to prevent oil pump from damaging while running without sucking in any hydraulic oil. When the hybrid servo drive goes from STOP to RUN, it starts to check if the pressure is over 0.5Bar within the time set at Pr.00-60. During this checking period, the servo drive refuses pressure command and flow command sent from keypad. The keypad displays bp (building pressure). If the pressure is still under 0.5bar after the checking period set at Pr.00-60, there will be an oil shortage warning and the hybrid servo drive will stop running. The keypad will display noil (no oil). If the pressure is over 0.5bar within the checking time set at Pr00-60, the hybrid servo drive continues to run normally. There won't be a bp warning. (bP) ** This function is effective when Pr.00-27 < minimum pressure > is set as higher than 0.3% and the time setting at Pr.00-60 is NOT 0.
A28	oPHL	001CH	Output Phase Loss (oPHL)
A36	[Gdn	0024H	Software error 1 occurred on CANopen (CGdn)
A37	ЕНЬп	0025H	Software error 2 occurred on CANopen (CHbn)
A38	[54n	0026H	CANopen Synchronization off (CSyn)
A39	[bFn	0027H	CANopen bus off (CbFn)
A40	[] dn	0028H	CANopen index error (Cldn)
A41	[Adn	0029H	CANopen station address error (CAdn)
A42	[Frn	002AH	CANopen memory error (CFrn)
A43	[5dn	002BH	CANopen SDO transmission time-out (CSdn)
A44	[5bn	002CH	CANopen SDO received register overflow (CSbn)

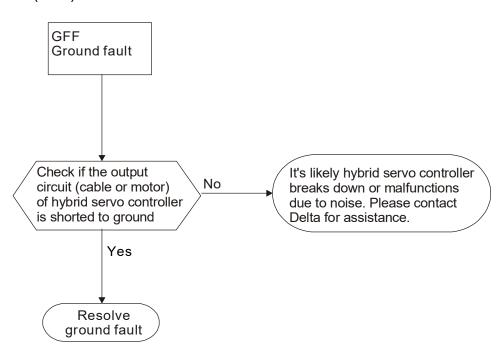
No.	Display	Fault codes defined by Delta (2021H High Byte)	Descriptions
A45	[bEn	002DH	CANopen boot up fault (CBtn)
A46	[PEn	002EH	CANopen protocol format error (CPtn)
A50	5FAn	0032H	Reminder of the maintenance of the cooling fan. (S.FAn)
A60	L-EL	003CH	Reminder of the remaining lifespan of the soft-start relay. (L.rEL)
A61	LFAn	003DH	Reminder of the remaining lifespan of the cooling fan. (L.FAn)

5-2 Dynamic fault processing and troubleshooting

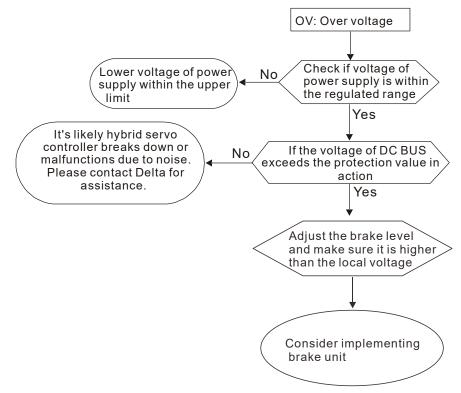
5-2-1 Over Current (oc)



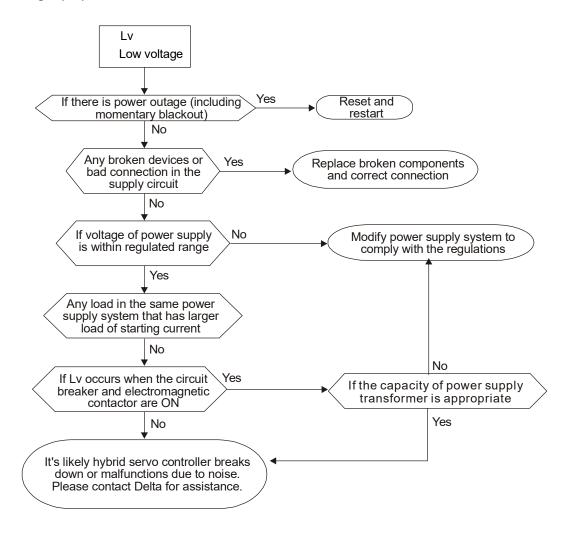
5-2-2 Ground Fault (GFF)



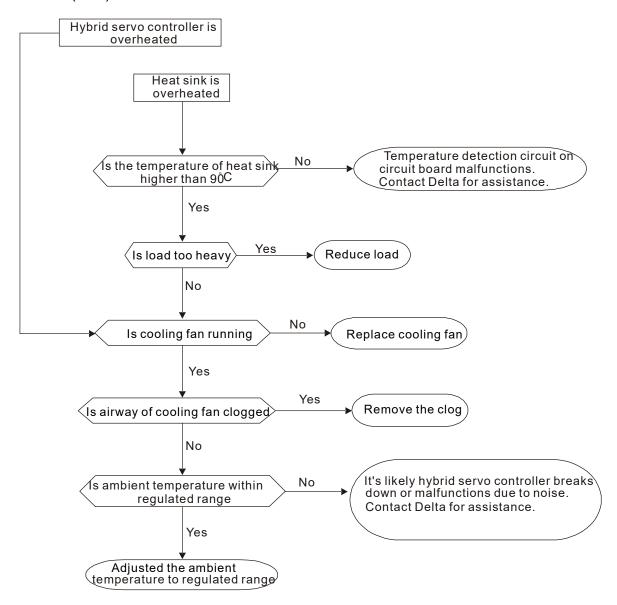
5-2-3 Over Voltage (ov)



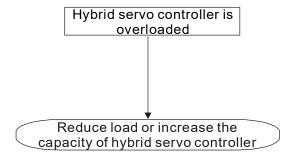
5-2-4 Low Voltage (Lv)



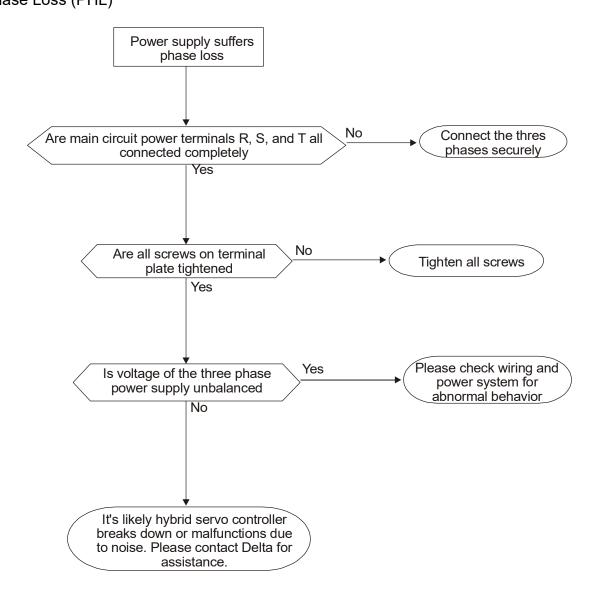
5-2-5 Over Heat (oH1)



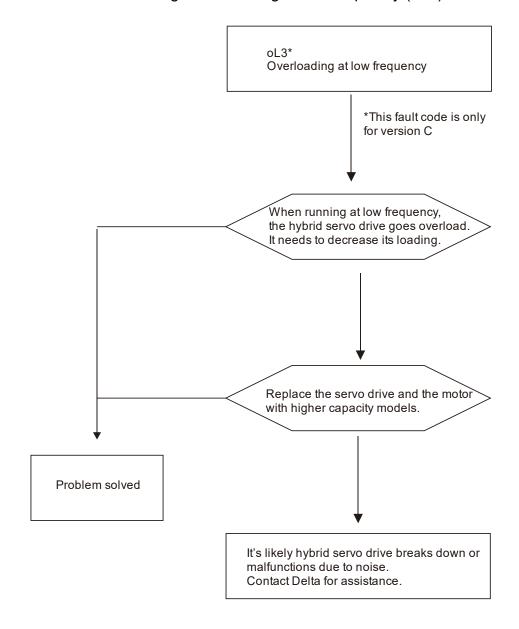
5-2-6 Overload (oL)



5-2-7 Phase Loss (PHL)



5-2-8 Hybrid servo drive overloading when running at low frequency (oL3)



5-3 Resolution for electromagnetic noise and induction noise

If there exist noise sources around hybrid servo drive, they will affect hybrid servo drive through radiation or the power lines, leading to malfunction of control loop and causing tripping or even damage of hybrid servo drive. One natural solution is to make hybrid servo drive more immune to noise. However, it is not economical and the improvement is limited. It is best to resort to methods that achieve improvements outside hybrid servo drive.

- 1. Add surge killer on the relay or contact to suppress switching surge between ON/OFF.
- 2. Shorten the wiring length of the control circuit or serial circuit and separate from the main circuit wiring.
- 3. Comply with the wiring regulation for those shielded wire and use isolation amplifier for long wire.
- 4. The ground terminal of hybrid servo drive must be connected to ground by following the associated regulations. It must have its own ground connection and cannot share with electrical welder and other power equipment.
- 5. Insert noise filter to the input terminal of hybrid servo drive to prevent the noise entering from the power lines.

In a word, three-level solutions for electromagnetic noise are "no product", "no spread" and "no receive".

5-4 Environment and facilities for installation

The hybrid servo drive is a device for electronic components. Detailed descriptions of the environment suitable for its operation can be found in the specifications. If the listed regulations cannot be followed for any reason, there must be corresponding remedial measures or contingency solutions.

- 1. To prevent vibration, anti-vibration spacer is the last choice. The vibration tolerance must be within the specification. The vibration effect is equal to the mechanical stress and it cannot occur frequently, continuously or repeatedly to prevent damaging AC motor drive.
- Store in a clean and dry location free from corrosive fumes/dust to prevent rustiness, poor contact. It also may cause short by low insulation in a humid location. The solution is to use both paint and dust-proof. For particular occasion, use the enclosure with whole-seal structure.
- 3. The ambient temperature must be just right. If the temperature is too high or too low, the lifetime and action reliability of electronic components will be affected. For semiconductor devices, once the conditions exceed the rated values, consequences associated with "damage" are expected. As a result, in addition to providing cooler and shades that block the direct sunlight that are aimed to achieve required ambient temperature, it is also necessary to perform cleaning and spot check the air filter in the storage tray of hybrid servo drive and the angle of cooling fan. Moreover, the microcomputer may not work at extremely temperature, space heater is needed for machines that are installed and operated in cold regions.
- 4. Avoid moisture and occurrence of condensation. If the hybrid servo drive is expected to be shut down for an extended period of time, be careful not to let condensation happen once the air conditioning is turned off. It is also preferred that the cooling equipment in the electrical room can also work as a dehumidifier.

5-5 Common Problems, Diagnosis and Troubleshooting

5-5-1 Hybrid Servo Controller Faults

(A) The controller is turned on, but the RUN light on the keypad is still off

(A) The controller is turned on, but the RUN light on the keypad is still off				
Problem	Diagnosis	Troubleshooting		
The controller is turned on but the RUN light is still off.	Verify if SON-COM connectors are conductive. (Use the resistance measurement on a multimeter to measure if SON-COM is conductive.) Verify if Pr.01-01 =1 <controlled by="" external="" terminals.="" the="" using="">.</controlled>	Enable the conductivity between SON and COM. Verify if position of SINK / SOURCE switching terminals is correct as shown in the image below. INPWR SINK: 1-3 4-6 J4		
	3. Set Pr,.01-01=0 <0: Controlled by using the digital keypad>. Press RUN key and see if RUN light is on.	If controlling by keypad works properly, there might be fault on the control board I/O signal. Verify the wiring of the control board. If wiring is right, you might need to change a new control board. Contact Delta for technical support		
Pr.01-37 <hes id#=""> wasn't set.</hes>	 Verify if Pr.00-02 = 0 <reset parameter="" settings="">.</reset> Verify if the controller is running and see if the RUN light on the keypad is on. Verify of the HES ID# in Pr.00-00 matches the HES ID# set in Pr.01-37 	 Set Pr.00-02= 0 Press STOP key or remove the wire between SON-COM Contact Delta for technical support. 		
PGF1 fault	1. Verify if the ERR red light indicator on the PG card is on. If the red light is on, the PG card can't receive signal from motor encoder. 2. Verify if the encoder cable is properly wired. 3. Do a cross check by changing PG card and encoder cable.	1. Reinstall and tighten the wiring of the encoder cable. 2. Replace by a new encoder cable. 3. For VJ-A, change a new PG card. For VJ-C change a new control board.		
bro fault (Open circuit on braking resistor)	 Verify if the wiring of the braking resistance is correct. Verify if the braking resistor installed on the hybrid servo controller matches the required braking resistance of the part specification. Verify if the braking light flashes at powering on. If the braking light flashes at powering on, that means MCU sends the action signal. 	 Re-wire the braking resistor. Contact Delta for technical support. If the braking light is off, that means MCU doesn't send control signal, contact a local dealer or Delta. But if the bro fault still occurs when the braking light flashes, you might need to send the whole HES-C back to the factory for further inspection. 		
brF fault (Braking resistance is too small.)	Verify if the braking resistor installed on the hybrid servo controller matches the required braking resistance of the part specification. Measure the barking resistance to see if there is a big difference.	Replace by a new braking resistor Re-wire the braking resistor.		
	2. Verify if the wiring is correct.			
FAn fault (Cooling fan doesn't work.)	1.Verify if any cooling fan is installed or that cooling fan doesn't run. 2. Verify if any foreign object blocks the cooling fan or there's an accumulation of dust.	1. If there are two cooling fans, change and test the fans. If cooling fan1, which doesn't rotate still doesn't work after you switch it to another side. It's simply a malfunction cooling fan, replace it by new one. If cooling fan2, which rotates normally, stops rotating after you put it on another side, it might be a connector problem of the hybrid servo controller. Contact a local dealer or Delta to send back for repairing. 2 Remove the foreign objects or cleaning the dust on the fan.		

(B) Power on the controller and enable the SON connector, but the RUN light on the keypad is constantly on.

on. Problem	Diagnosis	Troubleshooting
	Verify if the controller is running. If the controller is running, that means it works properly. Remove the cover to see if the keypad is installed correctly.	Remove and then reinstall the keypad. If the keypad still doesn't display, contact Delta.
The digital keypad doesn't display.	If the controller is not running, 1. Use a multimeter to verify if the three- phase input voltage is normal. (Set the multimeter to AC V function, point the test leads to the phases between R-S, S-T and T- R to measure the input voltage.) 2. For small capacity models, verify if the short-circuit plate is firmly installed between +1 and +2 terminals on the main circuit.	1. Supply normal input voltage. 2. Tighten the short-circuit plate between +1 and +2 terminals. 3. If the control board and the PG card function normally, it might be a keypad failure. Contact a local dealer or Delta for repairing.
Parameters cannot be set	 Verify if you can set those parameters during operation. Verify if Pr.00-02 = 1. Verify if any fault on the keypad. 	1. If that parameter cannot be set during operation, turn off the operation signal of the controller (disable SON-COM). 2. Power off the controller, then set Pr.00-02=0 <no function="">. Now go set up the parameters which you need to set up but cannot be set during the operation. Once you finish setting those parameters, go set Pr.00-02 = 1 <parameters locked="">. 3. Contact a local dealer or Delta for keypad repairing.</parameters></no>
EF1 fault occurs at powering on	1. Verify if the SINK / SOURCE mode switching terminals are at the position as shown in the image below INPWR SINK: 1-3 4-6 J4 2. Verify if external terminals EMG-COM are enabled. 3. Verify if Pr.01-37 has any setting. This parameter is only for HES series.	1. The factory setting is SINK mode (Powered by the internal +24V supply). 2. Verify the setting of Pr.03-04. If the temperature protection is a Switch and it is set to be normally closed. Set Pr03-04=4 before you wiring. Now you can clear the EF1 fault shown on the keypad. If the temperature protection is a KTY84 or other type and not using EMG terminal, set Pr.03-04=0. Then once EMG-COM is enabled, EF1 fault occurs. Or disable the EMG terminal signal. 3. Set Pr.01-37, match the HES model name to the right HES ID#.
OC fault occurs during power up	 Verify if Pr.01-37 is set up correctly. Verify if the ERR LED indicator is a red light on the PG card. Verify if the grounding terminal is correctly connected to the controller. Verify if any magnetic ring is installed on the motor power cable and if that magnetic ring is placed far from the controller. 	 Set Pr.00-02= 10 to reset all the parameters to the factory settings. Then set up Pr.01-37. And then power off the controller, wait for five minutes, power on the controller. Remove and reinstall the encoder cable. Connect the motor grounding cable to the grounding terminal on the controller. Install magnetic ring correctly. If you use only one magnetic ring, wind the three wires from UVW around the core for 3 times. If you use three magnetic rings, put all three wires from UVW through three magnetic rings without winding.
Motor runs for 10 sec., PGF4 fault occurs	PG slip fault (PGF4) 1. Verify if the PG card has keeps lighting red. Verify if the grounding wire and magnetic ring of the motor are installed properly. 2. Verify if the setting at Pr.01-26 matches the encoder installed. Verify if Pr.01-30 is not set to 0. 3. Verify if the control board, terminal board	Verify if the wiring of the PG card and the encoder at the motor is properly installed and mounted. If it is, the malfunction may be caused by the interference. Wrong PG card setting, you need to set Pr.01-26 = 3. Remove and the reinstall the encoder. If the pins of the connector are damaged, reinstall a new encoder.

	and DC gord nine are installed in the state 1.9	4 Verify if the DI gain anting (Dr.00.00 to Dr.00.05)
	and PG card pins are installed in place / if the connector is loose / if the connecting line is broken / if the pins of the connector are skewed or deformed.	4. Verify if the PI gain setting (Pr.00-20 to Pr.00-25) and the Acceleration/ Deceleration setting (Pr.01-05 and Pr.01-06) are correct
	4. Verify if the PG card connector is loose or poorly welded / if the encoder connector is loose / if the military grade connector is locked / if the pins are badly connected.	5. Disconnect the power. Rotate manually to verify if the motor shaft is stuck. If it is stuck, verify if it is caused by any foreign object and remove them. If the shaft still can't rotate smoothly after removal of foreign objects, call maintenance technicians.
	5. Verify if the HSP is stuck (Disconnect the power then rotate manually the motor shaft.)	6. Reinstall and adjust the motor shaft coupling.
	6. Verify if the clearance of the shaft coupling is too large.	
		Verify if the wiring of the controller matches the electrical phase sequence U-V-W.
Pressure cannot be built at packing.	 Verify if motor runs at the right direction. Verify the angle of the magnetic pole. Verify if anything wrong with the safety valve. Verify if the motor rotation speed is over 1000 RPM during packing. 	2. Set Pr.01-01 = 0 to change the source of command to the digital keypad. Then set Pr.01-07=4 and press the RUN button to do offset angle auto-tuning. (Note that motor runs at this time.). When this auto-tuning is done, go to Pr.01-27 to verify the angle and repeat this auto-tuning 3 times to make sure that each measuring angle is ±5 degree. (The default setting of HES is 0 degree.)
		3. If the rotation speed is too fast, lock the safety valve first and then verify again. If you still cannot slow down the speed, verify if there's any failure on safety valve.
Low Voltage fault (Lv)	1. Verify if there's any no-fuse breaker switch and AC reactor installed at the power input end 2. Measure if the three-phase input voltage meets the specifications 3. Verify fault record on Pr.02-10 to Pr.02-06. 4. Verify the fault status on Pr.02-32 to Pr.02-40 5. Verify the current production conditions of the machine such as production actions of the machine, pressure / flow commands)	 If there's faults on the no-fuse breaker, on the AC reactor or insufficient capacity of AC reactor, replace it with a new one. If it is caused by insufficient input voltage or phase loss, improve the input voltage. If the voltage drops below the Low Voltage level instantaneously under high-speed, high-voltage and heavy-load conditions at packing pressure or melting glue, adjust the power supply capacity at the input terminal to meet the requirements of the application. Verify if the DC Bus voltage recorded at the moment of the fault has really reached the fault low voltage level. Then follow the description in the step 2 above.
Slow feedback on the digital feedback	Verify the setting at Pr.01-31 Verify if there is same fault on the other buttons of the keypad.	For version A, set motor parameter Pr.01-31 =1. For version C, set motor parameter to 2049. Stop running the controller then you can set up the motor parameter. 2. If the fault only occurs on one button, replace with a new keywood.
		new keypad. 1. Rewire and lock properly.
Ovd Fault	 Verify if any mistake on the wiring of the braking unit and braking resistor. Verify if the barking LED light works properly when the brake activates. 	2. If the braking LED lights up, it means that the MCU has sent the control command to the braking chopper, so it shows that the control signal is normal. If the resistance is still not on, it means that there's something wrong on the braking chopper. If LED doesn't light up, it means that MCU doesn't send any signal. In this case, contact Delta to replace with a new control board.
	3. Verify if the braking resistor works.4. Verify if the setting value at Pr.00-32 is too small.	3. When the power is on, hold a non-contact digital infrared temperature gun to measure if any heat on the braking unit / resistor. Do NOT touch the braking unit / resistor with your hand to avoid heat burn and electric shock.
		When the power is off, also hold a non-contact digital infrared temperature gun to measure if any heat on

		the braking unit / resistor. Do NOT touch the braking unit / resistor with your hand to avoid heat burn and electric shock. If the braking unit / resistor is hot, it means that it works properly. 4. Under the right production condition, increase slowly the setting value of Pr.00-32 from 80 to a higher number. Verify also if the DC Bus temperature can be kept down efficiently.
oH3 fault occurs as soon as the controller runs	1. Verify if the wiring between KTY84 on the encoder and the controller is correct. (VJ-C: T+, T-) (VJ-A/B: AUI, ACM) 2. Remove the KTY84 from the encoder, use a multimeter to measure the resistivity between the terminals. The normal resistivity is around 600 Ohms. (Set the multimeter to the resistance measurement).	Rewire and lock tightly. 2. If the measurement is unusual, replace it with another set of PTC. If it runs normally at the beginning, but fails after running for some time and the motor is not overheated, switch to PTC for operation. Contact an authorized dealer or Dela for technical support.
Pressure feedback loss (PFbF fault)	 Verify the setting at Pr.00-91 and Pr.00-92. Verify if pressure feedback sensor is wiring correctly. Verify if there's pressure feedback signal. 	Set Pr.00-91= 0 and Pr.00-92=0 to disable pressure feedback detection. (For firmware v1.05 (included) and above, you can disable pressure feedback detection before running the controller.) Rewire. If there's no signal, switch with a new pressure feedback sensor.

5-5-2 Motor Failure

Problem	Diagnosis	Troubleshooting
The controller can be powered on	 Verify if the RUN button lights up. Verify if the controller, motor and encoder are wired and installed correctly. 	1. Verify if the operation signal (SON-COM) is triggered and turned on. If not, troubleshoot first. If there is still no signal, set Pr.01-01=0, and press the RUN button on the keypad to verify if the RUN button lights up and if the motor runs. 2. Remove and then reinstall the controller, motor and the encoder.
normally but the motor doesn't respond.	3. Test if there's output from U.V.W terminals at open-circuit.	3. If everything described in point 1 and 2 are fine, separate the motor power line from the controller. Then set Pr.01-00= 0 as VF control and set Pr.01-30 = 0 as No function. Press the Down button on the keypad to decrease the rotation speed to 10-20 RPM. Set the multimeter to AC V function to measure if the output voltage from U.V.W terminals is normal.
During preload and packing, the servo	Verify if any oil leakage around the machine.	Contact the customer to verify if the oil leakage causes RPM-overspeed on motor during packing.
controller rotates over 500 RPM.	Verify if any kind of leakage inside the oil pump.	If the over leakage inside the old pump causes RPM-overspeed on motor, switch with a new oil pump.
Motor runs backward	 Verify if the motor UVW power lines are correctly connected to the UVW output terminals on the controller. Verify if the pressure feedback signal is lower than the minimum pressure setting at Pr.00-27. 	Rewire. Increase the minimum pressure. Troubleshoot the clogged hydraulic circuit.
	Verify if the hydraulic circuit is blocked or any check valve is installed.	
		Cooling fan power line is connected but still doesn't work so it's a cooling fan failure.
	Verify if the motor cooling fan works normally.	2. Clean the dust on the cooling fan.
Motor over- heating	2. Verify if there's any obstruction in the heat sink, air intake or air outlet.	3. Modify the production settings or increase the molding downtime to give more time on motor's heat dissipation.
3	3. Verify if the production settings fit frequent heavy load (high flow rate, high pressure, short cooling time on the motor).	4. If the cooling fan works normally while the motor temperature is still over the temperature protection level but the motor does not stop running, that means that the temperature protection function fails. Troubleshoot by following the instruction about fault code oH3 in Chapter 5.

5-5-3 Oil Pump Failure

Problem	Diagnosis	Troubleshooting
Oil leakage from oil pump	Use dry, clean microfiber clothes to wipe the surface of the oil pump until all hydraulic oil residue is gone. 1. Visual inspect if there is any oil leakage on the oil inlet and oil outlet flange. 2. Verify if any oil leakage on the front / end cover and the rear end cover	Remove and reinstall the oil inlet / oil outlet flange. If the flange is damaged, replace with a new one. Contact Delta for technical support.
Large noise and strong vibration when the oil pump is running.	 Verify if there's sufficient oil in the tank. The tank has to be at least 80% full. Verify if the air causes noise in the oil circuit. Verify the plastic holder between the motor and the oil pump is damaged. Verify if the oil pump is running backward. Verify if a check valve is installed on the oil circuit. 	1. Always keep enough oil in the tank to keep air out. Because too much air in the oil pump makes noise and vibration in the oil pump, which reduces the life span of the oil pump. 2. Go to section < 3-3 Machine Adjustment Procedure > in the user manual. Follow the instruction of Step 5 (as shown below) to bleed the air out of the tank and the barrel. < Step 5. Bleed the circuit and make sure if there is any plastic material in the barrel. > 3. Power off the machine. Then replace with a new plastic holder. 4. Make sure that the oil pump is running at the right direction. 5. Make sure that the check valve is installed correctly.
The motor is running but there's no oil output at the oil outlet.	Verify if the motor and the oil pump coupling are connected and if the plastic holder between them is damaged. Verify if the motor and the oil pump are running backward.	Reinstall the shaft coupling. If the plastic holder is damaged, replace it with a new one. If the running direction is correct, there's something wrong with the oil pump. Replace it with a new one.
Excessive leakage in the oil pump	1. Measure the motor rotation speed under minimum pressure without installing an oil drain. (the rotation speed is below 50 RPM without installing an oil releasing pipe. 2. Measure the motor rotation speed at packing. (The rotation speed at the packing should be below 40 RPM.)	Change the source of the operation control to the digital keypad. Chang the control mode to Pr.00-09 =0 < Speed Control >. Make the motor to run at the constant speed. Measure the vibration at the constant speed. If the vibration is too large, it means that there's something wrong with the oil pump.

5-5-4 System failure and etc.

Problem	Diagnosis	Troubleshooting
	1. Verify if the RUN button lights up on the digital	Trigger to turn on the operation signal.
	keypad. 2. Verify the setting at Pr.00-27 <minimum pressure="">.</minimum>	Increase the setting value of Pr.00-27 to a normal value.
Unable to set the minimum pressure	3. Verify if the motor and oil pump run normally.	3. If the motor and the oil pump work normally, verify if the output of the controller is normal. If the output of the controller is normal, inspect the shaft coupling and
	4. Verify what the current speed command is on the digital keypad.	the plastic holder between the motor and the oil pump.
	5. Verify if the oil circuit safety flood valve is loose.	4. Set Pr.00-09 =1 <pressure control="">.</pressure>
	Verify if the opening of the safety flood valve is too big so that oil flows back	5. Adjust the safety flood valve. 1. Adjust the flood valve. If the same fault occurs again, replace with a new oil pump.
Motor rupo	Verify if there's any fault on the directional valve so that it cannot close the oil circuit.	2. Modify the setting of the directional valve.
Motor runs normally but	3. Verify if there's any oil leakage around the	3. Clean the oil leakage.
unable to increase the	machine.	4. Refill the oil to at least 80% of the tank.
system pressure	4. Verify if the oil surface is too low in the tank.	Increase the setting value of the flow rate command.
	5. Verify if the setting of the flood rate command is too low.	If the pressure command is lower than the pressure feedback, increase the setting at the pressure
	6. Verify pressure feedback and command.	command. 1. Modify the PI gain setting. For P gain, decrease the
	1. Verify the PI setting.	setting at Pr.00-20, Pr.00-22., Pr.00-24. For I gain, increase the setting at Pr.00-21, Pr.00-23 and Pr.00-
Machine	Verify if the setting value is too big at Pr.00- 10 <speed bandwidth="">.</speed>	25.
vibrates at	3. Verify if there's any oil circuit leakage or the	Decrease the speed bandwidth.
clamping	machine requires proper lubrication.	Solve the oil leakage problem and add enough lubrication on the machine to decrease the resistance
	Measure if there's any deviation on the parallelism of the mold platen.	at mold opening/closing.
		4. Adjust the parallelism of the mold platen.
Machine vibrates at	Verify the setting values of flood rate command and pressure command.	1. Modify the PI gain setting. For P gain, decrease the setting at Pr.00-20, Pr.00-22., Pr.00-24. For I gain, increase the setting at Pr.00-21, Pr.00-23 and Pr.00-25.
high speed injection	Verify if the setting value of speed bandwidth (Pr.00-10) is too big.	Decrease the speed bandwidth (Pr.00-10).
forward and back, high speed carriage forward and	Do other operations under the same settings to know if the vibration is caused by the same oil circuit.	If the vibration is caused by a single operation, verify if there's any problem at injection oil circuit.
back and melting.	The higher the flow rate command, the bigger the sound of low frequency vibration.	4. Verify if the concentricity between the motor shaft coupling and the dolly is the too big. Open the dolly, separate the oil pump from the shaft coupling. Use a dial indicator to measure and modify the concentricity.
		Power on the controller to see if it works properly. If the controller doesn't work properly, verify, one by one, the braking resistor and the braking unit.
The connecting line of the braking resistor got burned down.	Verify if the controller and related accessories work properly.	2. Some smoke comes out and the braking resistor glowing red when the controller is powered on but not running, replace with a new braking resistor. If OV
	Verify if any fault occurs on the braking resistor, braking unit and the controller.	fault occurs at a sudden stop during operation or at a reverse pressure releasing, it could be a resistor failure. Remove the braking resistor and measure the resistance with a multimeter.
		3.After you replace with a new braking unit and a new braking resistor, verify if the braking unit / resistor gets

l hot whi	ile the controller is newered on but not running
	ile the controller is powered on but not running. the parameter Pr.00-02=10 <reset factory<="" td="" to=""></reset>
setting	·
	·
	Pr.01-37, see Chapter 4 Summary of the
	eter for more information.
hackup (II you	u cannot set up Pr.01-37, do the steps below.
controller Siep 1:	: Verify if the RUN button lights up on the
	I. If the controller is running, press the STOP or remove connecting line between SON-COM.
	: Verify if the setting of Pr.00-00 < Controller
	ID > is correct. Because the setting of Pr.01-37
	ID#> needs to match the setting of Pr.00-00.
1. Save	e the current parameter setting of the controller.
2 Disco	onnect the power. Remove the old control
	and install the new one.
	onnect the power then verify if the model code
	t at Pr.00-00 match the original setting in the
	f the model code IDs don't match, contact Delta nnical support.
new control	militari capport.
board 4. Set u	up Pr.01-37 <hes #="" id="">.</hes>
	t the original parameter setting of the controller atically or manually to the new control board.
automa	alically of manually to the new control board.
6. Cont	trol manually open molding, close molding,
injectio	n forward / backward.
	y if the automatic operation runs properly.
1. Jave	s the wavelonn.
2. Verif	y if commands and feedbacks are normal.
2 Varif	iv if the current command reaches a stable
3. Verii	y if the current command reaches a stable
/ Pressun	
Noise and 4. Modi	ify the speed bandwidth (Pr.00-10).
vibration found 5 Modi	ify the slope of master command.
during /	ny the slope of master definition.
	bollards on the machines have different
	nces. Lubricate the bollards to solve this
problen	n.
7.If the	same problem persists after you modified the
parame	eters while other operations stay normal, there
	pe problems in the injection oil circuit. Switch
	new injection valve.
Verify if the grounding at the power input and the PE at the controller are installed and	
locked properly.	
1 Ineta	all properly the grounding and lock tightly.
2. Verify if there's any damage on the surface	F. Sport, and grounding and rook aginay.
of the power supply cable. 2. Repl	lace with a new power supply cable.
Electrical 3. Measure the electrical leakage differences	
leakage on the between before and after starting to run the Ground	e power system of the controller uses Floating d System (IT Systems) or Asymmetric Ground
	n (Corner Grounded TN Systems), you need to
1 Verify if the electrical leakage comes from remove	e the RFI switch. See section 2-1-1 Grounding
the controller motor or other accessories	Circuit Plate Description (RFI Switch) for more
5. Verify the grounding system at the field.	ation.
Measure the grounding of the controller's	
three-phase input. If it is a Delta grounding	
SASTELL TOWNAL IND RELEWITON	ages the potting value of the argod handwidth
system, remove the RFI switch. Vibration 1. The differences between internal leakage of 1. Incre	ease the setting value of the speed bandwidth - i
Vibration 1. The differences between internal leakage of 1. Incre	ease the setting value of the speed bandwidth 10). Do not set the speed bandwidth over 40 to
Vibration 1. The differences between internal leakage of the oil pump and the efficiency of the oil pump (Pr.00-	10). Do not set the speed bandwidth over 40 to notor vibration at reverse pressure releasing or

	0.1/	0 M-l 4b
	Verify if the pressure sensor is connected. The pressure sensor and the controller need to have the same grounding then to have the same electric potential. So that the floating of	Make the pressure sensor and the controller have the common ground. Increase the < Pressure feedback filtering time > to
	the pressure feedback doesn't interfere with the pressure control.	suppress the vibration. If the setting value is too large, the pressure feedback control will be slow.
	3. Verify if the floating of the pressure control / pressure feedback signal is caused by some interference.4. Verify if the over leakage inside the oil pump interfere with the pressure control.	4. Switch the source of control to the digital keypad and change the control mode to <speed control=""> (Pr.00-09=0). Set a fixed rotation speed. If the pressure is still too large at this speed, there might be something wrong with the oil pump. (Measure the rotation speed at packing. If the rotation speed is about 2x RPM, set the fixed rotation speed at 20 RPM</speed>
		to do a test. Increase slowly the pressure, if the pressure is insufficient. 1. When the system is under pressure control, it
	Verify if the pressure feedback reaches the pressure command setting.	decreases the rotation speed when it reaches the setting of the pressure command. So, verify if the speed command and/or the pressure command fits the current production application.
Insufficient	Verify if the motor rotation speed reaches the flow rate command.	
flow rate or incorrect command	Verify if the shaft coupling works properly on the oil pump.	2. If the motor rotation speed does not reach the setting of the speed command, verify what the setting value at Pr.00-06 is.
	Verify if the QI input of the controller follows the flow rate command from the controller.	3. Remove and reinstall the shaft coupling. If the plastic holder is damaged, replace it with a new one.
		4. Redo a three-point calibration (adjusting Pr.00-17-Pr.00-19).
The maximum	Verify it the controller reaches the flow rate command.	1. Increase the flow rate command to the maximum input (10V corresponds to the 100% of the system flow rate.).
injection speed doesn't meet the theoretic	2. Verify if the motor speed reaches setting value at Pr.00-06.	Set Pr.00-06 to the Max. speed indicated on the nameplate. If this speed is still not fast enough, verify
value.	Verify if when the pressure feedback decelerates because of the pressure feedback	if there's any oil circuit leakage or damage.
	after reaching the pressure command.	3. Increase the pressure command.
	Verify ff the setting value of the three-point calibration (Pr.00-14, Pr.00-15 and Pr.00-16	Redo the three-point calibration.
	Percentage of the pressure command) follows the command.	Replace with a new pressure sensor. If the strength of the pressure feedback signal decreases, replace with new wiring cables.
Inaccurate pressure	Verify if there's error on the pressure feedback signal or if the strength of pressure feedback signal decreases.	3. Replace with a new pressure sensor or adjust the three-point calibration to match the actual pressure sensor. Increase the speed bandwidth (Pr.00-10).
	3. Verify if there's error on the pressure sensor while the pressure signals are correct.	Modify the PI Gain by increasing Pr.00-20, Pr.00-22, Pr.00-24 and by decreasing Pr.00-21, Pr.00-23, Pr,01-25.
OC fault occurs while getting ready	 After the high-pressure mold locking is over, verify if the motor still receives the injection command while releasing the pressure reversely. If the motor still 	Add a 0.2-second mold locking delay time to the master controlling process.
for injection at high pressure mold locking.	receives commands now, the motor starts abruptly to run forward and output excessive current.	2. If you are not able to add a 0.2-second delay time, adjust the limit of current (Pr.02-41).
Insufficient weight in short shots in some	 Verify which segment goes wrong, the injection segment or the melting segment. Verify if the production parameters at the injection segment follows the commands. Verify if the motor deceleration caused by the pressure limit. 	Find out what conditions are which make the influence factors. Then measure the production settings at this segment. Pressure and flow input command don't match the production settings. Verify if the commands from the master are correct or if the commands are interfered.
finished products.	 4. Verify if there's any unusual vibration of the pressure or the flow rate at melting segment. 5. Verify if there's any position deviation at melting segment. 	 Increase the pressure command Verify if the re-grind resin is being used in the production. Verify also if the density difference between the melting plastic materials is caused by the moisture during drying. Verify if each melting position is within the range.

Chapter 6 Suggestions and Error Corrections for Hybrid Servo Drives

- 6-1 Maintenance and Inspections
- 6-2 Greasy Dirt Problem
- 6-3 Fiber Dust Problem
- 6-4 Erosion Problem
- 6-5 Industrial Dust Problem
- 6-6 Wiring and Installation Problem
- 6-7 Multi-function Input/Output Terminals Problem
- 6-8 Maintenance of Coupling

The hybrid servo drive has a comprehensive fault diagnostic system that includes several different alarms and fault messages. Once a fault is detected, the corresponding protective functions will be activated. The following faults are displayed as shown on the hybrid servo drive digital keypad. The last six faults can be displayed on the digital keypad.

The hybrid servo drive is made up by numerous components, such as electronic components, including IC, resistor, capacity, transistor, and cooling fan, relay, etc. These components can't be used permanently. They have limited-life even under normal operation. Preventive maintenance is required to operate this hybrid servo drive in its optimal condition, and to ensure a long life.

Check your hybrid servo drive regularly to ensure there are no abnormalities during operation and follows the precautions:



- ☑ Wait 5 seconds after a fault has been cleared before performing reset via keypad of input terminal.
- ☑ When the power is off after 5 minutes for \leq 22kW models and 10 minutes for \geq 30kW models, please confirm that the capacitors have fully discharged by measuring the voltage between + and -. The voltage between + and should be less than 25V_{DC}.
- Only qualified personnel can install, wire and maintain drives. Please take off any metal objects, such as watches and rings, before operation. And only insulated tools are allowed.
- ☑ Never reassemble internal components or wiring.
- ☑ Make sure that installation environment comply with regulations without abnormal noise, vibration and smell.

6-1 Maintenance and Inspections

Before the check-up, always turn off the AC input power and remove the cover. Wait at least 10 minutes after all display lamps have gone out, and then confirm that the capacitors have fully discharged by measuring the voltage between DC+ and DC-. The voltage between DC+ and DC-should be less than $25V_{DC}$.

Ambient environment

		Maintenance		
Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Period		
		Daily	Half	One
		Dany	Year	Year
Check the ambient temperature, humidity,	Visual inspection and			
vibration and see if there are any dust, gas,	measurement with equipment	\circ		
oil or water drops	with standard specification			
If there are any dangerous objects	Visual inspection	0		

Voltage

Oh a ala Massa	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period		
Check Items		Daily	Half Year	One Year
Check if the voltage of main circuit and	Measure with multimeter with	0		
control circuit is correct	standard specification			

Digital Keypad Display

Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period		
		Daily	Half Year	One Year
Is the display clear for reading	Visual inspection	0		
Any missing characters	Visual inspection	0		

Mechanical parts

Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period			
Check items	methods and Chterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there is any abnormal sound or vibration	Visual and aural inspection		0		
If there are any loose screws	Tighten the screws		0		
If any part is deformed or damaged	Visual inspection		0		
If there is any color change by overheating	Visual inspection		0		
If there is any dust or dirt	Visual inspection		0		
If plastic between couplings are damaged	Visual inspection			0	

Main circuit

Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period			
Oncor items	methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there are any loose or missing screws	Tighten or replace the screw	0			
If machine or insulator is deformed, cracked, damaged or with color change due to overheating or ageing	Visual inspection NOTE: Please ignore the color change of copper plate		0		
If there is any dust or dirt	Visual inspection		0		

Terminals and wiring of main circuit

Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period			
		Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If the terminal or the plate is color change or deformation due to overheat	Visual inspection		0		
If the insulator of wiring is damaged or color change	Visual inspection		0		
If there is any damage	Visual inspection	0			

DC capacity of main circuit

Oh a ala Massa	Made de se d'Orida de se	Maintenance Period			
Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there is any leak of liquid, color change, crack or deformation	Visual inspection	0			
If the safety valve is not removed? If valve is inflated?	Visual inspection	0			
Measure static capacity when required		0			

Resistor of main circuit

		Maintenance			
Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Period			
		Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there is any peculiar smell or insulator cracks due to overheat	Visual inspection, smell	0			
If there is any disconnection	Visual inspection	0			
If connection is damaged?	Measure with multimeter with standard specification	0			

Transformer and reactor of main circuit

			Maintenance				
Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Period					
		Daily	Half Year	One Year			
	If there is any abnormal vibration or peculiar	Visual, aural inspection and					
	smell	smell					

Magnetic contactor and relay of main circuit

Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period			
		Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there are any loose screws	Visual and aural inspection	0			
If the contact works correctly	Visual inspection	0			

Printed circuit board and connector of main circuit

		Maintenance			
Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Period			
		Daily	Half Year	One Year	
	Tighten the screws and		0		
If there are any loose screws and connectors	press the connectors firmly				
	in place.				
If there is any peculiar smell and color change	Visual and smell inspection		0		
If there is any crack, damage, deformation or corrosion	Visual inspection		0		
If there is any liquid is leaked or deformation in capacity	Visual inspection		0		

Cooling fan of cooling system

		Maintenance			
Check Items	Methods and Criterion		Period		
		Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there is any abnormal sound or vibration	Visual, aural inspection and				
	turn the fan with hand (turn				
	off the power before		0		
	operation) to see if it rotates				
	smoothly				
If there is any loose screw	Tighten the screw				
If there is any color change due to overheat	Change fan		0		

Ventilation channel of cooling system

Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Maintenance Period			
		Daily	Half Year	One Year	
If there is any obstruction in the heat sink, air intake or air outlet	Visual inspection		0		



Use the neutral cloth for cleaning and use dust cleaner to remove dust when necessary.

6-2 Greasy Dirt Problem

Serious greasy dirt problems generally occur in processing industries such as machine tools, punching machines and so on. Please be aware of the possible damages that greasy oil may cause to your drive:

- Electronic components that silt up with greasy oil may cause the drive to burn out or even explode.
- 2. Most greasy dirt contains corrosive substances that may damage the drive.

Solution:

Install the hybrid servo drive in a standard cabinet to keep it away from dirt. Clean and remove greasy dirt regularly to prevent damage of the drive.





6-3 Fiber Dust Problem

Serious fiber dust problems generally occur in the textile industry. Please be aware of the possible damages that fiber may cause to your drives:

- Fiber that accumulates or adheres to the fans will lead to poor ventilation and cause overheating problems.
- 2. Plant environments in the textile industry have higher degrees of humidity that may cause the drive to burn out, become damaged or explode due to wet fiber dust adhering to the devices.

Solution:

Install the hybrid servo drive in a standard cabinet to keep it away from fiber dust. Clean and remove fiber dust regularly to prevent damage to the drive.







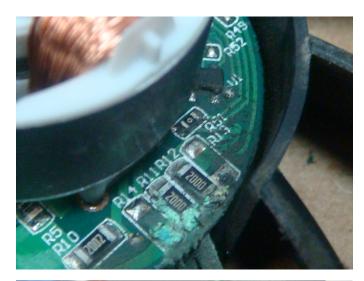
6-4 Erosion Problem

Erosion problems may occur if any fluids flow into the drives. Please be aware of the damages that erosion may cause to your drive.

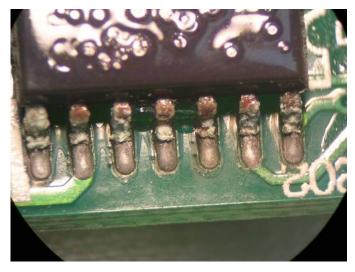
1. Erosion of internal components may cause the drive to malfunction and possibility to explode.

Solution:

Install the hybrid servo drive in a standard cabinet to keep it away from fluids. Clean the drive regularly to prevent erosion.







6-5 Industrial Dust Problem

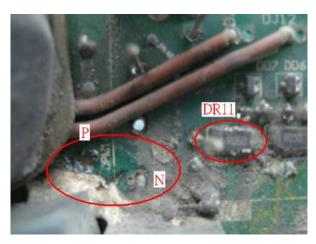
Serious industrial dust pollution frequently occurs in stone processing plants, flour mills, cement plants, and so on. Please be aware of the possible damage that industrial dust may cause to your drives:

- 1. Dust accumulating on electronic components may cause overheating problem and shorten the service life of the drive.
- 2. Conductive dust may damage the circuit board and may even cause the drive to explode.

Solution:

Install the hybrid servo drive in a standard cabinet and cover the drive with a dust cover. Clean the cabinet and ventilation hole regularly for good ventilation.





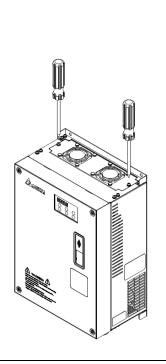
Check Items	Methods and Criterion		Troubleshooting
Visual check on the overall appearance	Any accumulation of dirt and dust?	1.	Shut down the servo drive, wait for a certain time. Make sure that the power indicator is off before you go to the next step. (≤ 22kW: wait for 5 min after shut down; ≥ 30kW: wait for 10 min after shut down) Turn on a vacuum cleaner to remove the dust.
Ventilation Channel	 Any obstruction in the heat sink, air intake or air outlet? Any accumulation of dust on the cooling fan? Is the cooling fan damaged? 	2. 3.	Shut down the servo drive, wait for a certain time. Make sure that the power indicator is off before you go to the next step. (≤ 22kW: wait for 5 min after shut down; ≥ 30kW: wait for 10 min after shut down) Follow the instruction in this manual to remove and clean the cooling fan. Turn on a vacuum cleaner to clean the dust in the heat sink. ∘ If the cooling fan doesn't run at all, replace it with a new one. Clean the ventilation channel periodically to avoid accumulation of dirt and dust.

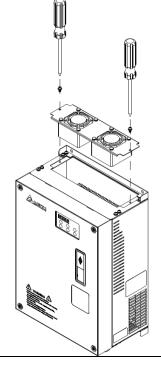
Install and Remove Cooling Fans

Frame-C & Frame-D

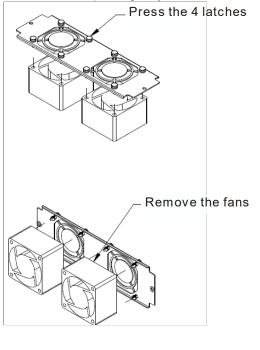
• Use a philillips-head screw driver to loose the two screws on the two sides of the cooling fan.

 Press the latch to disconnect the fan power. Pay attention to the direction of the latch during installation. Then remove the fan cover.





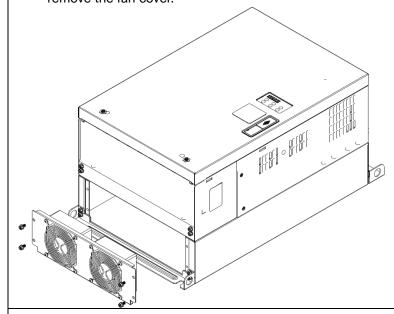
Press the 4 latches on the fan cover, then you can remove the fan. Note that you don't need to pull up completely the latches to remove the fans. Just press gently.



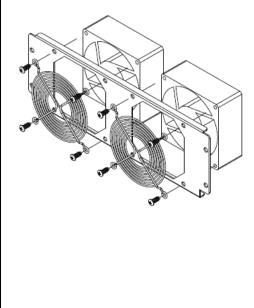
• Have the labels on the cooling fans facing outside of the servo drive when installing the cooling fans. Screw torque force: 10~12kgf-cm(8.7~10.4lb-in)

Frame-E

- Use a philillips-head screw driver to loose the 4 screws on the two sides of the cooling fan.
- Press the latch to disconnect the fan power. Pay attention to the direction of the latch during installation. Then remove the fan cover.



Loosen the 4 screws around each fan (8 screws in total), then remove the protective cover and the fan.



• Have the labels on the cooling fans facing inside of the servo drive when installing the cooling fans. Screw torque force: 10~12kgf-cm (8.7~10.4lb-in)

NOTE

- Do follow the fan installing/removing instructions in this manual. Make sure the air outlet is facing the right direction. If air outlet is facing the wrong direction, the servo drive might be damaged.
- You can see arrow symbols indicating the air blowing direction on the side of the cooling fans.

6-6 Wiring and Installation Problem

When wiring the drive, the most common problem is wrong wire installation or poor wiring. Please be aware of the possible damages that poor wiring may cause to your drives:

- 1. Screws are not fully fastened. Occurrence of sparks as impedance increases.
- 2. If a customer has opened the drive and modified the internal circuit board, the internal components may have been damaged.

Solution:

Ensure all screws are fastened when installing the hybrid servo drive. If the hybrid servo drive functions abnormally, send it back to the repair station. Do NOT try to reassemble the internal components or wire.





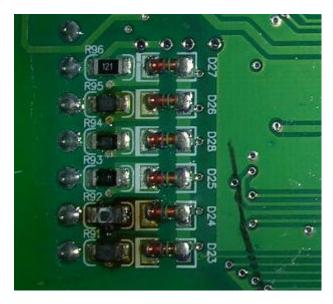
6-7 Multi-function Input/Output Terminals Problem

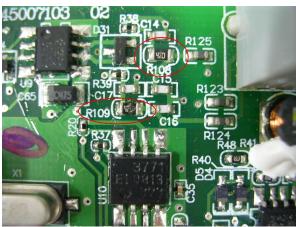
Multi-function input/output terminal errors are generally caused by over usage of terminals and not following specifications. Please be aware of the possible damages that errors on multi-function input/output terminals may cause to your drives:

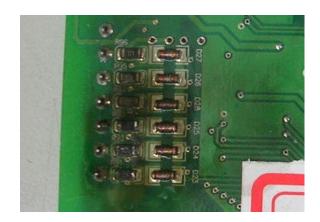
1. Input/output circuit may burns out when the terminal usage exceeds its limit.

Solution:

Refer to the user manual for multi-function input output terminals usage and follow the specified voltage and current. DO NOT exceed the specification limits.







6-8 Maintenance of Coupling

It is recommended that you visually check the condition of the coupling at least once a year, and pay special attention to the condition of the wye junction on the couplings.

Since the passive bearing and the active bearing of the mechanical bearings goes up and down while the hybrid servo drive runs, verify if the couplings are aligned and realign the couplings if necessary.

Verify the parts of the couplings periodically such as if the metal parts on both sides and the middle plastic sleeve are deformed or damaged. Also visually verify if the screws are loose.

Appendix A: Optional Accessories

- A-1 Braking Resistor
- A-2 Non-fuse Circuit Breaker
- A-3 Fuse
- A-4 Reactor
- A-5 Digital Keypad KPV-CC01
- A-6 EMI Filter
- A-7 Speed Feedback Encoder
- A-8 Wall-Mounted Installation



- ☑ This hybrid servo drive has gone through rigorous quality control tests at the factory before shipment. If the package is damaged during shipping, please contact your dealer
- ☑ The accessories produced by Delta are only for using with Delta hybrid servo drive.

 Do NOT use with other drive to prevent damage.

A-1 Braking Resistor

VJ-A 230V models:

Applicable Motor			125% Braking Tord		Maximum Braking Torque				
Model	Braking Torque (kg-m)	Braking Unit VFDB* ³	*2		Effective Braking Resistance of Each Drive	Total Brakin g Current (A)	Min. Braking Resistanc e(Ω)	Maximum Total Braking Current (A)	Max. Peak Power (KW)
VFD110VL23A-J	7.4	-	BR1K5W01	3*1	1500W13Ω	29	9.5	40.0	15.2
VFD150VL23A-J	10.2	-	BR1K0W4P3*2	2 in serial	2000W8.6Ω	44	8.3	46.0	17.5
VFD185VL23A-J	12.2	-	BR1K2W3P9*2	2 in serial	2400W7.8Ω	49	5.8	66.0	25.1
VFD220VL23A-J	14.9	-	BR1K5W3P3*2	2 in serial	3000W6.6Ω	58	5.8	66.0	25.1

^{*1} Calculation for 125% brake toque: (kW)*125%*0.8; where 0.8 is motor efficiency.

Because there is a resistor limit of power consumption, the longest operation time for 10% ED is 10sec (on: 10sec/ off: 90sec).

VJ-C Air Cooled 230V and 460V models:

	Appli	icable Motor	12	25%	Braking To	rque 10%ED	*1	Maximum Braking Torque		
푹	ΚW	Model	Braking Resistor Models *2	Quantity	Parallel or Serial Connection	Effective Braking Resistance of Each Drive	Total Braking Current (A)	Min. Braking Resistance	Maximum Total Braking Current (A)	Max. Peak Power (KW)
40	30.0	VFD300VL23C-J	BR1K0W5P1	4	2 in parallel, 2 In serial* ³	4000W 5.1Ω	75	4.8	80	30.4
50	37.0	VFD370VL23C-J	BR1K2W3P9	4	2 in parallel, 2 In serial	4800W 3.9Ω	97	3.2	120	45.6
				l						
15	11.0	VFD110VL43C-J	BR1K5W043	1		1500W 43Ω	17.6	30.8	24.7	18.8
20	15.0	VFD150VL43C-J	BR1K0W016	2	2 in serial	2000W 32Ω	24	25.0	30.4	23.1
25	18.5	VFD185VL43C-J	BR1K5W013	2	2 in serial	3000W 26Ω	29	20.8	36.5	27.7
30	22.0	VFD220VL43C-J	BR1K5W013	2	2 in serial	3000W 26Ω	29	19.0	40	30.4
40	30.0	VFD300VL43A-J, VFD300VL43C-J	BR1K0W5P1	4	4 in serial	4000W 20.4Ω	37	19.0	40	30.4

^{*2} For heat dissipation, a resistor of 400W or lower should be fixed to the frame and maintain the surface temperature below 250°C; a resistor of 1000W and above should maintain the surface temperature below 350°C.

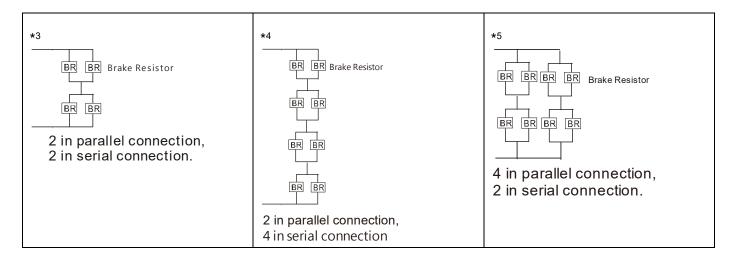
^{*3} See user guides of braking units for more information.

50	37.0	VFD370VL43A-J, VFD370VL43C-J	BR1K2W015	4	2 in parallel, 2 in serial	4800W 15Ω	50	14.0	54	40.8
60	45.0	VFD450VL43A-J, VFD450VL43C-J	BR1K5W013	4	in parallel, 2 in serial	6000W 13Ω	59	12.7	60	45.7
75	55.0	VFD550VL43A-J, VFD550VL43C-J	BR1K0W5P1	8	2 in parallel, 4 in serial *4	8000W 10.2Ω	76	9.5	80	60.8
100	75.0	VFD750VL43A-J, VFD750VL43C-J	BR1K2W015	8	4 in parallel, 2 in serial	9600W 7.5Ω	100	6.3	120	90.7

^{*1} Calculation for 125% brake toque: (kW)*125%*0.8; where 0.8 is motor efficiency.

Because there is a resistor limit of power consumption, the longest operation time for 10% ED is 10sec (on: 10sec/ off: 90sec).

^{*2} For heat dissipation, a resistor of 400W or lower should be fixed to the frame and maintain the surface temperature below 250°C; a resistor of 1000W and above should maintain the surface temperature below 350°C.

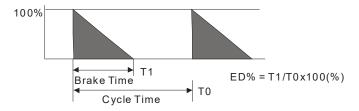


NOTE

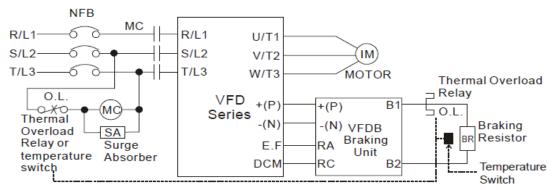
1. Definition for Brake Usage ED%:

Explanation: The definition of the brake usage ED (%) is for assurance of enough time for the brake unit and brake resistor to dissipate away heat generated by braking. When the brake resistor heats up, the resistance would increase with temperature, and brake torque would decrease accordingly. Recommended cycle time is one minute.

Definition of Brake Usage ED%



For safety concern, install an overload relay (O.L.) between the brake unit and the brake resistor in conjunction with the magnetic contactor (MC) prior to the drive for abnormal protection. The purpose of installing the thermal overload relay is to protect the brake resistor from damage due to frequent brake, or due to brake unit keeping operating resulted from unusual high input voltage. Under such circumstance, just turn off the power to prevent damaging the brake resistor.



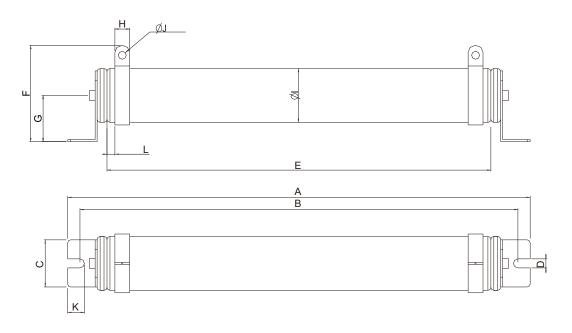
Note1: When using the AC drive with DC reactor, please refer to wiring diagram in the AC drive user manual for the wiring of terminal +(P) of Braking unit.

Note2: Do NOT wire terminal -(N) to the neutral point of power system.

- 2. If damage to the drive or other equipment is due to the fact that the brake resistors and brake modules in use are not provided by Delta, the warranty will be void.
- 3. Take into consideration the safety of the environment when installing the brake resistors. If the minimum resistance value is to be utilized, consult local dealers for the calculation of Watt figures.
- 4. When using more than 2 brake units, equivalent resistor value of parallel brake unit cannot be less than the value in the column "Minimum Equivalent Resistor Value for Each Hybrid Servo Drive" (the right-most column in the table). Please read the wiring information in the user manual of brake unit thoroughly prior to operation.
- 5. This chart is for normal usage; if the hybrid servo drive is applied for frequent braking, it is suggested to enlarge 2~3 times of the Watts.
- 6. The position to install brake units needs to be at least 15cm away from the hybrid servo drive.

7. Appearance and specification of brake resistors

7.1Wirewound resistor: for 1000W (included) and above. Refer to the following image for its appearance. See table below for specification comparison.

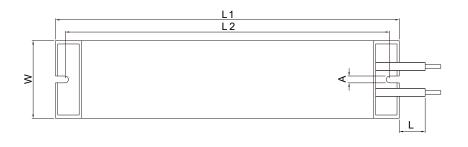


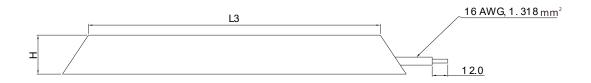
7.2 Brake Resistors' model name and comparison

Unit: mm

Model	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	ØI	ØJ	K	L
BR1K0W5P1												
BR1K2W015	470 ± 10	445 ± 5	48 ± 0.2	9.1 ± 0.1	390 ± 3	98 ± 5	47 ± 5	15 ± 1	55 ± 5	8.1 ± 0.1	21 ± 0.2	8 ± 1
BR1K5W013												

7.3 Aluminum housed resistor: for below 1000W.Refer to the following image for its appearance. See table below for specification comparison.





7.4 Brake Resistors' model name and comparison

Unit: mm

Model	L1	L2	L3	W	Н	Α	L
BR080W200	140 ± 2	125 ± 2	100 ± 1	40 ± 0.5	20 ± 0.5		
BR080W750	140 ± 2	120 1 2	100 ± 1	40 ± 0.5	20 ± 0.5		
BR200W091	165 ± 2	150 ± 2	125 ± 1				
BR200W360	100 ± 2	150 ± 2	125 ± 1		30 ± 0.5	5.3 ± 0,5	200 ± 20
BR300W070	215 ± 2	200 . 0	175 ± 1	60 ± 0 E			
BR300W250	21012	200 ± 2	1/3±1	60 ± 0.5			
BR400W040	265 ± 2	250 ± 2	225 ± 1				
BR400W150	200 I Z	250 I Z	220 I I				

A-2 Non-Fuse Circuit Breaker

VJ-C series:

Comply with the UL standard: Per UL 508, paragraph 45.8.4, part a,

The rated current of the breaker shall be 2 - 4 times of the maximum rated input current of hybrid servo drive.

Air Cooled:

<u> </u>	
Model	Recommended Current (A)
VFD300VL23C-J	250
VFD370VL23C-J	300
VFD110VL43C-J	50
VFD150VL43C-J	60
VFD185VL43C-J	80
VFD220VL43C-J	100
VFD300VL43A-J, VFD300VL43C-J	125
VFD370VL43A-J, VFD370VL43C-J	150
VFD450VL43A-J, VFD450VL43C-J	200
VFD550VL43A-J, VFD550VL43C-J	225
VFD750VL43A-J, VFD750VL43C-J	300

A-3 Fuse

- ☑ Fuse specifications smaller than the table below are allowed.
- For installation in the United States, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and any applicable local codes. Use UL classified fuses to fulfill this requirement.
- For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. Use UL classified fuses to fulfill this requirement.

Air Cooled

230V model	Input Current (A)	Line Fuse			
230 v IIIodei	input Current (A)	Input Current (A)	Bussmann P/N		
VFD300VL23C-J	120	250	JJS-250		
VFD370VL23C-J	146	300	JJS-300		

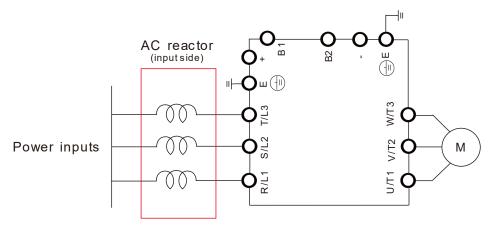
Air Cooled:

160\/ model	Innut Current (A)	Line Fuse			
460V model	Input Current (A)	Input (A)	Bussmann P/N		
VFD110VL43C-J	24	50	JJS-50		
VFD150VL43C-J	30	60	JJS-60		
VFD185VL43C-J	37	80	JJS-80		
VFD220VL43C-J	47	100	JJS-100		
VFD300VL43A-J,	60	125	JJS-125		
VFD300VL43C-J	00	125	333-123		
VFD370VL43A-J,	73	150	JJS-150		
VFD370VL43C-J	7.5	130	333-130		
VFD450VL43A-J,	91	200	JJS-200		
VFD450VL43C-J	3 1	200	333-200		
VFD550VL43A-J,	110	225	JJS-225		
VFD550VL43C-J	110	223	333-223		
VDF750VL43A-J,	150	300	JJS-300		
VFD750VL43C-J	130	300	333-300		

A-4 Reactor

Installing an AC reactor on the input side of a hybrid servo drive can increase line impedance, improve the power factor, reduce input current, and reduce interference generated from the hybrid servo drive. It also reduces momentary voltage surges or abnormal current spikes. For example, when the main power capacity is higher than 500 kVA, or when using a switching capacitor bank, momentary voltage and current spikes may damage the hybrid servo drive's internal circuit. An AC reactor on the input side of the hybrid servo drive protects it by suppressing surges. Installation:

As shown in the image below, an AC input reactor is installed between the mains power inputs and the R S T input terminals on the hybrid servo drive.



Connecting an AC input reactor

A-4-1 AC Reactor

Specifications: AC Input Reactor

Air Cooled

	200V~230V/ 50~60Hz model of VFDXXXVL23C-J series AC Input Reactor										
Model K	KW LID		Rated Current	Saturation Current	3% Reactor	5% Reactor	3% Input Reactor:				
	NVV	HP	(Arms)	(Arms)	(mH)	(mH)	Delta Part #				
300	30	40	120	240	0.12	0.2	DR105AP106				
370	37	50	146	292	0.087	0.145	DR146AP087				

380	380V~460V/ 50~60Hz model of VFDXXXVL43A-J, VFDXXXVL43C-J series AC Input Reactor										
Model	KW	HP	Rated Current	Saturation Current	3% Reactor	5% Reactor	3% Input Reactor:				
Model	ΙΝV	ПР	(Arms)	(Arms)	(mH)	(mH)	Delta Part#				
110	11	15	21	42	1.01	1.683	DR024AP881				
150	15	20	27	54	0.76	1.267	DR032AP660				
185	18.5	25	34	68	0.639	1.066	DR038AP639				
220	22	30	41	82	0.541	0.9	DR045AP541				
300	30	40	60	120	0.405	0.675	DR060AP405				
370	37	50	73	146	0.334	0.555	DR073AP334				
450	45	60	91	182	0.267	0.445	DR091AP267				
550	55	75	110	220	0.221	0.368	DR110AP221				
750	75	100	150	300	0.162	0.27	DR150AP162				

Specifications: AC Output Reactor

230V, 50/60Hz, Three-Phase

	HP		Maximum	Inductance (mH)		
kW		Rated Current of Reactor	Continuous Current	3%	5%	
				Impedance	Impedance	
30	40	130	195	0.1	0.2	
37	50	160	240	0.075	0.15	

460V, 50/60Hz, Three-Phase

			Maximum	Inductance (mH)		
kW	HP	Rated Current of Reactor	Continuous Current	3%	5%	
				Impedance	Impedance	
15	20	35	52.5	0.8	1.2	
18.5	25	45	67.5	0.7	1.2	
22	30	45	67.5	0.7	1.2	
30	40	80	120	0.4	0.7	
37	50	80	120	0.4	0.7	
45	60	100	150	0.3	0.45	
55	75	130	195	0.2	0.3	
75	100	160	240	0.15	0.23	

Application of AC Reactor

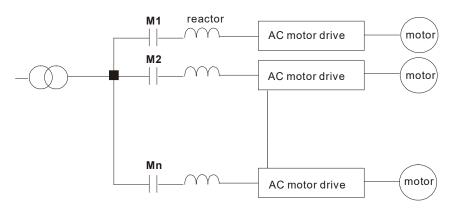
Connected in input circuit

Application 1

When more than one hybrid drive is connected to the same mains power and one of them is ON during operation.

Problem: When applying power to one of the hybrid drive, the charge current of the capacitors may cause voltage dip. The hybrid drive may be damaged when over current occurs during operation.

Correct wiring:

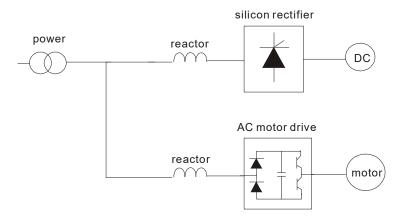


Application 2

Silicon rectifier and hybrid drive are connected to the same power.

Problem: Switching spikes will be generated when the silicon rectifier switches ON/OFF. These spikes may damage the mains circuit.

Correct wiring:

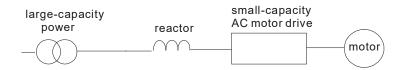


Application 3

When the power supply capacity exceeds 10 times of the inverter capacity.

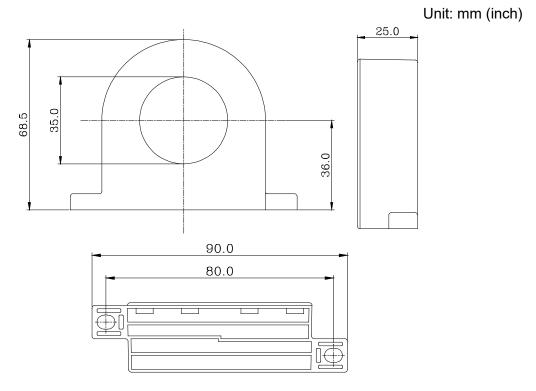
Problem: When the mains power capacity is too large, line impedance will be small and the charge current will be too high. This may damage hybrid drive due to higher rectifier temperature.

Correct wiring



A-4-2 Zero Phase Reactor

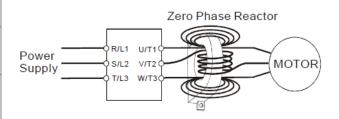
RF220X00A



Cable			ended (mm²)	Qty.	Wiring Method	
type (Note)	AWG	mm ²	Nominal (mm²)	Qiy.		
Single-	≤10	≤5.3	≤5.5	1	Figure A	
core	≤2	≤33.6	≤38	3	Figure B	
Three-	≤12	≤3.3	≤3.5	1	Figure A	
core	≤1	≤42.4	≤50	3	Figure B	

Figure A

Please wind each wire 4 times around the core. The reactor must be placed at inverter output as close as possible.

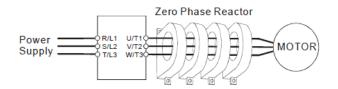


NOTE

600V insulated power line.

- The table above gives approximate wire size for the zero phase reactors but the selection is ultimately governed by the type and diameter of cable fitted i.e. the cable must fit through the center hole of zero phase reactors.
- 2. Only the phase conductors should pass through, not the earth core or screen.
- When long motor output cables are used an output zero phase reactor may be required to reduce radiated emissions from the cable.

Figure B
Please put all wires through 4 cores in series without winding.



A-5 Digital Keypad KPC-CC01

The VFD-VJ series products use the digital keypad KPC-CC01 as the display unit. For the actual keypad appearance, please refer to the actual product. This picture shows the schematic diagram for illustrative purposes only.

KPC-CC01 Digital Keypad:

KPC-CC01



Communication Interface RJ-45 (socket) , RS-485(Interface)

Installation

- ☑ Embedded type and can be put flat on the surface of the control box. The front cover is waterproof.
- Buy a MKC-KPPK model to do wall mounting or embedded mounting. Its protection level is IP66.
- ☑ The maximum RJ45 extension lead is 5 m (16ft)

Descriptions of Keypad Functions

Key	Descriptions
RUN	Start Operation Key 1. It is only valid when the source of operation command is from the keypad. 2. It can operate the hybrid servo drive by the function setting and the RUN LED will be on. 3. It can be pressed repeatedly during stop. 4. When enabling "HAND" mode, it is only valid when the source of operation command is from the keypad.
STOP	 Stop Command Key. This key has the highest processing priority in any situation. When it receives STOP command, no matter the hybrid servo drive is in operation or stop status, the hybrid servo drive needs to execute "STOP" command. The RESET key can be used to reset the drive after the fault occurs. For those faults that cannot be reset by the RESET key, see the fault records after pressing MENU key for details.
FWD	Operation Direction Key 1. This key is only control the operation direction NOT for activate the drive. FWD: forward, REV: reverse. 2. Refer to the LED descriptions for more details. ENTER Key Press ENTER and go to the next level. If it is the last level then press ENTER to execute the command.
ESC	ESC Key ESC key function is to leave current menu and return to the last menu. It is also functioned as a return key in the sub-menu.
MENU	Press menu to return to main menu.
	Direction: Left/Right/Up/Down 1. In the numeric value setting mode, it is to move the cursor and change the numeric value. 2. In the menu/text selection mode, it is for item selection.
F1 F2 F3 F4	Function Key 1. The functions keys have factory settings and can be defined by users. 2. Other functions must be defined by TPEditor first.
HAND	 HAND Key This key is controlled by the parameter settings of the source of Hand frequency and hand operation. The factory settings of both source of Hand frequency and hand operation are the digital keypad. Press HAND key at stop, the setting will switch to hand frequency source and hand operation source. Press HAND key when the hybrid servo drive is running, it stops the hybrid servo drive first (display AHSP warning), and switch to hand frequency source and hand operation source.
AUTO	 This key is controlled by the parameter settings of the source of AUTO frequency and AUTO operation. The factory setting is the external terminal (source of operation is 4-20mA). Press Auto key at stop, the setting will switch to hand frequency source and hand operation source. Press Auto key when the hybrid servo drive is running, it stops the hybrid servo drive first (display AHSP warning), and switch to auto frequency source and auto operation source.

Descriptions of LED Functions

LED	Descriptions
	Steady ON: operation indicator of the hybrid servo drive, including DC brake, zero speed,
	standby, restart after fault and speed search.
(RUN	Blinking: drive is decelerating to stop or in the status of base block.
	Steady OFF: drive doesn't execute the operation command
	Steady ON: stop indicator of the hybrid servo drive.
STOP	Blinking: drive is in the standby status.
RESET	Steady OFF: drive does not execute "STOP" command.
	Operation Direction LED
FWD	1. Green light is on, the drive is running forward.
REV	2. Red light is on, the drive is running backward.
	3. Twinkling light: the drive is changing direction.

Characters of Digital Keypad Displayed on the LCD

Number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
LCD	O	;	2	3	4	5	5	7	8	9
Alphabet	Α	b	Сс	d	Е	F	G	Hh	I	Jj
LCD	R	6		ď	E	F	- C	H H	!	ر ن
Alphabet	K	L	n	Oo	Р	q	r	S	Tt	U
LCD	H		n	00	P	9	-	5	76	li li
Alphabet	٧	Υ	Z							
LCD		Ų	-							

A-6 EMI Filter

VJ-C Air Cooled Models::

Drive	Applicable Filter Model #	Reference Website
VFD110VL43C-J		
VFD150VL43C-J	D0444040050D400	
VFD185VL43C-J	B84143A0050R106	
VFD220VL43C-J		
VFD300VL43A-J, VFD300VL43C-J VFD370VL43A-J,	B84143A0100R106	Power Line EMC Filter (EPCOS)
VFD370VL43C-J VFD450VL43A-J, VFD450VL43C-J		
VFD550VL43A-J, VFD550VL43C-J VFD750VL43A-J,	B84143D0200R127	
VFD750VL43A-3, VFD750VL43C-J	504140502001(121	
VFD300VL23C-J		
VFD370VL23C-J		

 $\frac{https://www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/en/530116/products/product-catalog/emc-components/power}{-line-emc-filters--epcos-}$

EMI Filter Installation

All electrical equipment, including hybrid drives, will generate high-frequency/low-frequency noise and will interfere with peripheral equipment by radiation or conduction when in operation. By using an EMI filter with correct installation, much interference can be eliminated. It is recommended to use DELTA EMI filter to have the best interference elimination performance.

We assure that it can comply with following rules when hybrid drive and EMI filter are installed and wired according to user manual:

- EN61000-6-4
- EN61800-3: 1996
- EN55011 (1991) Class A Group 1 (1st Environment, restricted distribution)

General precaution

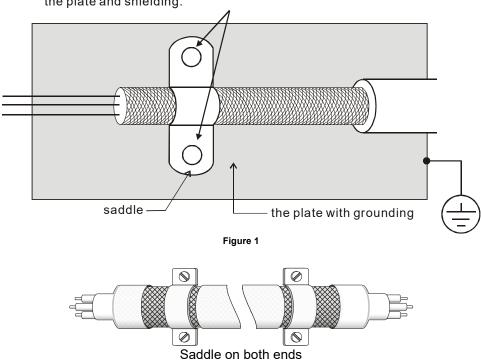
- 1. EMI filter and hybrid drive should be installed on the same metal plate.
- 2. Please install hybrid drive on footprint EMI filter or install EMI filter as close as possible to the hybrid drive.
- 3. Please wire as short as possible.
- 4. Metal plate should be grounded.
- 5. The cover of EMI filter and hybrid drive or grounding should be fixed on the metal plate and the contact area should be as large as possible.

Choose suitable motor cable and precautions

Improper installation and choice of motor cable will affect the performance of EMI filter. Be sure to observe the following precautions when selecting motor cable.

- 1. Use the cable with shielding (double shielding is the best).
- 2. The shielding on both ends of the motor cable should be grounded with the minimum length and maximum contact area.
- 3. Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding.

Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding.



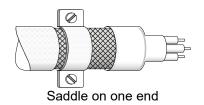


Figure 2

The length of motor cable

When motor is driven by a hybrid drive of PWM type, the motor terminals will experience surge voltages easily due to components conversion of hybrid drive and cable capacitance. When the motor cable is very long (especially for the 460V series), surge voltages may reduce insulation quality. To prevent this situation, please follow the rules below:

- Use a motor with enhanced insulation.
- Connect an output reactor (optional) to the output terminals of the hybrid drive
- The length of the cable between hybrid drive and motor should be as short as possible (10 to 20 m or less)
- For models 7.5hp and above:

Insulation level of motor	1000V	1300V	1600V
460V _{AC} input voltage	66 ft (20m)	328 ft (100m)	1312 ft (400m)
230V _{AC} input voltage	1312 ft (400m)	1312 ft (400m)	1312 ft (400m)



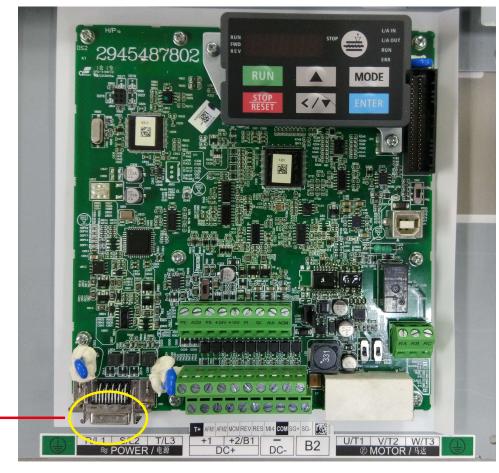
Never connect phase lead capacitors or surge absorbers to the output terminals of the hybrid drive.

- If the length is too long, the stray capacitance between cables will increase and may cause leakage current. It will activate the protection of over current, increase leakage current or not insure the correction of current display. The worst case is that hybrid drive may damage.
- If more than one motor is connected to the hybrid drive, the total wiring length is the sum of the wiring length from hybrid drive to each motor.
- For the 460V series hybrid drive, when an overload relay is installed between the drive and the motor to protect motor from overheating, the connecting cable must be shorter than 50m. However, an overload relay malfunction may still occur. To prevent the malfunction, install an output reactor (optional) to the drive or lower the carrier frequency setting (Pr.00-17).



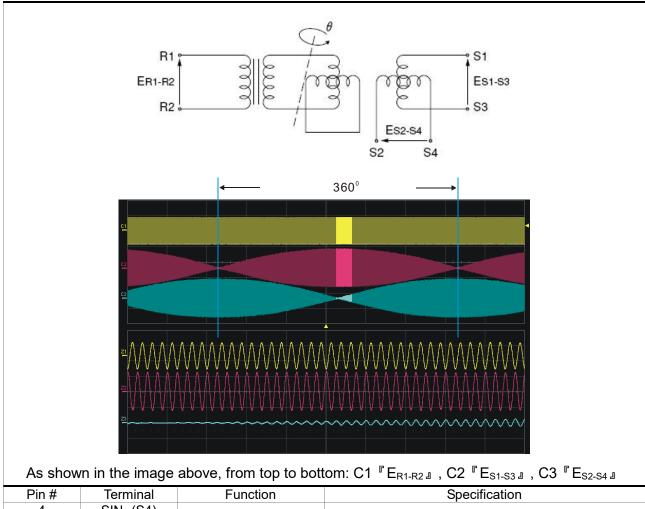
When a thermal O/L relay protected by motor is used between hybrid drive and motor, it may malfunction (especially for 460V series), even if the length of motor cable is only 165 ft (50m) or less. To prevent it, please use AC reactor and/or lower the carrier frequency (Pr. 00-17 PWM carrier frequency).

A-7 Speed Feedback Encoder



Encoder Con<u>nector</u>

Function of J1 Terminal



Pin#	Terminal	Function	Specification
4	SIN- (S4)		
5	SIN+ (S2)	Possiver output signal	2 5±0 175\/rma 10kHz
7	COS+ (S1)	Resolver output signal	3.5±0.175Vrms, 10kHz
9	COS- (S3)		
14,16	REF+ (R1)	Pacalyar input nawar	7\/rma 10kHz
13,15	REF- (R2)	Resolver input power	7Vrms, 10kHz
	blocked	Blocked	

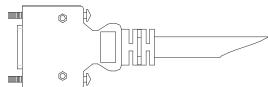
Selection of Wiring Rod

	Encoder Wiring —	Wire Gauge mm² (A	AWG)
Size	# of cores (pairs)	Specification	Standard Length
0.13 mm ² (AWG26)	10 cores(4 pairs)	UL2464	3m (9.84 ft)

NOTE

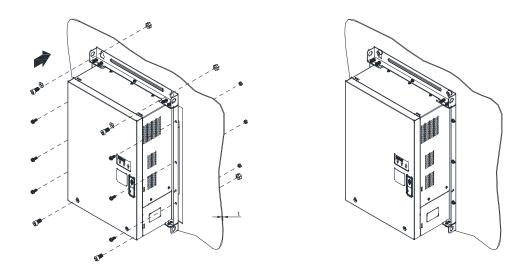
- 1) Please use shielded twisted-pair cable for encoder wiring so as to reduce the interference of the noise.
- 2) The shield should connect to the $\begin{center} \textcircled{+} \end{center}$ phase of SHIELD.
- 3) Please follow the Selection of Wire Rod when wiring in order to avoid the danger it may occur.

Connector Specification



Title	Part #	Manufacturer
PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

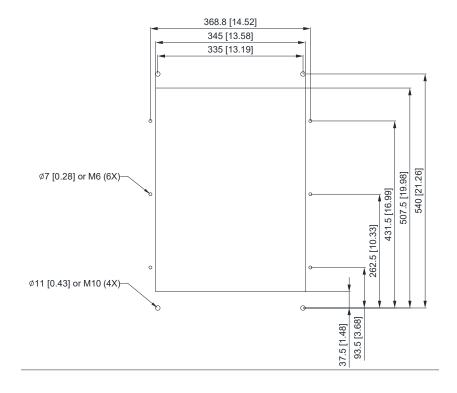
A-8 Wall-Mounted Installation



Push the hybrid servo drive through the wall, then fasten 4 pieces of M10 screw, 6 pieces of M6 screw an their nuts to fix the hybrid servo drive.

- M10 screw length L1 = t (wall thickness) +16mm. srew torque = 200Kg-cm [173.4lb-in.]
- M6 srew length L2 = t (wall thickness) + 12mm, scfew torque = 40Kg-cm [34.7lb-in.]

Cutout Dimensions:



Appendix B: CANopen Overview

- **B-1** CANopen Overview
- **B-2** Wiring for CANopen
- **B-3** CANopen Communication Interface Description
- **B-4** CANopen Supporting Index

The built-in CANopen function is a kind of remote control. You can control the AC motor drive using the CANopen protocol. CANopen is a CAN-based higher layer protocol that provides standardized communication objects, including real-time data (Process Data Objects, PDO), configuration data (Service Data Objects, SDO), and special functions (Time Stamp, Sync message, and Emergency message). It also has network management data, including Boot-up message, NMT message, and Error Control message. Refer to the CiA website http://www.can-cia.org/ for details. The content of this instruction sheet may be revised without prior notice. Consult our distributors or download the most updated version at http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation

Delta CANopen supported functions:

- Supports CAN2.0A Protocol
- Supports CANopen DS301 V4.02
- Supports DSP-402 V2.0

Delta CANopen supported services:

- PDO (Process Data Objects): PDO1-PDO4
- SDO (Service Data Object):

Initiate SDO Download;

Initiate SDO Upload;

Abort SDO:

You can use the SDO message to configure the slave node and access the Object Dictionary in every node.

SOP (Special Object Protocol):

Supports default COB-ID in Predefined Master/Slave Connection Set in DS301 V4.02;

Supports SYNC service;

Supports Emergency service.

NMT (Network Management):

Supports NMT module control;

Supports NMT Error control;

Supports Boot-up.

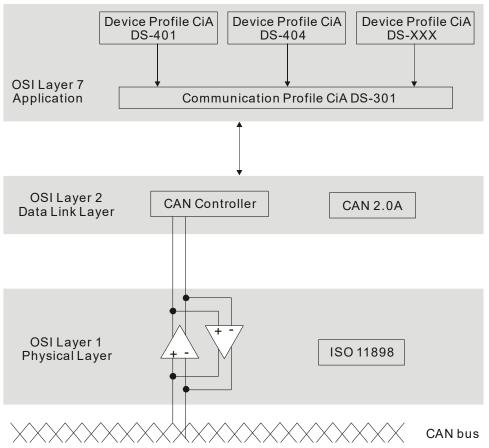
Delta CANopen does not support this service:

■ Time Stamp service

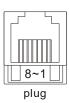
B-1 CANopen Overview

• CANopen Protocol

CANopen is a CAN-based higher layer protocol, and was designed for motion-oriented machine control networks such as handling systems. Version 4.02 of CANopen (CiA DS301) is standardized as EN50325-4. The CANopen specifications cover the application layer and communication profile (CiA DS301), as well as a framework for programmable devices (CiA 302), recommendations for cables and connectors (CiA 303-1) and SI units and prefix representations (CiA 303-2).



RJ-45 Pin Definition



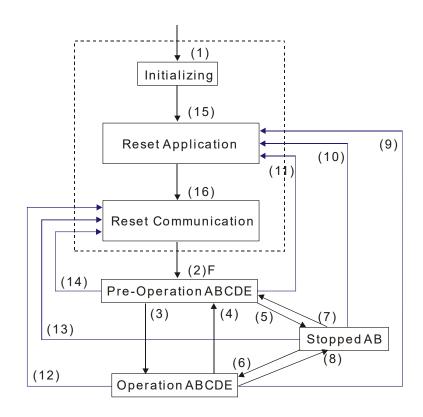
PIN	Signal	Description
1	CAN_H	CAN_H bus line (dominant high)
2	CAN_L	CAN_L bus line (dominant low)
3	CAN_GND	Ground / 0 V /V-
6	CAN_GND	Ground / 0 V /V-

CANopen Communication Protocol contains the following services:

- NMT (Network Management Object)
- SDO (Service Data Objects)
- PDO (Process Data Object)
- EMCY (Emergency Object)

NMT (Network Management Object)

The Network Management (NMT) follows a Master/Slave structure for executing NMT service. A network has only one NMT master, and the other nodes are slaves. All CANopen nodes have a present NMT state, and the NMT master can control the state of the slave nodes. The following shows the state diagram of a node:



(1) After power is applied, start in the auto-initialization state A: NMT

(2) Automatically enter the pre-operational state B: Node Guard

(3) (6) Start remote node C: SDO

(4) (7) Enter the pre-operational state D: Emergency

(5) (8) Stop remote node E: PDO

(9) (10) (11) Reset node F: Boot-up

(12) (13) (14) Reset communication

(16) Automatically enter reset communication state

(15) Automatically enter reset application state

	Initializing	Pre-Operational	Operational	Stopped
PDO			0	
SDO		0	0	
SYNC		0	0	
Time Stamp		0	0	
EMCY		0	0	
Boot-up	0			
NMT		0	0	0

SDO (Service Data Objects)

Use SDO to access the Object Dictionary in every CANopen node using the Client/Server model. One SDO has two COB-IDs (request SDO and response SDO) to upload or download data between two nodes. There is no data limit for SDOs to transfer data, but it must transfer data by segment when the data exceeds four bytes with an end signal in the last segment. The VJ series does not currently support segment transmission.

The Object Dictionary (OD) is a group of objects in a CANopen node. Every node has an OD in the system, and OD contains all parameters describing the device and its network behavior. The access path in the OD is the index and sub-index; each object has a unique index in the OD, and has a sub-index if necessary. The following shows the request and response frame structure of SDO communication:

PDO (Process Data Object)

PDO communication can be described by the producer/consumer model. Each node of the network listens to the messages of the transmission node and distinguishes whether the message has to be processed or not after receiving the message. A PDO can be transmitted from one device to one another device or to many other devices. Every PDO has two PDO services: a TxPDO and an RxPDO. PDOs are transmitted in a non-confirmed mode. All transmission types are listed in the following table:

Type Number			PDO		
Type Number	Cyclic	Acyclic	Synchronous	Asynchronous	RTR only
0		0	0		
1-240	0		0		
241-251			Reserved		
252			0		0
253				0	0
254				0	
255				0	

Type number 0 indicates the synchronous aperiodic message between two PDO transmissions.

Type number 1-240 indicates the number of SYNC message between two PDO transmissions.

Type number 252 indicates the data is updated (but not sent) immediately after receiving SYNC.

Type number 253 indicates the data is updated immediately after receiving RTR.

Type number 254: Delta CANopen doesn't support this transmission format.

Type number 255 indicates the data is an asynchronous aperiodic transmission.

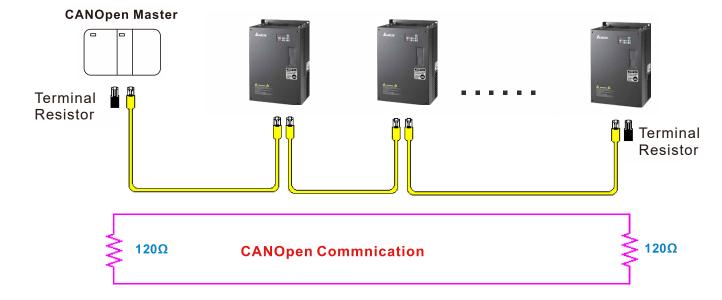
All PDO transmission data must be mapped to the index with Object Dictionary.

EMCY (Emergency Object)

When errors occur inside the hardware, an emergency object is triggered. An emergency object is only sent when an error occurs. As long as there is nothing wrong with the hardware, there is no emergency object warning of an error message.

B-2 Wiring for CANopen

The wiring between CANopen and VJ doesn't require any external communication card. Use an RJ45 cable to connect CANopen to a VJ. You must terminate the two farthest ends with 120Ω terminating resistors as shown in the picture below.



B-3 CANopen Communication Interface Descriptions

B-3-1 CANopen Control Mode Selection

There are two control modes for CANopen: the DS402 standard (Pr.04-20 set to 1) is the factory setting, and the Delta's standard setting (Pr.04-20 set to 0). There are two control modes according to Delta's standard. One is the old control mode (Pr.04-24=0); this control mode can only control the motor drive under frequency control. The other mode is a new standard (Pr.04-24=1); this new control mode allows the motor drive to be controlled under multiple modes. The VJ currently supports speed mode. The following table shows the control mode definitions:

CANanan	Control mode			
CANopen control mode		Speed		
Control mode	Index	Description		
DS402	6042-00	Target rotating speed (RPM)	1)	
Pr.04-20=1				
Delta Standard (Old definition) Pr.04-20=0, Pr.04-24=0	2020-02	Target rotating speed (Hz))	
Delta Standard	2060-03	Target rotating speed (Hz))	
(New definition) Pr.04-20=0, Pr.04-24=1	2060-04	Torque limit (%)		

CANopen	Operation control						
control mode	Index	Description					
DS402	6040-00	Operation Command					
Pr.04-20=1							
Delta Standard (Old definition) Pr.04-20=0, Pr.04-24=0	2020-01	Operation Command					
Delta Standard (New definition)	2060-01	Operation Command					
Pr.04-20=0, Pr.04-24=1							

CANopen	Other						
control mode	Index	Description					
DS402	605A-00	Quick stop processing mode					
Pr.04-20=1	605C-00	Disable operation processing mode					
Delta Standard (Old definition) Pr.04-20=0, Pr.04-24=0							
Delta Standard							
(New definition) Pr.04-20=0, Pr.04-24=1							

You can use some indices in either DS402 or Delta's standard. For example:

- 1. Indices that are defined as RO attributes
- 2. The corresponding index of available parameter groups: (2000-00-200E-XX)
- 3. Accelerating/Decelerating Index: 604F 6050

B-3-2 DS402 Standard Control Mode

B-3-2-1 Related set up for an AC motor drive (following the DS402 standard)

If you want to use the DS402 standard to control the motor drive, follow these steps:

- 1. Wire the hardware (refer to chapter B-2 Wiring for CANopen).
- 2. Set the operation source: set Pr.01-01 to 3 for CANopen communication card control.
- 3. Set the frequency source: set Pr.03-15 to 6. Choose the source for the Frequency command from the CANopen setting.
- 4. Set DS402 for the control mode: Pr.04-20=1
- 5. Set the CANopen station: set the CANopen station (range 1-127, 0 is the disable CANopen slave function) with Pr.04-17. Note: set Pr.00-02 = 7 to reset if the station number error CAdE or CANopen memory error CFrE appears.
- Set the CANopen baud rate: set Pr.04-18 (CANBUS Baud Rate: 1M (0), 500K (1), 250K (2), 125K (3), 100K (4) or 50K (5)).

B-3-2-2 The status of the motor drive (by following DS402 standard)

According to the DS402 definition, the motor drive is divided into 3 blocks and 9 statuses as described below.

3 blocks

- 1. Power Disable: without PWM output
- 2. Power Enable: with PWM output
- 3. Fault: one or more errors have occurred.

9 status

- 1. Start: power on
- 2. Not Ready to Switch On: the motor drive is initiating.
- 3. Switch On Disable: occurs when the motor drive finishes initiating.
- 4. Ready to Switch On: warming up before running.
- 5. Switch On: the motor drive has the PWM output, but the reference command is not effective.
- 6. Operate Enable: able to control normally.
- Quick Stop Active: when there is a Quick Stop request, stop running the motor drive.
- 8. Fault Reaction Active: the motor drive detects conditions which might trigger error(s).
- 9. Fault: one or more errors have occurred in the motor drive.

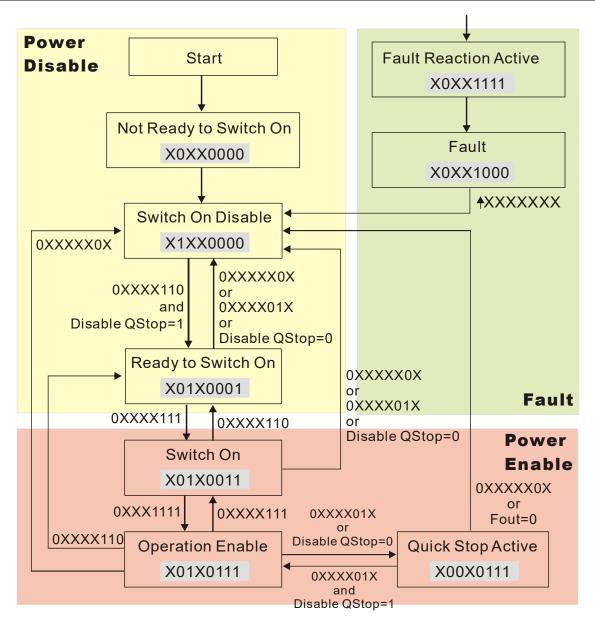
When the motor drive is turned on and finishes the initiation, it remains in Ready to Switch On status. To control the operation of the motor drive, change to Operate Enable status. To do this, set the control word's bit0-bit3 and bit7 of the Index 6040H and pair with Index Status Word (Status Word 0X6041). The control steps and index definition are described below:

Index 6040

15–9	8	7	6–4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Halt	Fault Reset	Operation	Enable operation	Quick Stop	Enable Voltage	Switch On

Index 6041

15–14	13–12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserve	dOperation	Internal limit active	Target reached	Remote	Reserved	Warning	Switch on disabled		Voltage enabled	raum	Operation enable	Switch on	Ready to switch on



Set command 6040=0xE, then set another command 6040=0xF. Then you can switch the motor drive to Operation Enable. The Index 605A determines the direction of the lines from Operation Enable when the control mode changes from Quick Stop Active. When the setting value is 5–7, both lines are active, but when the setting value of 605A is not 5–7, once the motor drive is switched to Quick Stop Active, it is not able to switch back to Operation Enable.

Index	Sub	Definition	Factory Setting	R/W	Size	Unit	PDO Map	Mode	note
605Ah		Quick stop option code	2	RW	S16		No		Disable drive function Slow down on slow down ramp Slow down on quick stop ramp Slow down on slow down ramp and stay in Quick Stop Slow down on quick stop ramp and stay in Quick Stop Slow down on the current limit and stay in Quick Stop

When the control section switches from Power Enable to Power Disable, use 605C to define the parking method.

Index	Sub	Definition	Factory Setting	R/W	Size	Unit	PDO Map	Mode	note
605Ch		Disable operation option code	1	RW	S16		No		Disable drive function Slow down with slow down ramp; disable the drive function

B-3-2-3 Various mode control method (by following DS402 standard)

Speed mode

- 1. Set VJ to speed control mode: set Index6060 to 2.
- 2. Switch to Operation Enable mode: set 6040=0xE, then set 6040=0xF.
- 3. Set the target frequency: set target frequency for 6042, since the operation unit of 6042 is rpm, a transform is required:

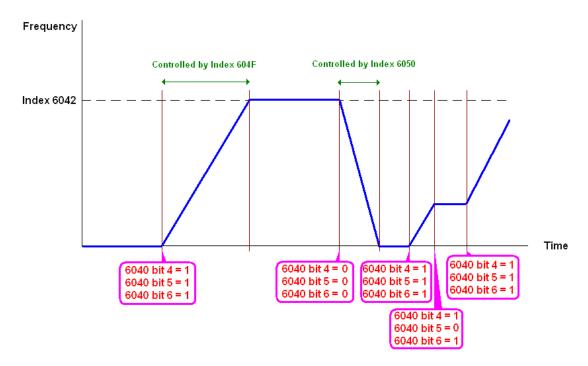
$$n=f \times \frac{120}{p}$$
 n: rotation speed (rpm) (rounds/minute) p: number of poles in the motor (Pole) f: rotation frequency (Hz)

For example:

Set 6042H = 1500 (rpm), if the number of poles is 4 (Pr.05-04 or Pr.05-16), then the motor drive's operation frequency is 1500 (120/4) = 50 Hz. The 6042 is defined as a signed operation. The plus or minus sign means to rotate clockwise or counter–clockwise.

- 4. To set acceleration and deceleration: use 604F (Acceleration) and 6050 (Deceleration).
- 5. Trigger an ACK signal: in the speed control mode, the bit 6–4 of Index 6040 needs to be controlled. It is defined below:

		Index 6040	CLIM	
Consort manda	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	SUM
Speed mode (Index 6060=2)	1	0	1	Locked at the current signal.
(index 6000-2)	1	1	1	Run to reach targeting signal.
		Other		Decelerate to 0 Hz.



NOTE 01: Read 6043 to get the current rotation speed (unit: rpm).

NOTE 02: Read bit 10 of 6041 to find if the rotation speed has reached the targeting value (0: Not reached; 1: Reached).

B-3-3 Using Delta Standard (Old definition)

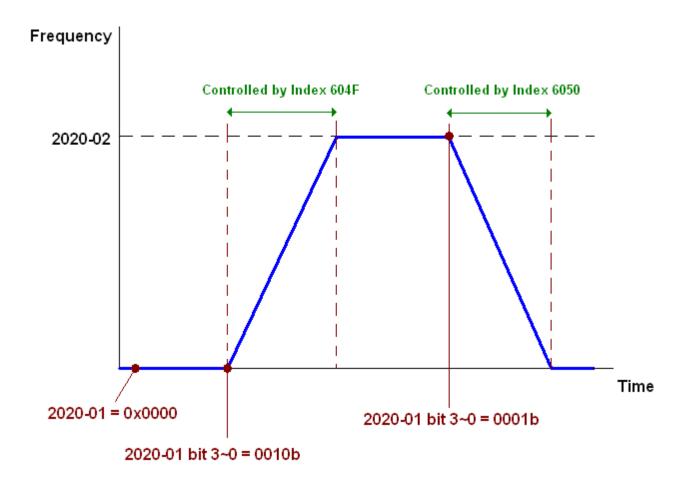
B-3-3-1 Various mode control method (Delta Old Standard).

Follow the steps below:

- 1. Wire the hardware (refer to Section B-2 Wiring for CANopen).
- 2. Set the operation source: set Pr.01-01 to 3 for CANopen communication card control.
- 3. Set the frequency source: set Pr.03-15 to 6. Choose the source for the Frequency commend from the CANopen setting.
- 4. Set Delta Standard (Old definition, only supports speed mode) as the control mode: Pr.04-20 = 0 and Pr.04-24 = 0.
- 5. Set the CANopen station: set Pr.09-36; the range is between 1–127. When Pr.09-36=0, the CANopen slave function is disabled. Note: if an error appears (CAdE or CANopen memory error) as you complete the station setting, set Pr.00-02=10 to reset.
- Set the CANopen baud rate: set Pr.04-18 (CANBUS Baud Rate: 1M (0), 500K (1), 250K
 (2), 125K (3), 100K (4) and 50K (5))

B-3-3-2 By speed mode

- 1. Set the target frequency: set 2020-02, the unit is Hz, with 2 decimal places. For example 1000 is 10.00 Hz.
- Operation control: set 2020-01 = 0002H for running, and set 2020-01 = 0001H for stopping.



B-3-4 Using Delta Standard (New definition)

B-3-4-1 Related set up for an AC motor drive (Delta New Standard)

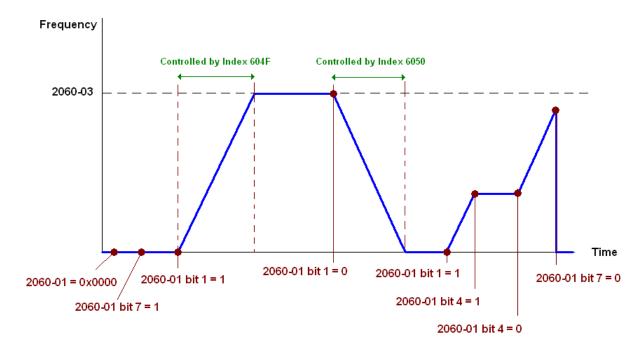
Follow the steps below:

- 1. Wire the hardware (refer to Section B-2 Wiring for CANopen).
- 2. Set the operation source: set Pr.01-01 to 3 for CANopen communication card control.
- 3. Set the frequency source: set Pr.03-15 to 6. Choose the source for the Frequency command from the CANopen setting.
- 4. Set Delta Standard (New definition) as the control mode: Pr.04-20 = 0 and 04-24 = 1.
- 5. Set the CANopen station: set Pr.04-17; the range is between 1–127. When Pr.04-17=0, the CANopen slave function is disabled. Note: if an error appears (CAdE or CANopen memory error) as you complete the station setting, set Pr.00-02=10 to reset.
- Set the CANopen baud rate: set Pr.04-18 (CANBUS Baud Rate: 1M (0), 500K (1), 250K
 (2), 125K (3), 100K (4) and 50K (5))

B-3-4-2 Various mode control method (Delta New Standard)

Speed Mode

- 1. Set VJ to speed control mode: set index 6060 = 2.
- 2. Set the target frequency: set 2060-03, unit is Hz, with 2 decimal places. For example 1000 is 10.00 Hz.
- 3. Operation control: set 2060-01 = 0080H for server on, and set 2060-01 = 0081H for running.



B-4 CANopen Supporting Index

VJ Index:

The parameter index corresponds as shown in this example:

Index sub-Index 2000H + Group member+1

For example:

Pr.01-01 (Source of operation command)

Group member 01(01H) - 01(01H)

Index = 2000H + 01H = 2001 Sub Index = 01H + 1H = 2H

VJ Control Index:

Delta Standard Mode (Old definition)

The digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved	Index	Sub	Definition	Factory Setting	R/W	Size		Note
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit 1-0 00B:Disable 01B:Stop 10B:Disable 11B: JOG Enable Bit3-2 Reserved 00B:Disable 01B:Disable 11B: JOG Enable Bit5-4 Bit5-4 10B:Direction reverse 11B: Switch direction Bit7-6 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit12 Reserved Bit14-13 00B: No function 01B: Operation command be the digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved Reserved Reserved Bit11-18 Reserved	2000		1		RW	U16		
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit 1-0 Bit 3-2 Reserved 10B: Direction forward 10B: Direction reverse 11B: Switch direction Bit1-8 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit14-13 10B: Operation command be the digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 Setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved Reserved Reserved 11B: Switch the source of operation command Reserved 11B: Switch the source of operation command Reserved Rese	200011	2E	Flow Command	0	RW	U16		
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit 1-0		0	Number	3	R	U8		
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit5-4 Bit5-4							Bit 1–0	01B:Stop 10B:Disable
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit5-4							Rit3_2	
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit5-4 018: Direction forward 108: Direction reverse 118: Switch direction Bit7-6 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit12 Reserved Bit14-13 008: No function 018: Operation command the digital keypad 108: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 118: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved Reserved Reserved 108: Operation command Setting 118: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved Reserved							DIIO-Z	
1 Control word 0 RW U16 Bit5-4 10B: Direction reverse 11B: Switch direction Bit7-6 Reserved Bit11-8 Reserved Bit12 Reserved Bit14-13 00B: No function 01B: Operation command be the digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 Setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved Reser								
2020H		1	Control word	0	RW	1116	Bit5–4	
2020H			Control Word	o o	'``	0.0		
2020H							Bit7–6	
Bit12 Reserved Bit14—13 00B: No function 01B: Operation command be the digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved								
Bit14-13 00B: No function 01B: Operation command by the digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved								
01B: Operation command by the digital keypad 10B: Operation command by the digital keypad 10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved	2020H							
10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01 setting 11B: Switch the source of operation command Bit 15 Reserved 2 Freq. command (XXX.XX 0 RW U16 Bit 1 1: E.F. ON Bit 1 1: Reset Bit 15 Reserved Bit 1 1: Reset Bit 15 Reserved Bit 1 1: Reset Bit 15 Reserved								01B: Operation command by
Operation command Bit 15 Reserved								10B: Operation command according to Pr.01-01
Bit 15 Reserved								
2 Freq. command (XXX.XX 0 RW U16 Bit0 1: E.F. ON Bit1 1: Reset Bit15–3 Reserved 2021H 0 Number 10 R U8							Bit 15	
3 Other trigger 0 RW U16 Bit1 1: Reset Bit15–3 Reserved 2021H 0 Number 10 R U8		2		0	RW	U16	<u> </u>	j. 1000. 100
Bit15-3 Reserved							Bit0	1: E.F. ON
2021H 0 Number 10 R U8		3	Other trigger	0	RW	U16	Bit1	1: Reset
							Bit15-3	Reserved
	2021H	0	Number	10	R	U8		
I I I Error code I U I R I U16 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		1	Error code	0	R	U16		High byte: Warn Code
Low Byte: Error Code			AC master duite status	0	В	1146	D:t 4 0	
2 AC motor drive status 0 R U16 Bit 1–0 00B: Stop			AC motor drive status	U	K	010	טונ ו–ט	
01B: Decelerate to stop 10B: Waiting for operation								10R: Waiting for operation
command								
11B: In operation								
Bit 2 Reserved							Bit 2	
Bit 4–3 00B: Run forward								
								01B: Switch from run in reverse

Index	Sub	Definition	Factory Setting	R/W	Size		Note
							to run forward
							10B: Switch from run forward
							to run in reverse
							11B: Run in reverse
						Bit 7–5	Reserved
						Bit 8	Master Frequency command controlled by communication interface
						Bit 9	Master Frequency command controlled by analog / external terminal signal input
						Bit 10	Operation command controlled by communication interface
						Bit 11	1: Parameter lock
						Bit 12	Reserved
						Bit 15–13	
	_	Frequency command	^	_	1140		
	3	(XXX.XXHz)	0	R	U16		
	4	Output freq. (XXX.XX Hz)	0	R	U16		
	5	Output current (XXX.XX A)	0	R	U16		
	6	DC BUS voltage (XXX.X V)	0	R	U16		
	7	Output voltage (XXX.X V)	0	R	U16		
	8	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	9	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	A	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	В	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	C	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	D	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	E	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	F	Reserved	0	R	U16		
		Reserved	0	R	U16		
		Multi-function display					
	17	(Pr.00-04)	0	R	U16		
2022H	0	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	1	Display output current (XX.XXA)	0	R	U16		
	2	Display counter value	0	R	U16		
	3	Display actual output frequency(XXX.XX Hz)	0	R	U16		
	4	Display DC-BUS voltage (XXX.X V)	0	R	U16		
	5	Display output voltage (XXX.X V)	0	R	U16		
	6	Display output power angle (XXX.X°)	0	R	U16		
	7	Display output power by U, V, W in kW (XX.XXX kW)	0	R	U16		
	8	Display actual motor speed (XXXXX rpm)	0	R	U16		
	9	Display estimate output torque (XXX.X%)	0	R	U16		
	Α	Display PG feedback	0	R	U16		
	В	Reserved	0	R	U16		
	С	Display signal for PS analog	0	R	U16		<u> </u>
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u> </u>	0.0	I	

Index	Sub		Factory Setting	R/W	Size	Note
		input terminal, 4~20mA/ 0–10 V corresponds to 0–100% (to two decimal places)				
	D	Display signal of PI analog input terminal, 0~10 V corresponds to 0 ~100% (to two decimal places)	0	R	U16	
	F	Display the IGBT temperature of drive power module (XXX.X°C)	0	R	U16	
	10	Display motor drive's capacitor temperature (XXX.X°C)	0	R	U16	
	11	The status of digital input (ON/OFF), refer to Pr.02-12	0	R	U16	
	12	The status of digital output (ON/OFF), refer to Pr.02-18	0	R	U16	
	13	Reserved	0	R	U16	
	14	The corresponding CPU pin status of digital input	0	R	U16	
	15	The corresponding CPU pin status of digital output	0	R	U16	
	16	Reserved	0	R	U16	
		Reserved	0	R	U16	
	18	Reserved .	0	R	U16	
	1A	Display signal of QI analog input terminal, 0~10 V corresponds to 0 ~100% (to two decimal places)	0	R	U16	
	1B	Display actual pressure (Bar)	0	R	U16	
	1C	Display kw/ hr	0	R	U16	
	1D	Display motor's temperature °C	0	R	U16	
	1E	Display motor drive's over load in %	0	R	U16	
	1F	Display motor's over load in % of HES type A	0	R	U16	
	20	Display current at braking (Ampere)	0	R	U16	
	21	Display braking chopper's temperature °C	0	R	U16	

Delta Standard Mode (New definition)

la dese		DAM	0:		Descriptions	5	Connect Made
Index	sub	R/W	Size	bit	Definition	Priority	Speed Mode
	00h	R	U8			,	
	0011			0	Ack	4	0: fcmd =0 1: fcmd = Fset(Fpid)
				1	Dir	4	0: FWD run command 1: REV run command
				2			
				3	Halt	3	O: Drive runs until target speed is reached Drive stops by declaration setting
	01h	RW	U16	4	Hold	4	O: Drive runs until target speed is reached 1: Frequency stop at current frequency
	0111	IXVV	010	5	JOG	4	0:JOG OFF Pulse 1:JOG RUN
2060h				6	QStop	2	Quick Stop
				7	Power	1	0: Power OFF 1: Power ON
				8	Ext_Cmd2	4	0 → 1: Clear the absolute position.
				14–8			
				15	RST	4	Pulse 1: Fault code cleared
	02h	RW	U16		Mode Cmd		0: Speed Mode
	03h	RW	U16				Speed command (unsigned decimal)
	04h	RW	U16				
	05h	RW	S32				
	06h	RW					
	07h	RW	S16				
	08h	RW	U16				
				0	Arrive		Frequency reached
				1	Dir		0: Motor FWD run 1: Motor REV run
				2	Warn		Warning
	01h	R	U16	3	Error		Error detected
				4			
				5	JOG		JOG
2061h				6	QStop		Quick stop
				7 15–8	Power ON		Switch ON
	02h	R		10-0			
	03h	R	U16				Actual output frequency
	04h	R	0.10				
	05h	R	S32				Actual position (absolute)
	06h	R	-				
		R	S16	t	1		Actual torque

DS402 Standard

Index	Sub	Definition	Factory Setting	R/W	Size	Unit	PDO Map	Mode	Note
		Abort connection option							0: No action
6007h	0	code	2	RW	S16		Yes		2: Disable voltage
		code							3: Quick Stop
603Fh	0	Error code	0	R0	U16		Yes		
6040h	0	Control word	0	RW	U16		Yes		
6041h	0	Status word	0	R0	U16		Yes		
6042h	0	vl target velocity	0	RW	S16	rpm	Yes	vl	
6043h	0	vl velocity demand	0	RO	S16	rpm	Yes	vl	
6044h	0	vl control effort	0	RO	S16	rpm	Yes	vl	
604Fh	0	vl ramp function time	10000	RW	U32	1ms	Yes	vl	
6050h	0	vl slow down time	10000	RW	U32	1ms	Yes	vl	Unit must be 100 ms, and check if the setting is 0.
6051h	0	vl quick stop time	1000	RW	U32	1ms	Yes	vl	
605Ah	0	Quick stop option code	2	RW	S16		No		O: Disable drive function 1: Slow down on slow down ramp 2: Slow down on quick stop ramp 5: Slow down on slow down ramp and stay in QUICK STOP 6: Slow down on quick stop ramp and stay in QUICK STOP
605Ch	0	Disable operation option code	1	RW	S16		No		Disable drive function Slow down with slow down ramp; disable the drive function
6060h	0	Mode of operation	2	RW	S8		Yes		2: Velocity mode
6061h	0	Mode of operation display	2	RO	S8		Yes		Same as above

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Appendix C: MSJ 220V & 380V

Hybrid Servo Motor

- C-1 Product Description
- C-2 Model Explanation
- C-3 Motor Specifications
- C-4 Torque Rotation characteristic curve
- C-5 Product Appearance and Dimensions
- C-6 Wiring of Servo Oil Pump



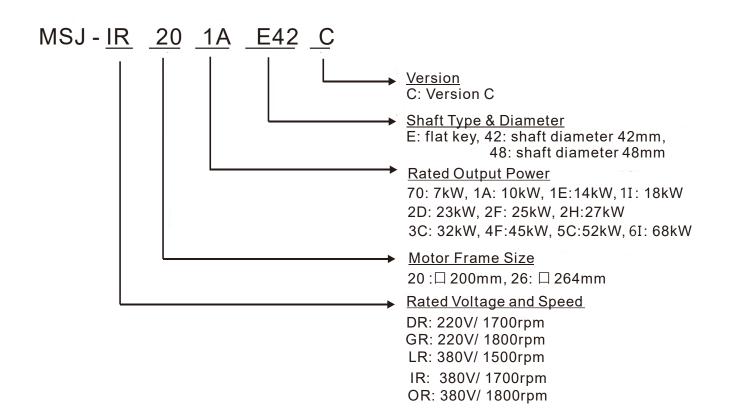
- ☑ This hybrid servo drive has gone through rigorous quality control tests at the factory before shipment. If the package is damaged during shipping, please contact your dealer.
- ☐ The accessories produced by Delta are only for using with Delta hybrid servo drive.

 Do not use with other drive to prevent damage.
- ☑ Do not use accessories, which are not produced or recommended by Delta on Delta hybrid servo drive.

C-1 Product Description

Introducing Delta MSJ servo motors, which are designed for hybrid servo system. The Delta MSJ servo motors have specialized functions to provide efficient output when working with VFD-VJ hybrid servo drives.

C-2 Model Name Explanation



C-3 Motor Specifications

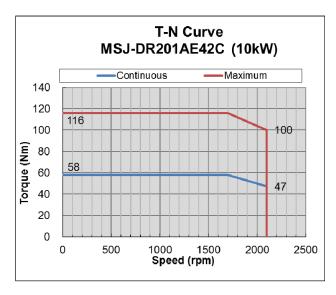
		MSJC							
Мо	del	DR201AE42	DR201EE42	DR201IE42	GR202DE42	DR202HE42			
Pr01-35 Motor II	D#	216	218	220	222	224			
Voltage		220V							
Rated Output kW Power		10	14	18	23	27			
No. of Poles		8							
Rated Torque	Nm	58	81.5	103	122	154			
Maximum Torque	Nm	116	176	210	282	308			
Rated Speed	rpm	1700	1700	1700	1800	1700			
Maximum Speed*1	rpm	2100	2200	2200	2250	2200			
Rated Current	А	38	53	69	87	101			
Torque Constant	Nm/A	1.52	1.54	1.49	1.47	1.52			
Voltage Constant	V/krpm	100	95	96.5	90	95			
Phase Resistance	ohm	0.239	0.145	0.110	0.064	0.060			
Inductance	mH	2.740	1.791	1.438	0.939	0.864			
Rotor Moment of Inertia	kg-m²	6.8 x10 ⁻³	9.0 x10 ⁻³	11.7 x10 ⁻³	13.3 x10 ⁻³	17.5 x10 ⁻³			
Weight	kg	46	53	59.5	67.5	83.6			
Frame	mm	200 x 200							
Insulatio	on Class	Class F (Winding Class H)							
Protection	on Class	IP54							
Efficiend	cy Class	IE3 / GB30253-2013 (Chinese Standard on Minimum Allowable Values of Energy Efficiency and Energy Efficiency Grades							
Cooling	Method	Fan cooling by AC Fan (220V _{AC})							
Encoder		Resolver 2 Poles							
Motor Tempera	ture Protection	PT	C temperature protec	ction and KTY84-130	temperature sensor *	: 3			
Operating Environment		Temperature :-15 ~ 40°C							
			Humidity: 20	0 ~ 90% RH (Non-cor	ndensation)				
				Altitude <1000m					
Installatio	n Method		F	lange / Support Legs					
Certific	cations			CE					

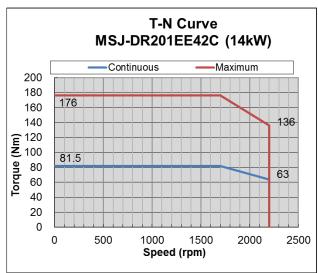
		MSJC									
Model	Model		IR201EE42	IR201IE42	OR202DE42	LR202FE42	IR203CE42	OR264FE48	IR265CE48	IR266IE48	
Pr01-35 Motor ID#		217	219	221	223	225	227	229	231	ТВА	
Voltage			380V								
Rated Output Power	kW	10	14	18	23	25	32	45	52	68	
# of Poles	<u> </u> 					8					
Rated Torque	Nm	58	83	103	120	159	180	240	295	385	
Maximum Torque	Nm	112	155	208	215	336	320	365	455	695	
Rated Speed	rpm	1700	1700	1700	1800	1500	1700	1800	1700	1700	
Maximum Speed *1	rpm	2150	2150	2150	2250	1950	2150	2250	2150	2150	
Rated Current	Α	23	32.8	42.1	46.7	55.9	70	96.5	115	149	
Torque Constant	Nm/A	2.52	2.53	2.45	2.57	2.85	2.6	2.49	2.57	2.58	
Voltage Constant	V/krpm	171	171	180	171	192	177	175	182	190	
Phase Resistance	ohm	0.673	0.396	0.319	0.271	0.232	0.148	0.088	0.074	0.047	
Inductance	mH	8.584	6.218	4.663	3.995	3.636	2.740	2.385	2.305	1.721	
Rotor Moment of Inertia	kg-m²	7.4 x10 ⁻³	9.6 x10 ⁻³	11.6 x10 ⁻³	13.8 x10 ⁻³	18.0 x10 ⁻³	19.1 x10 ⁻³	41.6 x10 ⁻³	50.5 x10 ⁻³	61.4 x10 ⁻³	
Weight	kg	46	53	59.5	67.5	83.6	85	134	152	171	
Frame	mm			200	x 200				264 x 264		
Insulation Cl	ass	Class F (Winding Class H)									
Protection Cl	ass	IP54									
Efficiency Cl	ass	IE3 / GB30253-2013 (Chinese Standard on Minimum Allowable Values of Energy Efficiency and Energy Efficiency Grades)									
Cooling Meth	nod	Fan Cooling (AC Fan 220V _{AC})									
Encoder		Resolver 2 Poles									
	Motor Temperature										
Protection				PTC temper	ature protectio	n <mark>*²</mark> and KTY8	4-130 temper	ature sensor*3	3		
Operating Enviro	Operating Environment					erature: -15 ~		,			
					Humidity 20 ~	90% RH (Nor Altitude <1000		n)			
Installation Me	ethod					ge / Support I					
					Fidii	CE	-cys				
Certifications						OE .					

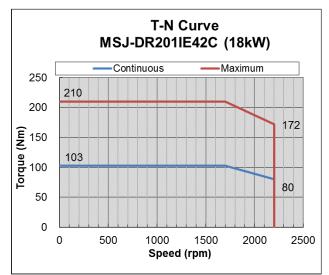
^{*1:} This chart states the maximum operation speed of a motor with no field-weakening control.

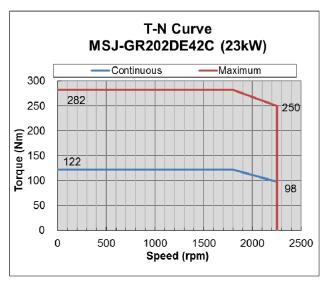
- *2: Set up PTC type Pr02-11 =2 to use PTC130 as temperature protection.
- *3: Users are required to set up the parameter Pr02-09 PTC Level (factory setting: 130 °C) when using the KTY84-130 temperature sensor (PTC type Pr02-11 =1) for motor overheating protection.
- *4: Delta reserves the right to revise specifications without prior notice.

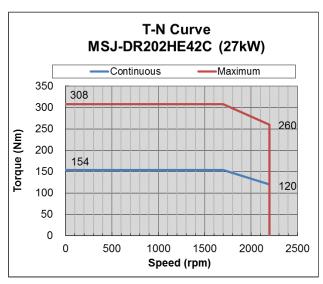
C-4 Torque - Rotation characteristic curve

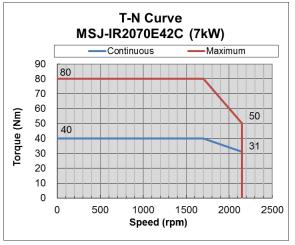


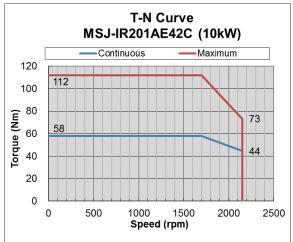


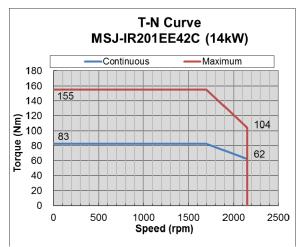


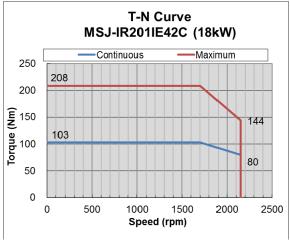


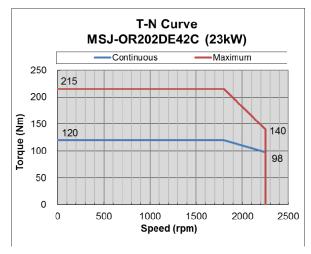


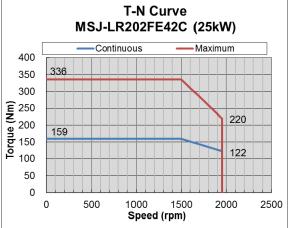


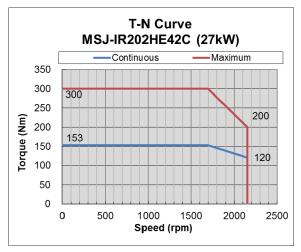


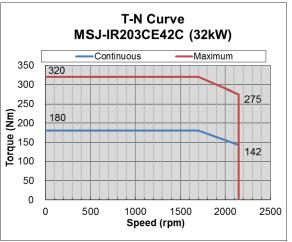


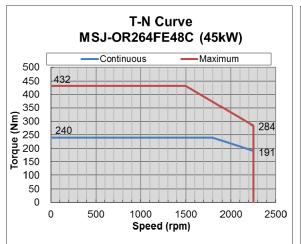


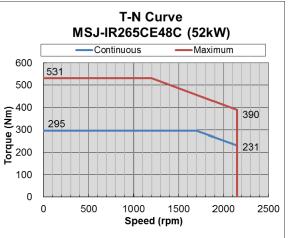


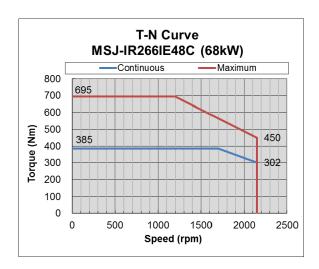






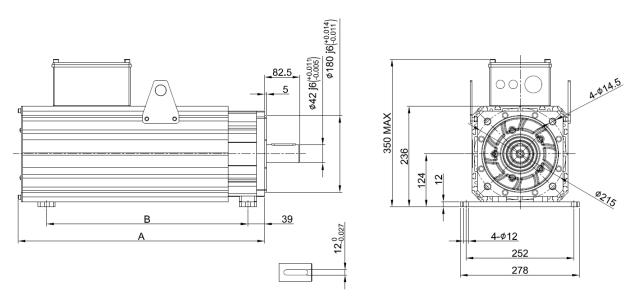






C-5 Product Appearance and Dimensions

C-5-1: Frame 200

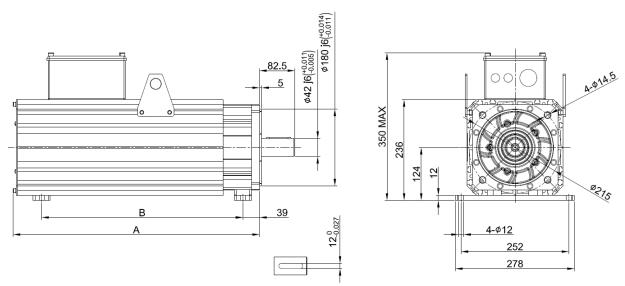


D.A.	odol		c			
IVI	odel	DR201AE42	DR201EE42	DR201IE42	GR202DE42	DR202HE42
Α	mm	381	417	453	489	575
В	mm	285	310	350	395	470

^{*}Note: Size of Model B can be customized according to your requirement.

380V:

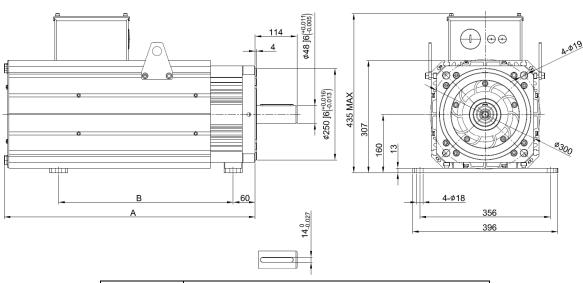
C-5-2: Frame 200



N/I	odel			MSJ	c		
IVI	ouei	IR201AE42	IR201EE42	IR201IE42	OR202DE42	LR202FE42	IR203CE42C
Α	mm	381	417	453	489	575	590
В	mm	285	310	350	395	470	470

^{*} Note: Size of Model B can be customized according to your requirement.

C-5-3: Frame 264

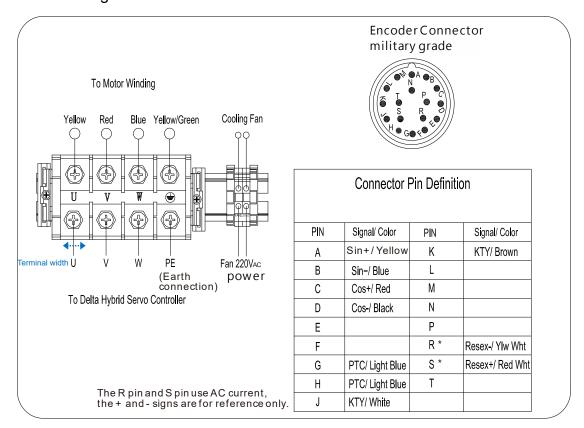


Model		MS	_c	
		OR26 4FE48	IR26 5CE48	IR26 6IE48C
Α	mm	577	631	684
В	mm	370	423	476

^{*}Note: Size of Model B can be customized according to your requirement.

C-6 Wiring of Servo Oil Pump

C-6-1: Wiring Box of 220V & 380V



C-6-2: Recommended Wiring Size and Temperature Rating

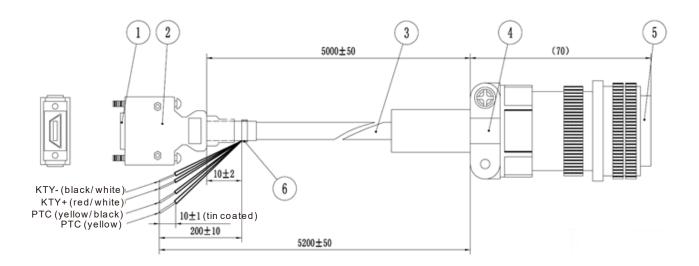
220V:

Model		MSJC								
		DR201AE42	DR201EE42	DR201IE42	GR202DE42	DR202FE42				
Minimum	AWG	6	5	4	3	2				
Wiring Size	mm²	13.5	17	21	27	35				
*Must use copper wires of temperature rating 90°C for installation.										

						MSJ	с			
Mod	el	IR2070E42	IR201AE42	IR201EE42	IR201IE42	OR202DE42	LR202FE42, IR202HE42	IR203CE42	OR264FE48, IR265CE48	IR266IE48
Minimum	AWG	10	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Wiring Size	mm²	5.3	8.5	10.5	13.5	17	21	27	35	45
	*Must use copper wires of temperature rating 90°C for installation.									

C-6-3: Encoder Cable (CBHE-E5M)

220V & 380V:



4	SCSI(MDR) Plug
	<drive side=""></drive>
2	MDR Shell with SCSI
	terminal
3	Cable
4	Strain Relief
5	Military Connector
	<motor side=""></motor>
6	Cable Tie